

Don't Bring A Knife To A Gun Fight: The Hacker Intelligence Initiative



OWASP

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Agenda

- The state of application security
- Studying hackers
 - ▶ Why? Prioritizing defenses
 - ▶ How? Methodology
- Analyzing real-life attack traffic
 - Key findings
- Technical Recommendations





Why Data Security?

DATA IS HACKER CURRENCY



The Underground Markets

Overall Rank			Percentage		
2009	2008	Item	2009	2008	Range of Prices
1	1	Credit card information	19%	32%	\$0.85-\$30
2	2	Bank account credentials	19%	19%	\$15-\$850
3	3	Email accounts	7%	5%	\$1-\$20
4	4	Email addresses	7%	5%	\$1.70/MB-\$15/MB
5	9	Shell scripts	6%	3%	\$2-\$5
6	6	Full Identities	5%	4%	\$0.70-\$20
7	13	Credit card dumps	5%	2%	\$4-\$150
8	7	Mallers	4%	3%	\$4-\$10
9	8	Cash-out services	4%	3%	\$0-\$600 plus 50%-60%
10	12	Website administration credentials	4%	3%	\$2-\$30

Table 5. Goods and services advertised on underground economy servers

Source: Symantec

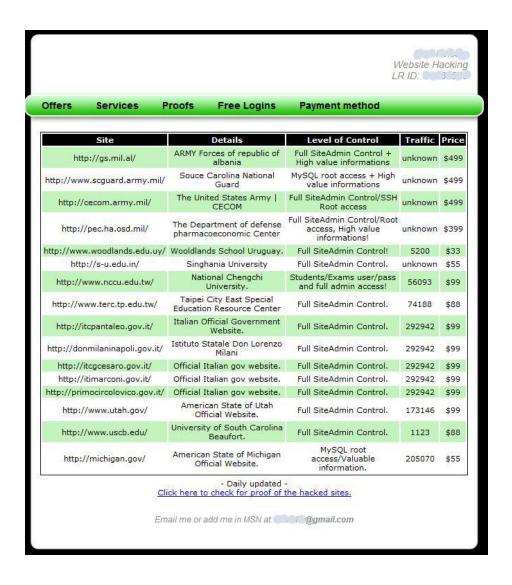


The Underground Markets





Website Access Up for Sale





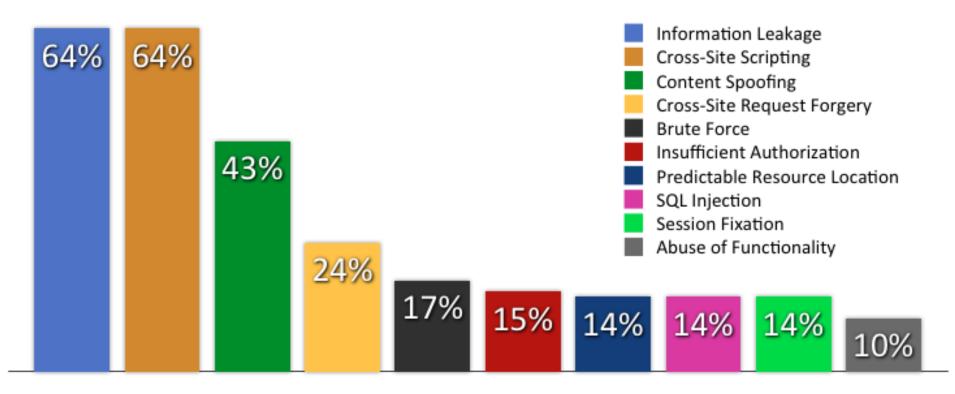
Website Access Up for Sale



THE CURRENT STATE OF WEB APPLICATION SECURITY



WhiteHat Security Top 10 - 2010



Percentage likelihood of a website having <u>at</u> <u>least one</u> vulnerability sorted by class



Situation Today

of websites .

(estimated: July 2011)

: 357,292,065

of

X

vulnerabilities: 230



821,771,600

vulnerabilities in active circulation



Situation Today

of websites (estimated: July 2011)

: 357,292,065

of

 \mathbf{X}

But which will be exploited?

821,771,600

vulnerabilities in active circulation



Studying Hackers

- Focus on actual threats
 - Focus on what hackers want, helping good guys prioritize
 - Technical insight into hacker activity
 - Business trends of hacker activity
 - Future directions of hacker activity
- Eliminate uncertainties
 - Active attack sources
 - Explicit attack vectors
 - Spam content
- Devise new defenses based on real data
 - Reduce guess work





Understanding the Threat Landscape - Methodology

1. Tap into hacker forum



3. Record and monitor hacker activity



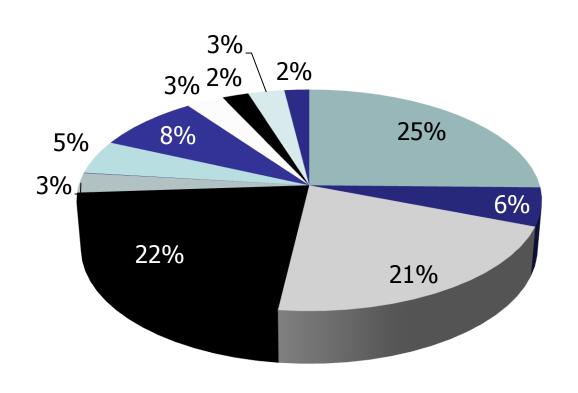


What are Hackers Hacking?

PART I: HACKER FORUMS



General Topics: Hacker Forum Analysis

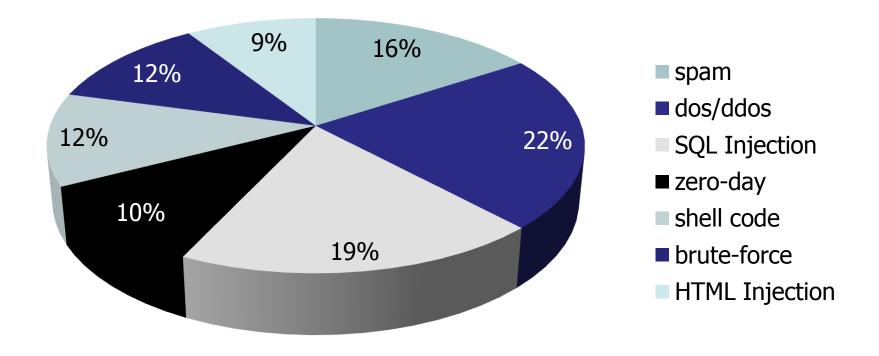


- Beginner Hacking
- Hacking Tutorials
- Website and Forum Hacking
- Hacking Tools and Programs
- Proxies and Socks
- Electronic and Gadgets
- Cryptography

Dates: 2007- 2011



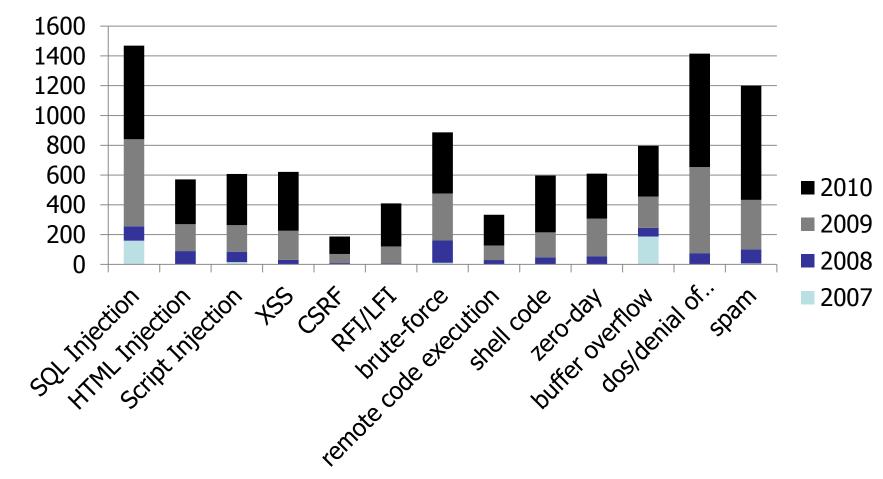
Top 7 Attack Techniques: Hacker Forum Analysis



Dates: July 2010 -July 2011



Growth of Discussion Topics by Year

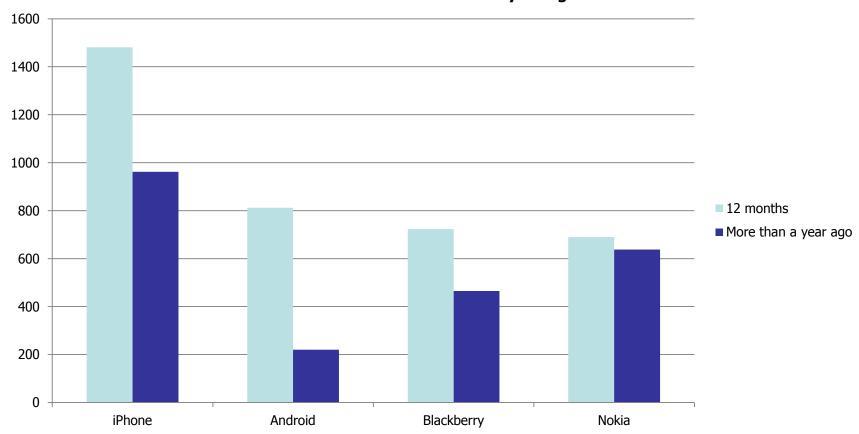


Dates: 2007- July 2010



Mobile (in)Security

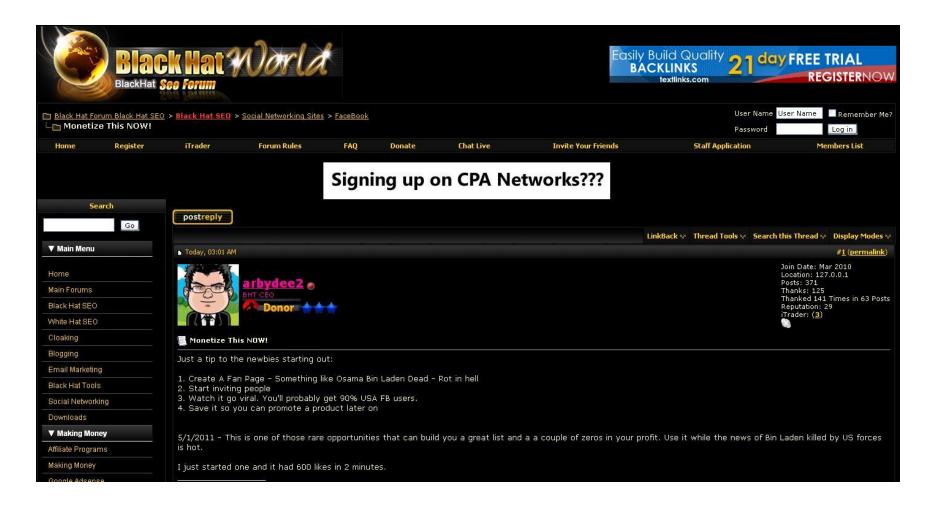
Popularity of Mobile Platform (# Threads) 12 Months vs. More than a year ago



Dates: July 2010-July 2011



Qualitative Analysis



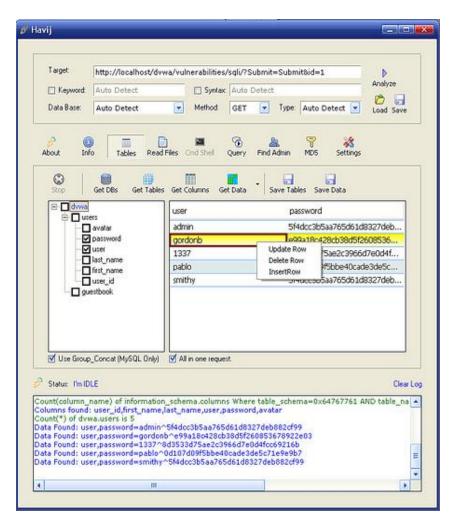


What are Hackers Hacking?

PART II: ATTACK TECHNOLOGIES



Example: SQL Injection Attack Tools



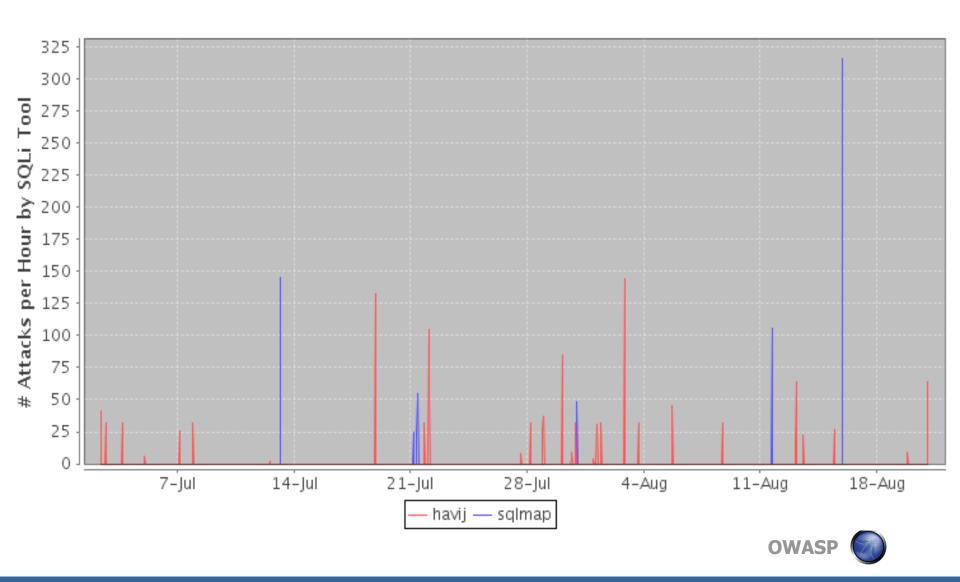
```
Terminal — bash — 115×46
lexander-kornbrusts-macbook-air:sqlmap-0.6.3 alex$ python sqlmap.py -c sqlmap.conf
       sqlmap/0.6.3 coded by Bernardo Damele A. G. <bernardo.damele@gmail.com>
                                                             and Daniele Bellucci <daniele.bellucci@gmail.com>
*] starting at: 11:14:33
     :14:33] [INFO] testing connection to the target url
:14:33] [INFO] testing if the url is stable, wait a few seconds
                          [INFO] testing if GET parameter 'id' is dynamic
[INFO] confirming that GET parameter 'id' is dynamic
                          [INFO] GET parameter M'id' cis dynamications, software and applications more so
[INFO] testing sql injection on GET parameter 'id' with 0 parenthesis
                          [INFO] testing inband sql injection on parameter 'id
                          [INFO] the target url could be affected by an inband sql injection vulnerability
                          [INFO] confirming full inband sql injection on parameter 'id'
                     ] [INFO] the target url is affected by an exploitable full inband sql injection vulnerability:fure (clents, ] [INFO] query: UNION ALL SELECT NULL; [CHR(98)][CHR(101)][CHR(97)][CHR(101)][CHR(87)][CHR(87)][CHR(101)][CHR(67)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR(101)][CHR
  1:14:40] [INFO] query: UNION ALL SELECT NULL, CHR(98)||CHR(101)||CHR(97)||CHR(105)||CHR(87)||CHR(104)||LENGTH(S)
WTE)||CHR(114)||CHR(67)||CHR(121)||CHR(82)||CHR(107)||CHR(75) FROM DUAL-- AND 8879=8879
11:14:48] [INFO] confirming Oracle
11:14:48] [INFO] query: <u>UNIO</u>N ALL SELECT NULL, CHR(98)||CHR(181)||CHR(97)||CHR(185)||CHR(87)||CHR(184)||SUBSTR(()
   SION),1,2)||CHR(114)||CHR(67)||CHR(121)||CHR(82)||CHR(107)||CHR(75) FROM SYS.PRODUCT_COMPONENT_VERSION WHERE ROW
  1:14:40] [INFO] performed 1 queries in 0 seconds
  1:14:48] [INFO] query: UNION ALL SELECT NULL, CHR(98)||CHR(181)||CHR(97)||CHR(185)||CHR(87)||CHR(184)||banner||
K(114)||CHR(67)||CHR(121)||CHR(82)||CHR(187)||CHR(75) FROM v§version WHERE ROWNUM=1-- AND 5991=5991
11:14:40] [INFO] performed 1 queries in 0 seconds
eb application technology: PHP 4.3.11
  ck-end DBMS: active fingerprint: Oracle 11i
```

SQLMap

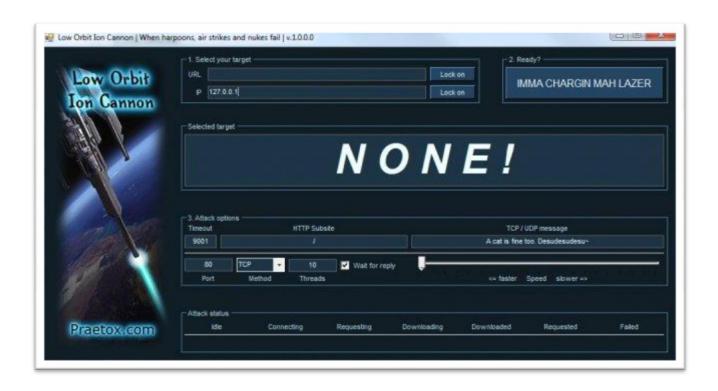




Attacks from Automated Tools



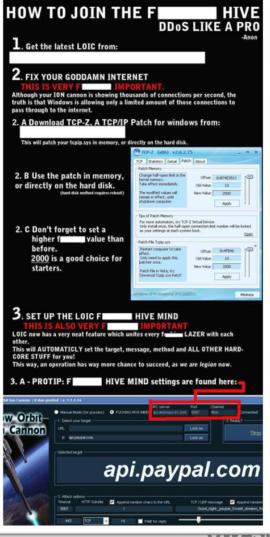
Low Orbit Ion Cannon





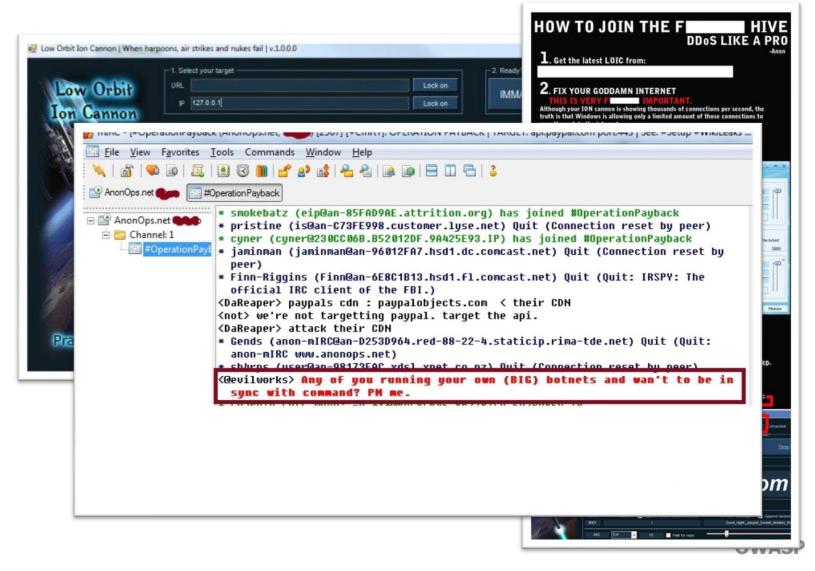
Low Orbit Ion Cannon





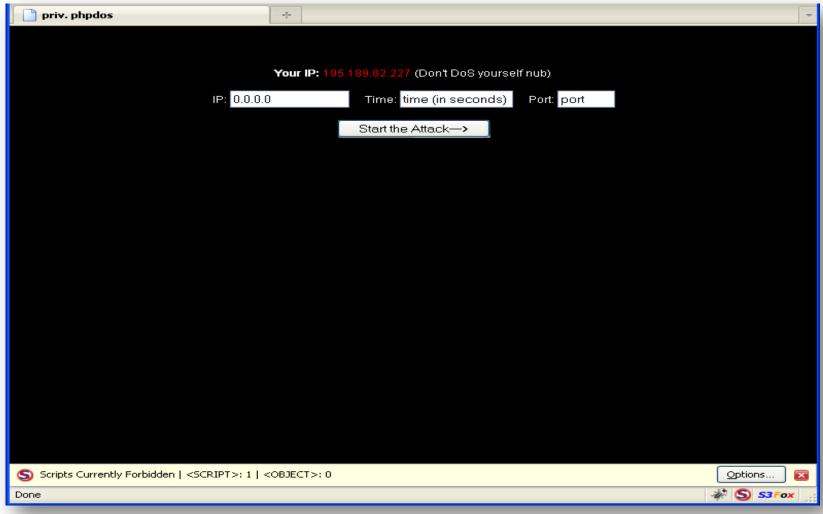


Low Orbit Ion Cannon





DDoS 2.0





DDoS 2.0



1 Compromised Server = 3000 PC- Based Bots



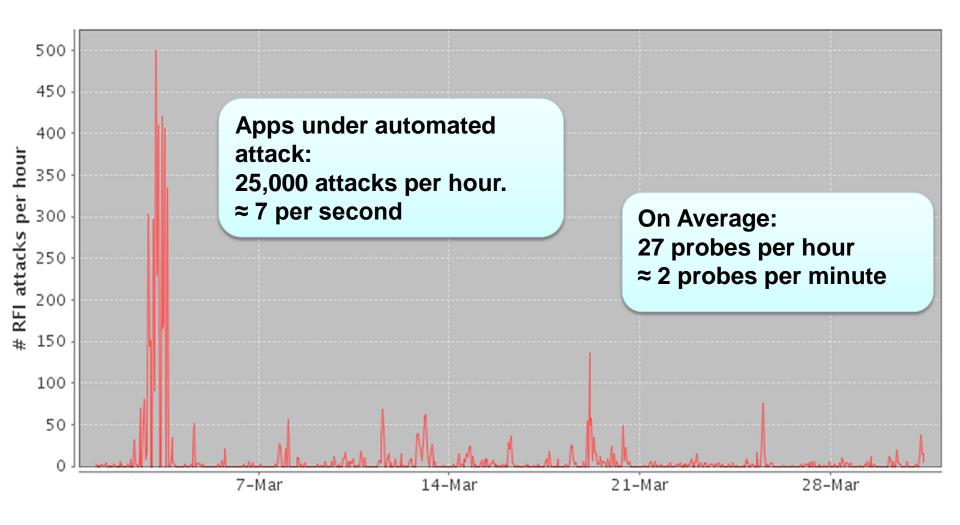


What are Hackers Hacking?

PART III: MONITORING TRAFFIC



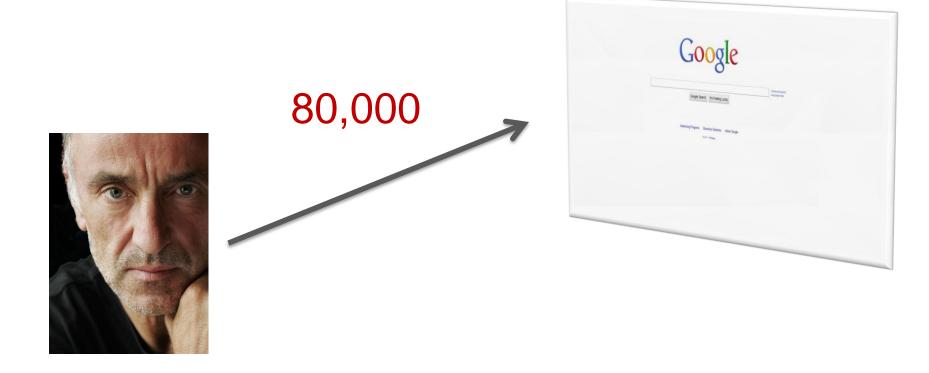
Lesson #1: Automation is Prevailing





Lesson #1: Automation is Prevailing

Example: Google Dorks Campaign

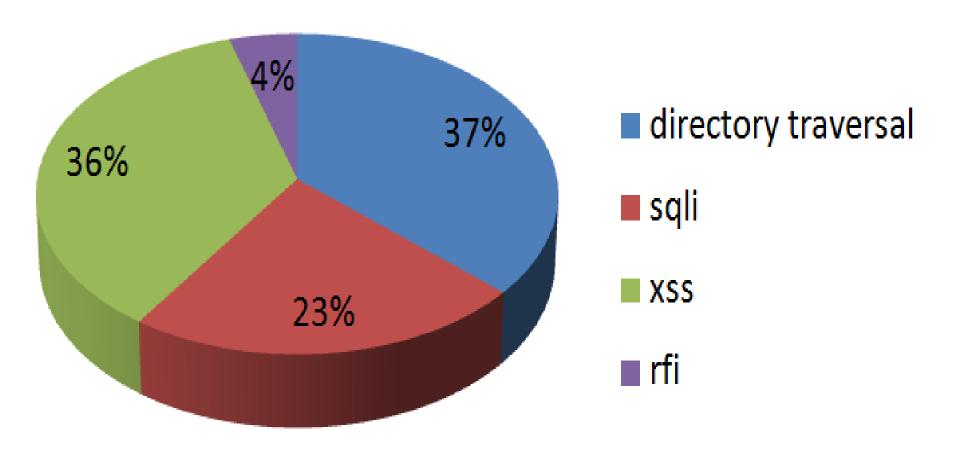




Lesson #1: Automation is Prevailing

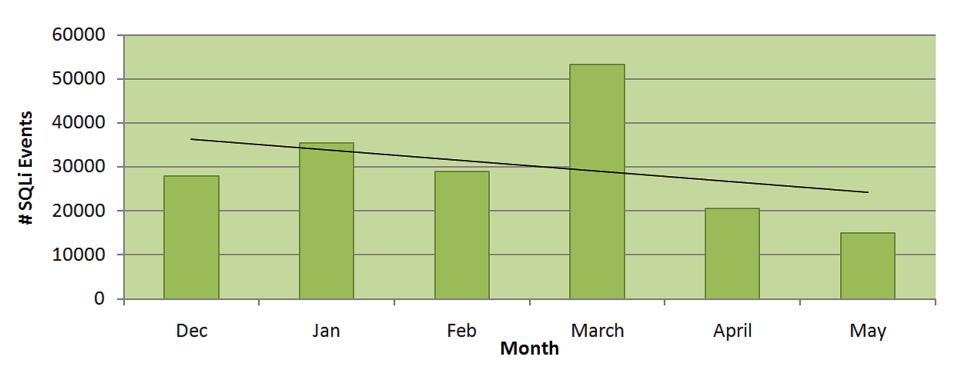


Lesson #2: The Unfab Four





Lesson #2A: The Unfab Four, SQL Injection





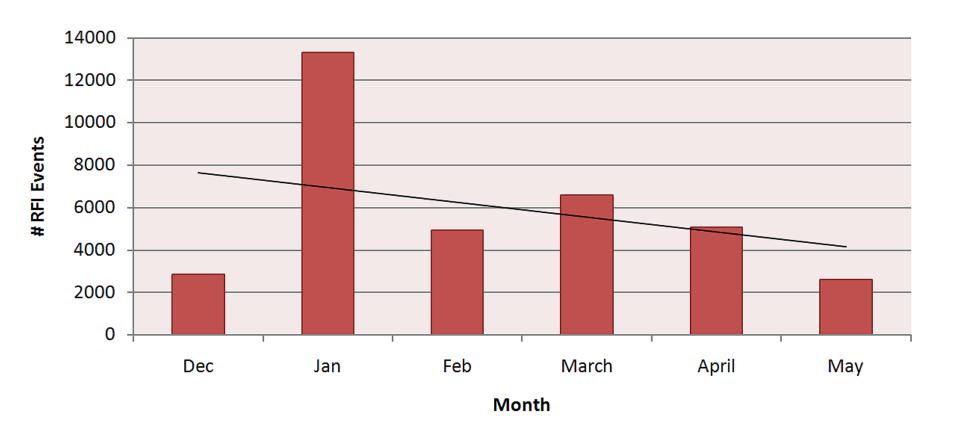
Lesson #2A: The Unfab Four, SQL Injection

		Average	Min	Max	Median	Standard Deviation
Attacks / hour	Since December 2010	53	1	7950	9	197
	Since July	71	1	4937	8	259
Attacks / day	Since December 2010	1093	44	21724	600	1909
	Since July	1589	106	8204	1162	1508

Table 1: Statistics of SQLi occurrences

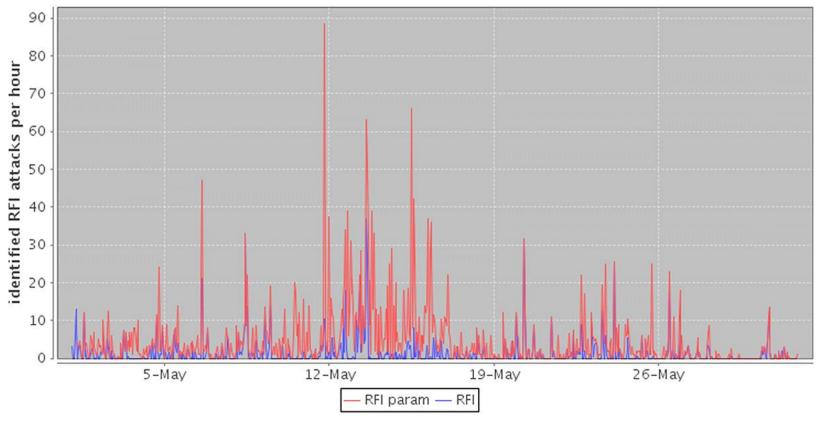


Lesson #2B: The Unfab Four, RFI





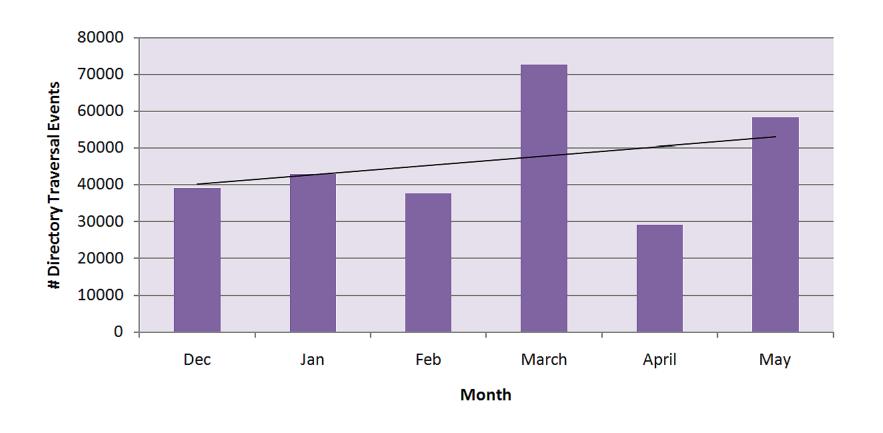
Lesson #2B: The Unfab Four, RFI



Analyzing the parameters and source of an RFI attack enhances common signature-based attack detection.

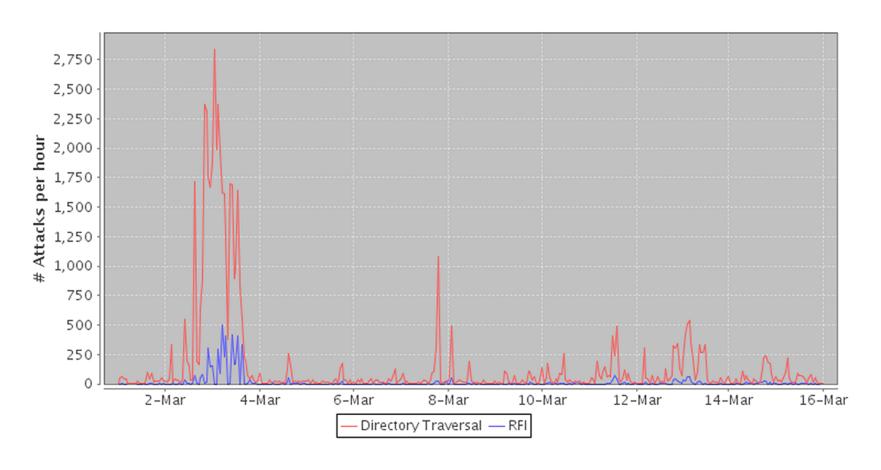
OWASP

Lesson #2C: The Unfab Four, Directory Traversal



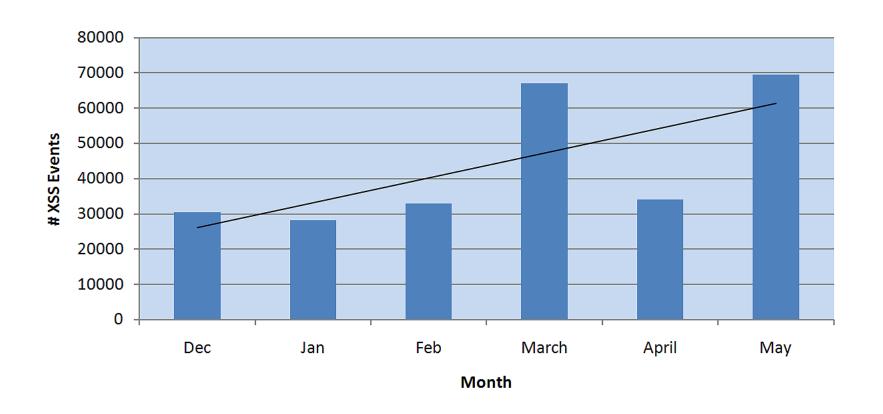


Lesson #2C: The Unfab Four, Directory Traversal



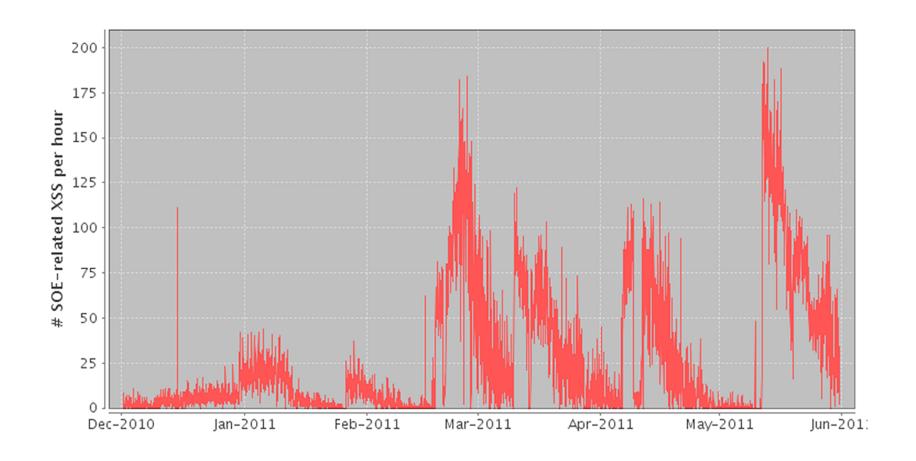


Lesson #2D: The Unfab Four, XSS





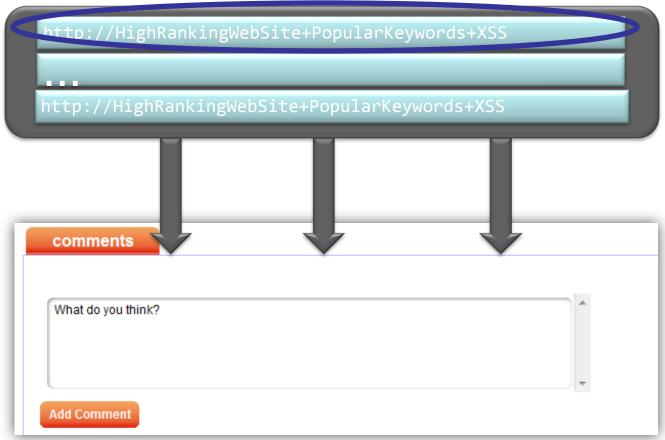
Lesson #2D: The Unfab Four, XSS





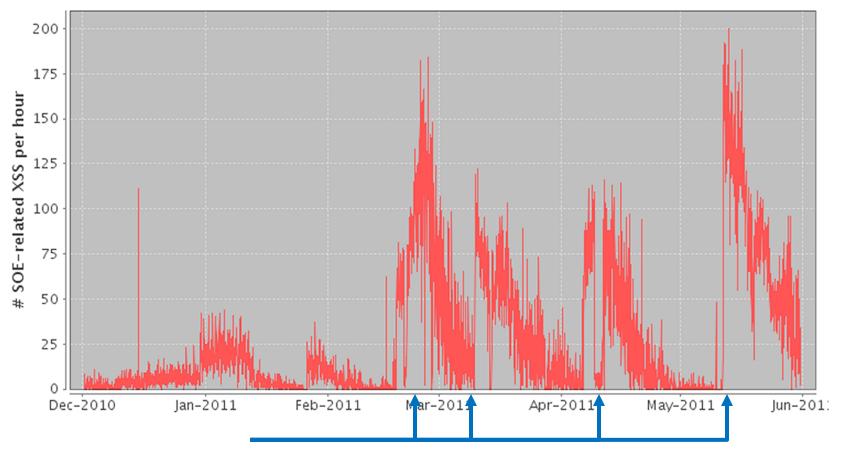
Lesson #2D: The Unfab Four

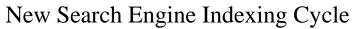
XSS: Zooming into Search Engine Poisoning





Lesson #2D: The Unfab Four, XSS







LulzSec Activity Samples

Addressing the public on Thursday, LulzSec said that a single SQL Injection flaw <u>led</u> them to more than one million clear text passwords, 3.5 million "music coupon" codes and 75,000 "music codes".

Tool #1: Remote File Include

The relevant snippet from the chat log (emphasis ours):

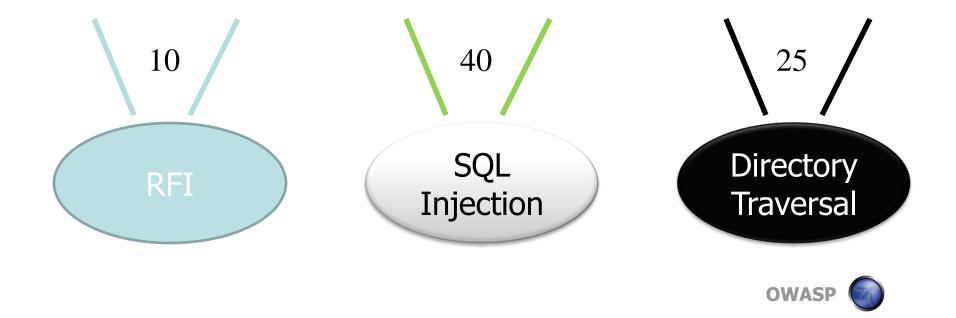
lol - storm would you also like the RFI/LFI bot with google bypass i was talking about while i have this plugged in?,

lol - i used to load about 8,000 RFI with usp flooder crushed most server :D

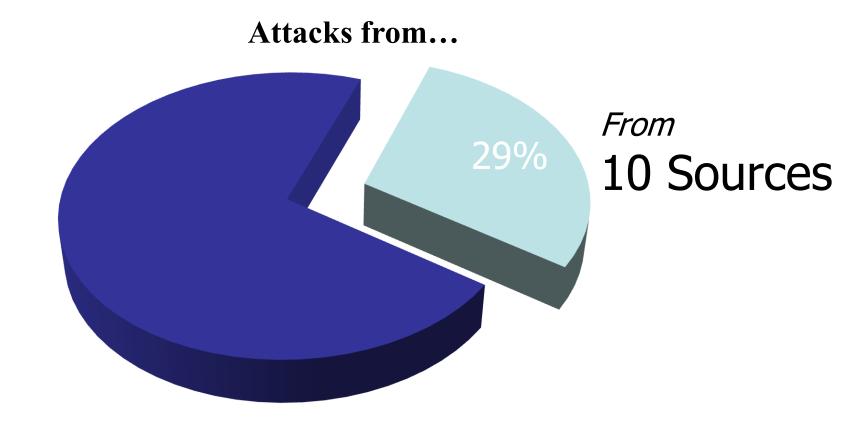
In 2009, a XSS vulnerability was found on the Sun website. A LulzSec member found an old server still online and running an old version of the newspaper website being still vulnerable to the same attack! Once pwned, this server was used as a jump-host to go deeper into the infrastructure. Finally the content management system used to publish the breaking news was also pwned: A simple line of JavaScript code injected in all published news was enough to redirect all the visitors to the fake page hosted somewhere else.

Lesson #3: Repeating Offenders

■ The average number of attacks a single host initiated



Lesson #3: Repeating Offenders





MITIGATION

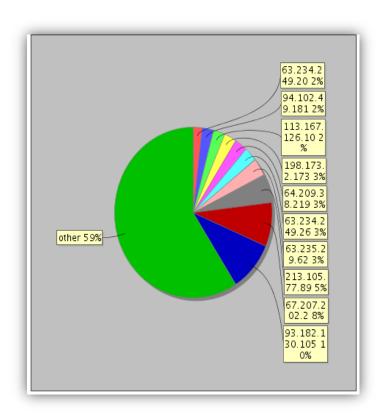


Step 1: Dork Yourself (for SQL injection)

- Put detection policies in place (using the data source monitoring solution) to depict move of sensitive data to public facing servers.
- Regularly schedule "clean ups". Every once in a while, a clean-up should be scheduled in order to verify that no sensitive data resides in these publicly accessible servers.
- Periodically look for new data stores that hold sensitive data. Tools exist today to assist in the task of detecting database servers in the network and classifying their contents.



Step 2: Create and deploy a blacklist of hosts that initiated attacks



- Blacklisting of: compromised servers, botnet Command and Control (C&C) servers, infected devices, active spam sources, crawlers to acquire intelligence on malicious sources and apply it in real time
- Participate in a security community and share data on attacks
 - Some of the attacks' scanning is horizontal across similar applications on the internet.
- Sort traffic based on reputation
- Whitelisting of: legitimate search engine bots, aggregators



Step 3: Use a WAF to detect/block attacks



- Can block many attacks
- Relatively easy
- Can accelerate SDLC
- Not all WAFs created equal

WAFs in Reality

The following table details the summary of the results from both tests:

Title	Weight	Barracuda 660	Citrix NetScaler	DenyAll rWeb	F5 ASM	Imperva SecureSphere	ModSecurity	SourceFire 3D	Unnamed IPS
Solution Type		WAF	WAF	WAF	WAF	WAF	WAF	IPS	IPS
Blocking Accuracy: Baseline Tuned	75%	64.71%	78.15%	60.50%	84.87%	88.24%	36.97%	16.81%	26.05%
Blocking Accuracy: DAST (NTODefend)	75%	N/A*	N/A*	78.15%	N/A*	89.08%	75.63%	82.35%	80.67%
Setup Time:	5%	70	70	70	50	60	70	70	60
# Hours		3	3	3	5	4	3	3	4
Custom Filter Capabilities:	20%	100	85	85	100	100	85	85	85
Supported	50	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Graphical Interface	15	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Advanced Syntax Or Regex	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
DAST Integration	20	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Calculated Score: Baseline Tuned		72	79	66	86	89	48	33	40
Calculated Score: DAST (NTODefend)		N/A*	N/A*	79	N/A*	90	77	82	81
Grade: Baseline Tuned		C-	C+	D	В	B+	F	F	F
Grade: DAST (NTODefend)		N/A*	N/A*	C+	N/A*	A-	C+	B-	B-

^{*} These solutions are not yet supported by NTODefend so that test was not able to conduct test

Figure 6

WAFs in Reality

The following table details the summary of the results from both tests:

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						SecureSphere			
Solution Type		WAF	WAF	WAF	WAF	WAF	WAF	IPS	IPS
Blocking Accuracy: Baseline Tuned	75%	64.71%	78.15%	60.50%	84.87%	88.24%	36.97%	16.81%	26.05%
Blocking Accuracy: DAST (NTODefend)	75%	N/A*	N/A*	78.15%	N/A*	89.08%	75.63%	82.35%	80.67%
Setup Time:	5%	70	70	70	50	60	70	70	60
# Hours		3	3	3	5	4	3	3	4
Custom Filter Capabilities:	20%	100	85	85	100	100	85	85	85
Supported	50	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Graphical Interface	15	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
Advanced Syntax Or Regex	15	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
DAST Integration	20	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Calculated Score: Baseline Tuned		72	79	66	86	89	48	33	40
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Grade: DAST (NTODefend)		N/A*	N/A*	C+	N/A*	A-	C+	B-	B-
* Th									

^{*} These solutions are not yet supported by NTODefend so that test was not able to conduct test

Figure 6

Step 4: WAF + Vulnerability Scanner

"Security No-Brainer #9:
Application Vulnerability Scanners
Should Communicate with
Application Firewalls"

—Neil MacDonald, Gartner

Source: http://blogs.gartner.com/neil macdonald/2009/08/19/security-no-brainer-9-application-vulnerability-scanners-should-communicate-with-application-firewalls



Step 4: WAF + Vulnerability Scanner

- Apply SecureSphere policies based on scan results
- Monitor attempts to exploit known vulnerabilities
- Fix and test vulnerabilities on your schedule















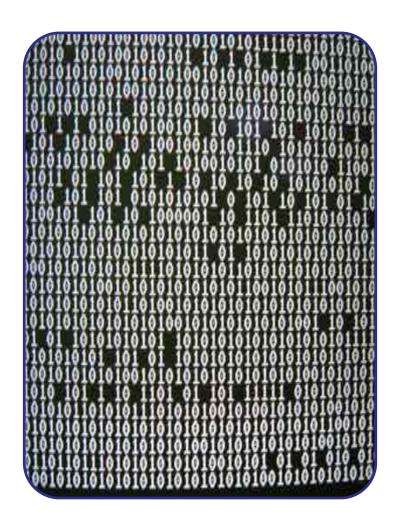
Step 5: Stop Automated Attacks



- Detecting protocol anomalies even if they are not considered malicious
- Slowing down an attack is most often the best way to make it ineffective (e.g. CAPTCHA, computational challenges)
- Feed the client with bogus information (e.g hidden links)



Step 6: Code Fixing



- Positives:
 - Root cause fixed
 - Earlier is cheaper

- Issues
 - Expensive, time consuming.
 - Never-ending process.



Summary: The Anti-Hack Stack

Dork Yourself

Blacklist

WAF

WAF + VA

Stop Automated
Attacks

Code Fixing



QUESTIONS?



THANK YOU!

