



OWASP

The Open Web Application Security Project

PROXY BASED ASSERTION

<https://www.owasp.org/index.php/Proxyassertion>



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About me

- Over a decade in the IS field
- Don't have time to publish many articles.. Sorry..
- CISSP-ISSAP, CCSK, Certified Systems Analyst, CCSE, CCSA,....
- My creed: base your decisions on in-depth knowledge but THINK before you allow or cancel an architectural design and use security that works (effective) in terms of mitigating security risks
- I did NOT invent proxy based assertion (PBA)

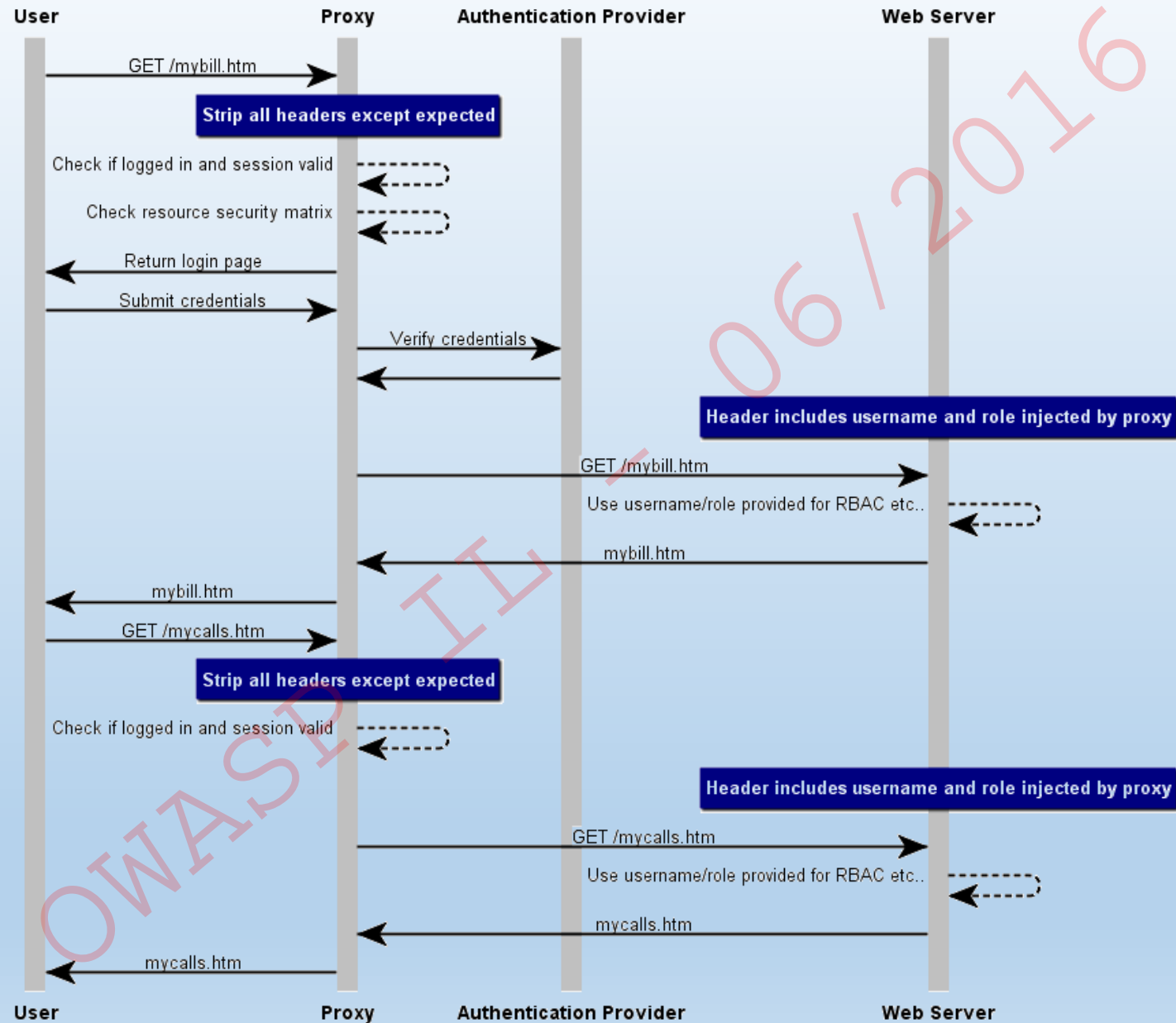




Proxy based assertion (PBA)

- All communications traverse's the proxy
- The proxy reads needed http headers (e.g. cookies) and strips them
- Proxy examines target permissions matrix (if needed) to conclude
 - Destination is anonymous access only
 - Destination is secure access only
 - Destination is mixed access
- For non anonymous destinations: authenticate the user, inject assertion headers (username, role/for anonymous only: anon, anon)
- Log and pass-thru to target
- Other architectural designs also possible

PBA - Proxy Based Assertion



Headers from client

- **GET** http://www.areyoureallyreadingthis.com/mybill.htm HTTP/1.1
- Host: www.areyoureallyreadingthis.com
- Proxy-Connection: keep-alive
- User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/51.0.2704.84 Safari/537.36
- Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
- Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, sdch
- Accept-Language: en,he;q=0.8
- **Cookie:** ses=5sdfg199sdfghsvb4fg548fgh02;
SID=YAP838OHjhjkgb7M3znWLsp6XbWRm3h-U6WFA9flGjDXhP5-zgJ6hUVQ
- ASSRT: U=Alice; R=CSR

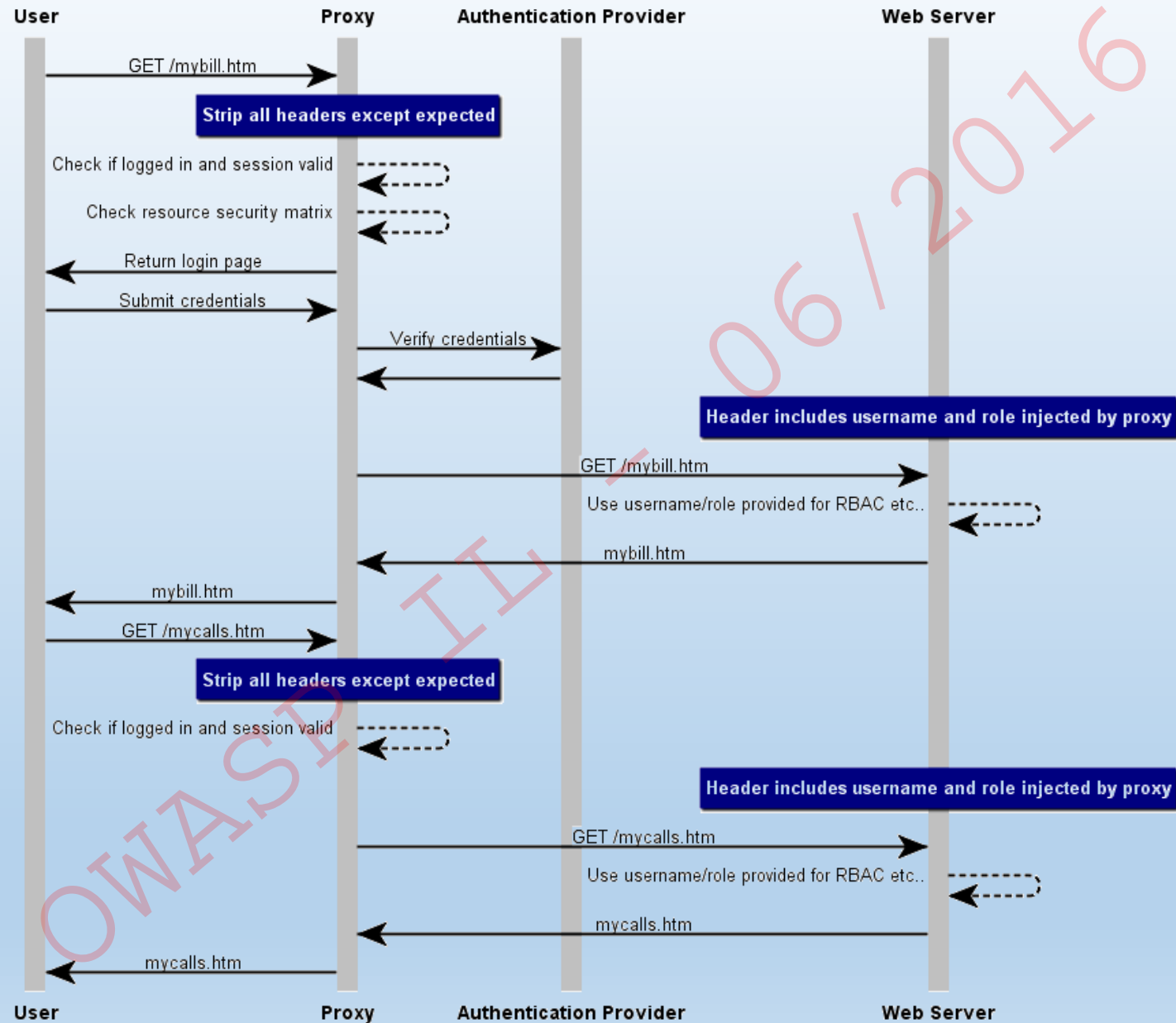
Proxy action on GET

- **GET** http://www.areyoureallyreadingthis.com/mybill.htm HTTP/1.1
- ~~Host: www.areyoureallyreadingthis.com~~
- ~~Proxy-Connection: keep-alive~~
- User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/51.0.2704.84 Safari/537.36
- Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
- Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, sdch
- Accept-Language: en,he;q=0.8
- **Cookie:** ses=5sdfg199sdfghsvb4fg548fgh02;
SID=YAP838OHjhjkgb7M3znWLsp6XbWRm3h-U6WFA9flGjDXhP5-zgJ6hUVQ
- ~~ASSRT: U=Alice; R=CSR~~

Proxy action after validation

- **GET** http://www.areyoureallyreadingthis.com/**mybill.htm** HTTP/1.1
- User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/51.0.2704.84 Safari/537.36
- Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
- Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, sdch
- Accept-Language: en,he;q=0.8
- **Cookie**: **ses**=5sdfg199sdfghsvb4fg548fgh02;
SID=YAP838OHjhjkgb7M3znWLsp6XbWRm3h-U6WFA9flGjDXhP5-zgJ6hUVQ
- **ASSRT**: U=Bob; R=Customer

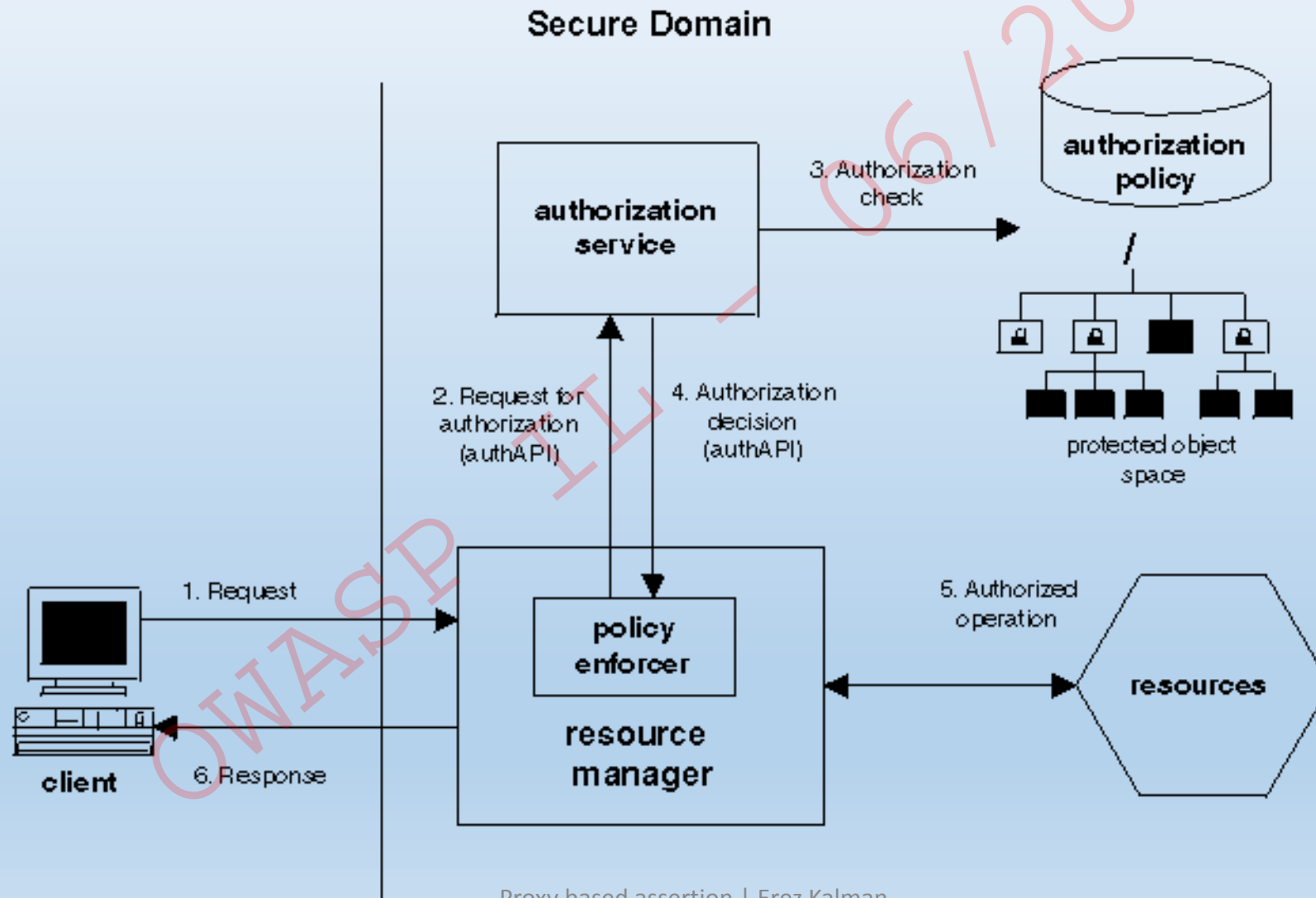
PBA - Proxy Based Assertion



Proxy based assertion (PBA)

- May, obviously, be used with external authority
- Can be implemented using Apache, mod_sec, mod_proxy or off-the-shelf solutions from Oracle, IBM, etc..
- Used WW by large enterprises (Telco's, Banks,...)

IBM WebSEAL Junction



You should still...

- Have multiple layers (defense in depth):
 - Two Firewalls (if possible, one as a bare minimum)
 - WAF
 - Change control for security components
 - SIEM
 - And more..
- OWASP top 10 & SANS 20 recommendations
- TLS 1.2 with client certificate between servers
- Have proper network, and other aspects, secure

What if

nothing exists and we're all in somebody's *dream*?

What if..

- The firewall is misconfigured
 - This would be a network breach, network must be properly engineered
- What if the firewall is breached
 - Use a better firewall 😊
 - Use multiple firewall's from different vendors
- What if the proxy is breached
 - Best practices need to be in place, in any implementation, latest versions (fully patched) must be in place
 - WAF is recommended
 - Use secure repository for credentials
 - Make sure proper hardening is in place including, where possible SELinux / AppArmor
 - FIM is recommended

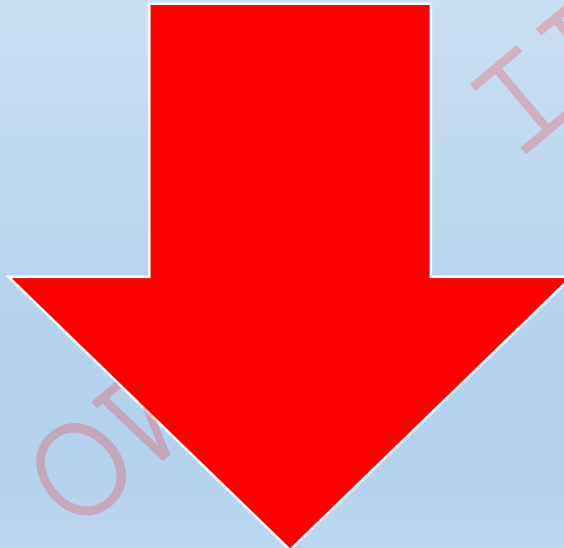
What if..

- A malicious administrator performs ARP poisoning or..
 - This would be a network breach, network must be properly engineered
 - Staff hiring and fraud procedures should handle this...
- Why shouldn't we use SAML ?
 - I am in no way suggesting SAML should not be used!
 - Not all solutions support SAML
 - Proxy can be used for SAML login and achieve SSO
 - SAML has some recurring periodic administrative overhead
 - System to system via SAML is difficult and as such one of the following is usually used
 - No authentication
 - Static username and password
 - Client certificate
 - HMAC
 - PBA is another option – support PBA and no additional method is needed



Pro's

- Low CR cost
- Single management location for authentication methods
- SSO
- Single access point to DC
- Back-ends supporting SAML can continue using SAML
- No recurring periodic process required



Con's

- Not all solutions support header parsing – CR cost (usually very low)
- May open a door for malicious employee's if not properly engineered
- PBA concept is not well known as other techniques, but is widely used WW in large enterprises (banks, telco's,...)
- Proxy and backend systems must be properly secured

Q & A

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תודה
Dankie Gracias
Спасибо شكراً
Merci Takk
Köszönjük Terima kasih
Grazie Dziękujemy Děkojame
Ďakujeme Vielen Dank Paldies
Kiitos Tänname teid 谢谢
Thank You Tak
感謝您 Obrigado Teşekkür Ederiz
Σας ευχαριστούμε 감사합니다
Благодарю Вас
Bedankt Děkujeme vám
ありがとうございます
Tack