### Jackpotting mobile apps<sup>1</sup> Christian G. Papathanasiou

#### Disclaimer

No services or products were obtained fraudulently during the course of this research. No intention to 'permanently deprive'.

I do not represent my employer. Views and research completely my own and performed in my own personal time.

Chatham house rules.. i.e, I did not tell you any of this..

#### About me

Christian G. Papathanasiou

Penetration Testing Service Delivery Manager @ a UK Financial Services organization

Co-founded AthCon – the first highly technical Information Security conference in Greece

Presented at thought leading Info Sec conferences such as DEF CON & Black Hat.

MSc Info Sec / MEng Chem Eng

#### **Interests**

- Mobile App Sec
- I run a 'botnet' © (of autonomous equities trading agents news / event driven strategies using kernel bypass techniques to minimise latency). Am I the only one out there?

#### Before we start

For those of you in here with an Android phone:

Download NeoReader from Google Play. You'll need this to scan a QR code later in this presentation ©

#### App sec vulnerabilities

- Generally speaking we have become 'pretty' good at Application Security when applied to 'conventional' platforms.
  - SSDLC
    - · Both manual and auto dynamic/static analysis of source code
    - · Black box pentesting
  - Pre go-live and iterated upon major change
- We know where vulnerabilities lie, we know how to hunt for them..



<script> alert ("xss")</script>

#### Mobile App Sec vulns

- What about mobile?
  - Abstracted UI's
  - You're not meant to see the soft squidgy undercoat.
  - All pretty graphics
  - Same can be said of PC's. But you can dig under the covers with the press of a couple of buttons. Not so easy on majority of phones.
    - Various loops/hurdles iOS: jailbreak, root, cydia etc to install terminal. Android Install terminal, root devie (ROM?, priv esc in kernel?) On Linux 3.0?

#### Developers

In the M-World developers no longer seem to care. If it's not exposed, you can't tinker with it, why they say should it be protected?



#### Common vulnerabilities seen?

- Reliance on plaintext .xml files or sqlite for storage of server-side credentials, pricing data, royalty points etc.
- Insecure storage of pricing data
- Insecure transmission of pricing data (with no retailer server side validation)
  - Retailers only get a callback from payment processor saying that payment has been approved however, no validation of was price quoted == price paid.

#### Jackpotting

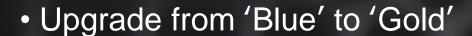
Obtaining services or products for free as a result of manipulating application controls

We stipulate that a hypothetical international fugitive hacker needs the following basic needs for survival:

- Airfare
- Money
- Food...

We shall now examine how our hypothetical fugitive hacker would go about meeting these basic needs by exploiting mobile app vulnerabilities

British airways app on Android



- Want to upgrade to 1A with no additional cost?
- Want to join priority boarding?
- Print your own boarding pass with 'Frank Abagnale' as name?
- Want to use British Airways First Class Lounge 'Concorde Room'?

British airways app on Android Upgrade from 'Blue' to 'Gold'

Just change this file:

/data/data/com.ba.mobile/files
club ID>/logindetails.xml

```
<CustomerSummary>
  <CustomerName>
     <Title>Mr</Title>
     <FirstName>Chrisitan
     <LastName>Papathanasiou
  </CustomerName>
                               :/DateOfBirth>
  <DateOfBirth>
  <PreferredEmailAddress>chris@athcon.orq</PreferredEmailAddress>
                            </MembershipNumber>
  <MembershipNumber>
  <MembershipStatus>Active</MembershipStatus>
  <EnrolmentProgrammes>Executive Club</EnrolmentProgrammes>
  <ClubMembershipEndDate>2013-06-30+00:00</ClubMembershipEndDate>
  <AssessmentEndDate>2013-05-08+00:00</AssessmentEndDate>
  <BAMilesBalance>3614</BAMilesBalance>
  <ExecClubTier>Blue</ExecClubTier>
  <ExecClubTierPoints>20</ExecClubTierPoints>
```



Executive Club details

#### Mr Chrisitan Papathanasiou



Blue member 3,614 Avios points 20 Tier Points

Executive Club number: 24435015

Email: chris@athcon.org

Membership year end: 08 May 2013

Card expiry: 30 June 2013

#### British airways app on Android

#### To:

```
<CustomerSummary>
  <CustomerName>
     <Title>Mr</Title>
     <FirstName>Chrisitan</FirstName>
     <LastName>Papathanasiou
  </CustomerName>
  <DateOfBirth>1984-02-10+00:00</DateOfBirth>
  <PreferredEmailAddress>chris@athcon.org</PreferredEmailAddress>
  <MembershipNumber>24435015/MembershipNumber>
  <MembershipStatus>Active</MembershipStatus>
  <EnrolmentProgrammes>Executive Club</EnrolmentProgrammes>
  <ClubMembershipEndDate>2013-06-30+00:00</ClubMembershipEndDate>
  <AssessmentEndDate>2013-05-08+00:00</AssessmentEndDate>
  <BAMilesBalance>36140</BAMilesBalance×📮
  <ExecClubTier>Gold</ExecClubTier><
  <ExecClubTierPoints>20</ExecClubTierPoints>
```

#### As Gold:

- Priority boarding
- Use of 'Concorde Room' Lounge facilities
- Free 'Elemis Spa' massage ☺



Executive Club details

#### Mr Chrisitan Papathanasiou



Gold member 36,140 Avios points 20 Tier Points

Executive Club number: 24435015

Email: chris@athcon.org

Membership year end: 08 May 2013

Card expiry: 30 June 2013

Refresh

Log out

British airways app on Android

### That's great, so how do we issue a Boarding pass?

Once you perform on-line check-in, the app downloads your boarding pass as a .dat file:

Presence of .dat file == boarding pass issued.

Can create fake .dat file

File name Format:

bp\_BA0638\_4GA4RE\_Athens\_2012-07-13.dat

Stored in:

/data/data/com.ba.mobile/files/24435015/bp\_\*
Data is all plaintext





CHRISTIAN
PAPATHANASIOU
BA 0638
to Athens
13 Jul - 06:30

From: **Heathrow (London) Terminal 5** 

· Athono

British airways app on Android
Interesting fields within boarding pass
.dat file:

flightNumber=0638
departureCityName=London
barcodelmage=base64 png array
bookingReference=4GA4RE
firstName=Christian
lastName=PAPATHANASIOU
seatRow=7
seatPosition=C
isEligibleForFastTrack=0





CHRISTIAN
PAPATHANASIOU
BA 0638
to Athens
13 Jul - 06:30

From: **Heathrow (London) Terminal 5** 

To: Athono

British airways app on Android Let's completely change this boarding pass (including bar code) flightNumber=0638 departureCityName=London barcodelmage=base64 png array bookingReference=4GA4RE firstName=Frank lastName=Abagnale seatRow=1 seatPosition=A isEligibleForFastTrack=1



Fast track

A Burn Traveller

Gold

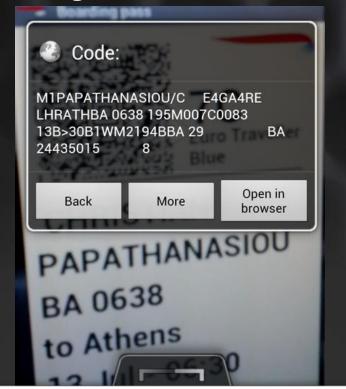
FRANK
ABAGNALE
BA 0638
to Athens
13 Jul - 06:30

From: **Heathrow (London) Terminal 5** 

To: Athon

British airways app on Android

Barcodelmage is a base64 encoded PNG Image of a non-standard Aztec barcode









British airways app on Android

Aztec Code Barcode Generator







**Barcode Properties** 

M1ABAGNALE/F E4GA4RE LHRATHBA 0638 195M007C0083 13B>30B1WM2194BBA 29 BA 24435015 8

Code



**Boarding pass** 



Fast track

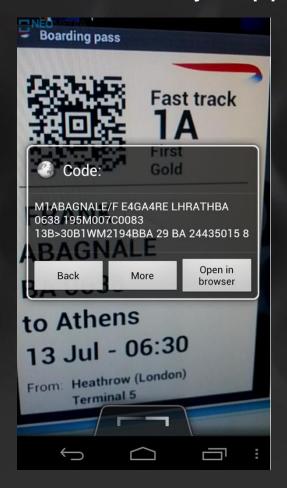
1 A

First
Gold

FRANK
ABAGNALE
BA 0638
to Athens
13 Jul - 06:30

From: Heathrow (London)
Terminal 5

British airways app on Android





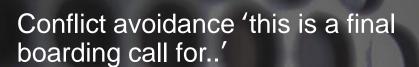


FRANK
ABAGNALE
BA 0638
to Athens
13 Jul - 06:30

From: Heathrow (London)
Terminal 5

Finding idiots whose boarding pass you can spoof is 'easy'





Can be semi automated – root app that dumps plaintext boarding pass into

/data/data/com.ba.mobile/files/<exe c club number>/ to speed issuing

#### Jackpotting Quidco





Carphone Warehouse.

Quidco just announced an app that pays you to check-in to various stores across the UK. Payouts range between £0.05 to £0.50 per check-in.

Uses GPS to determine your location ©

# Jackpotting Quidco GPS Spoofing

#### Iran-U.S. RQ-170 incident

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

On 4 December 2011, an American Lockheed Martin RQ-170 Sentinel unmanned aerial vehicle (UAV) was captured by Iranian forces near the city of Kashmar in northeastern Iran. The Iranian government announced that the UAV was brought down by its Cyber warfare unit which commandeered the aircraft and safely landed it, after initial reports from Western news sources incorrectly claimed that it had been "shot down".<sup>[1]</sup> The US government claims that the UAV malfunctioned and crashed, although the aircraft was later shown on Iranian TV with no apparent damage.<sup>[2]</sup>



U.S. UAV on display on Iranian television 🖆

U.S. officials anonymously admitted that the drone was on a CIA spying mission over Iran when it was captured.<sup>[3]</sup>

Iran is alleged to have used GPS Spoofing to intercept an American RQ-170 Drone. Spoof land Tehran rather than land at US Base.

If GPS spoofing can be used to bring down a drone, it surely can be used to jackpot £0.05 per check-in.

## Jackpotting Quidco GPS Spoofing The hard way

- •How would someone change their GPS coordinates?
- •GPS device is /dev/smd27 serial device which spews GPS NMEA data to tty
- •The sys\_write system call is responsible for relaying to higher layer phone functions the GPS NMEA data that is read from the GPS subsystem

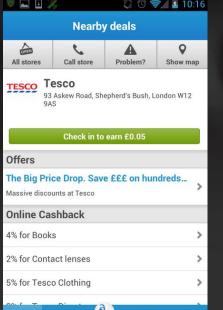
#### Create Linux Kernel Module which:

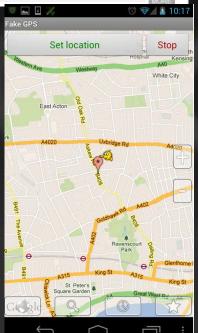
```
if (strstr(buf,"NMEA location 1")) {
  buf = "NMEA location 2";
  return orig_write(fd,buf,count);
  }
```

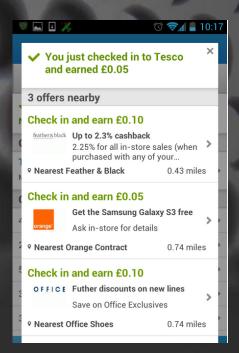
Will always appear to be at Location2 even though at Location 1

# Jackpotting Quidco GPS Spoofing The road warrior









## Jackpotting Quidco GPS Spoofing for mass profit

 Android Emulator has a console interface for sending 'test' events to the phone

```
Android Console: type 'help' for a list of commands

OK

help

Android console command help:

help|h|? print a list of commands

geo Geo-location commands

gsm GSM related commands

cdma CDMA related commands

...

try 'help <command>' for command-specific help

OK
```

ncat localhost 5554

Can fix GPS coordinate of emulator by issuing:

gps fix longditude latitude

Can get long & lat coordinates from Google Maps easily for all stores within Quidco db.

Create python script which recursively sets GPS coordinates

```
import socket
import sys
s = socket.socket(socket.AF INET, socket.SOCK STREAM)
s.connect(('localhost', 5554))
s.sendall('geo fix %s\n' % sys.argv[1])
s.close()
for i in `cat stores`;
./geofix.py $i
./check-in.py
done
```

Food for thought

Application shouldn't allow you to check-in beyond closing hours. I doubt it checks for this though.

Can sleep() to account for 'travel time' checks i.e anti-superman controls – this can be polled from Google Maps (distance between point A-B) sleep() then ./check-in.py profit.



### Why find 'vulnerabilities' when you can introduce them?

Meet Stampfeet. It's a retailer royalty app.

Go to coffee house, buy coffee, present phone, employee enters 4 digit pin, app validates pin w/server side, sends back OK, 'stamps' your royalty card.

After 4-5 stamps = free coffee, doughnut, etc



### Why find 'vulnerabilities' when you can introduce them?

#### Food for thought:

- Decompile app dex2jar, apktool etc, add write pin to plaintext file on sdcard
- Recompile app / deploy on device
- Go back to coffee store
- Hand device to employee who enters PIN.
   This gets saved in plaintext file on sdcard
- Retrieve plaintext PIN, stamp own card 4 times
- Free hacker caffiene kick, doughnuts etc.

#### General lessons learned

Do not monitise based on GPS location. It can be easily spoofed. If you do implement compensating controls (check-ins after business hours disabled, superman detection etc)

Treat your mobile app as a thin client device. All logic and validation should rest server-side.

If static content needs to be displayed e.g, boarding pass why not .pdf and sign / verify signature of boarding pass upon opening to ensure it hasn't been tampered with on device?

## OWASP Top 10 Mobile Security Controls

- 1. Identify and protect sensitive data on the mobile device
- 2. Handle password credentials securely on the device
- 3. Ensure sensitive data is protected in transit
- 4. Implement user authentication, authorization and session management correctly
- 5. Keep the backend APIs (services) and the platform(server) secure
- 6. Secure data integration with third party services and applications
- 7. Pay specific attention to the collection and storage of consent for the collection and use of the user's data
- 8. Implement controls to prevent unauthorised access to paid-for resources (wallet, SMS, phone calls, etc)
- 9. Ensure secure distribution/provisioning of mobile applications
- 10. Carefully check any runtime interpretation of code for errors

### Questions?

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