



Mastering Session Management

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OWASP

July 23, 2009

The OWASP Foundation

<http://www.owasp.org>

Agenda

- Overview of Sessions
- Threats to Sessions
- Securing Sessions



Overview of Sessions

The What, Why and How
of Sessions

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Purpose of Sessions

■ Sessions

- ▶ Maintain context between requests
- ▶ Compartmentalize different users

Implementing Sessions – Session Tokens

■ Querystring parameters

`http://domain.com?sessionid=jsq9wqoqe`

■ Hidden fields

`<input type=hidden name=sessionid value=jsq9wqoqe>`

■ Cookies

`Set-cookie: sessionid=jsq9wqoqe;domain=domain.com;HTTPOnly`

Implementing Sessions – Passing Session Data

- Pass all session data in parameters

`http://domain.com?user=siva&account=231432&action=modify&role=admin`

Detour - Cookies

■ Session Cookies

- ▶ Stored in memory
- ▶ Cleared when browser is closed
- ▶ Expires attribute left empty

■ Persistent Cookies

- ▶ Stored in the hard drive
- ▶ Stays on client until expiry date
- ▶ Expires attribute assigned a future date

Cookies – Other Attributes of Interest

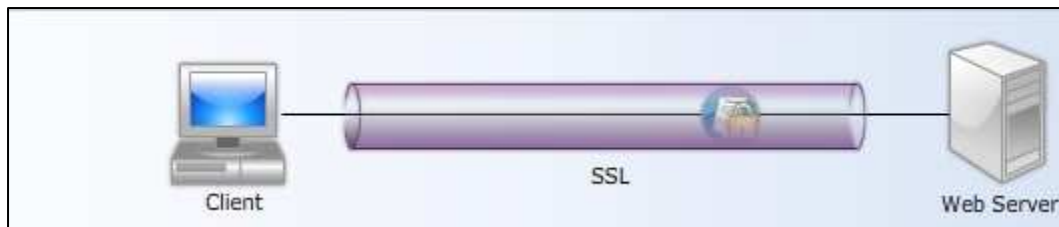
■ HTTPOnly

- ▶ Prevents client side scripts from accessing cookie



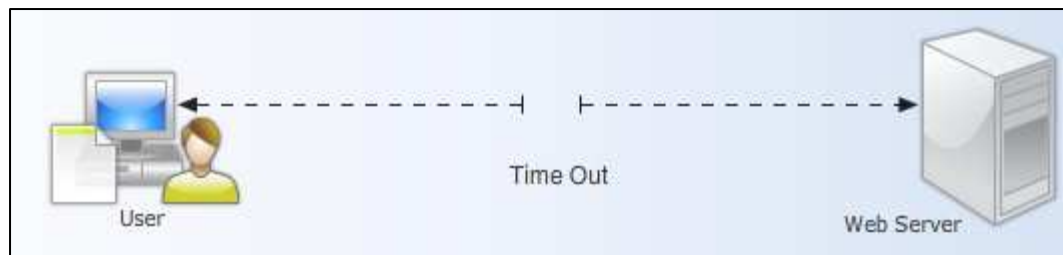
■ Secure

- ▶ Ensures cookie is transmitted over HTTPS
- ▶ Does NOT encrypt cookie contents at rest



Back on Track – Session Timeout

- Automatic termination of session
- Configurable on server or through code





Threats to Sessions

The What and How of Session Attacks

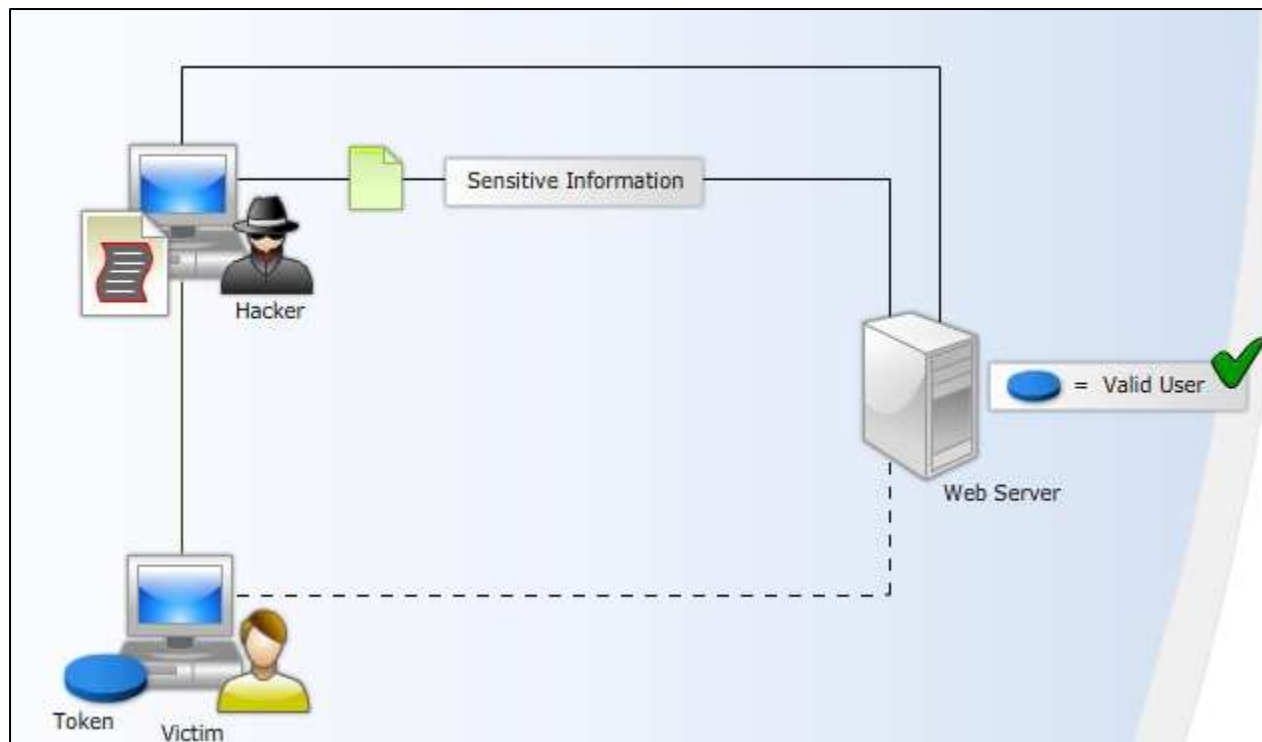
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Session Hijacking

- Break into another user's session

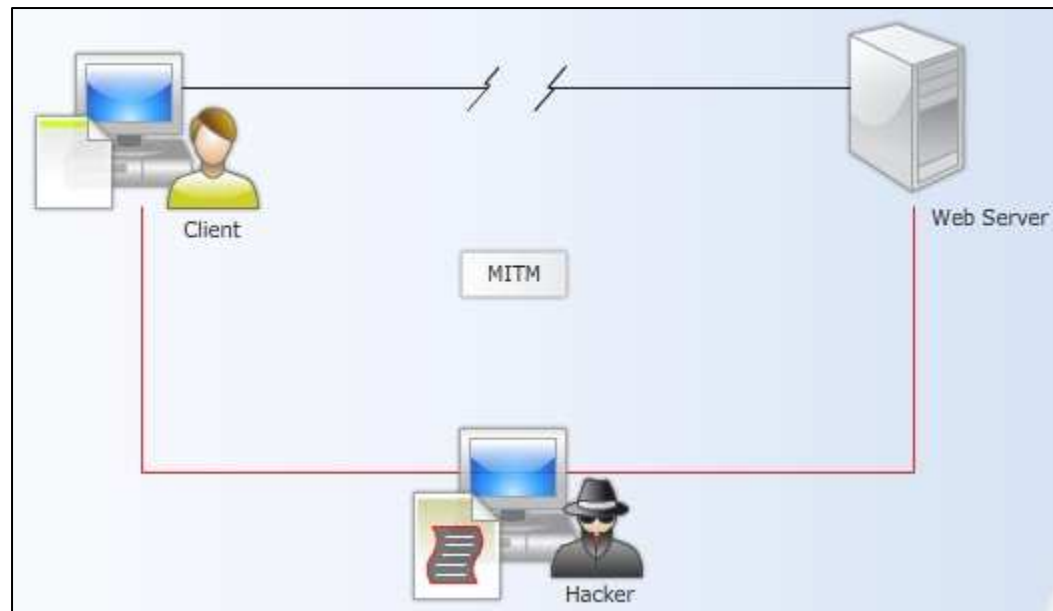


Session Hijacking – How To

- Obtaining valid session id
 - ▶ Interception
 - ▶ Prediction
 - ▶ Fixation

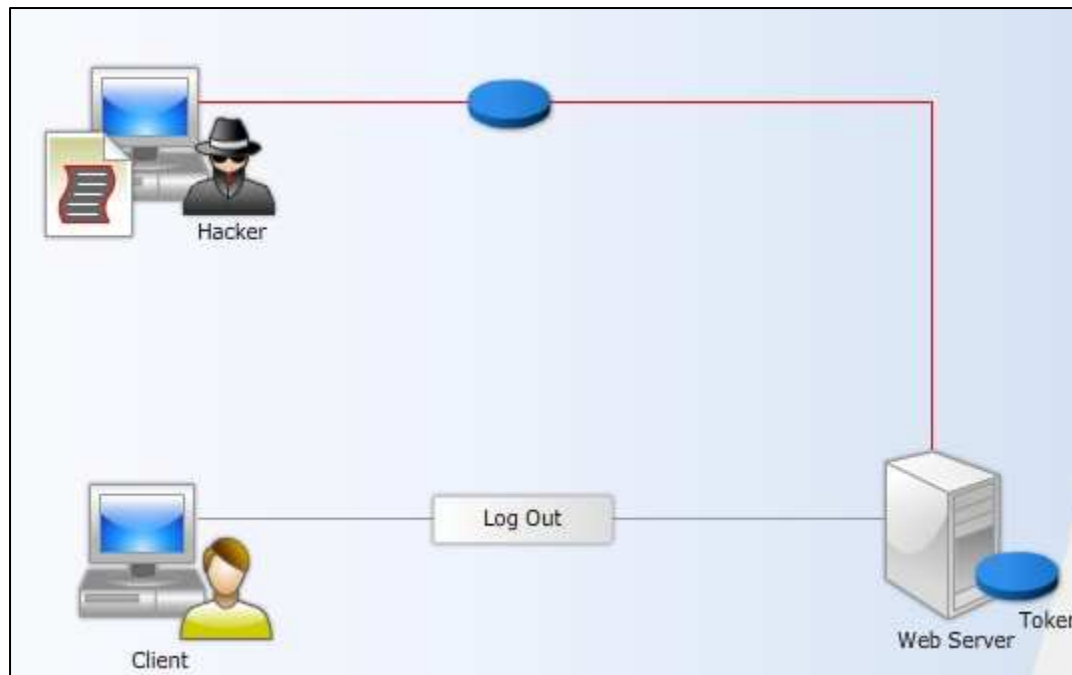
Interception - MITM

■ Man in the middle



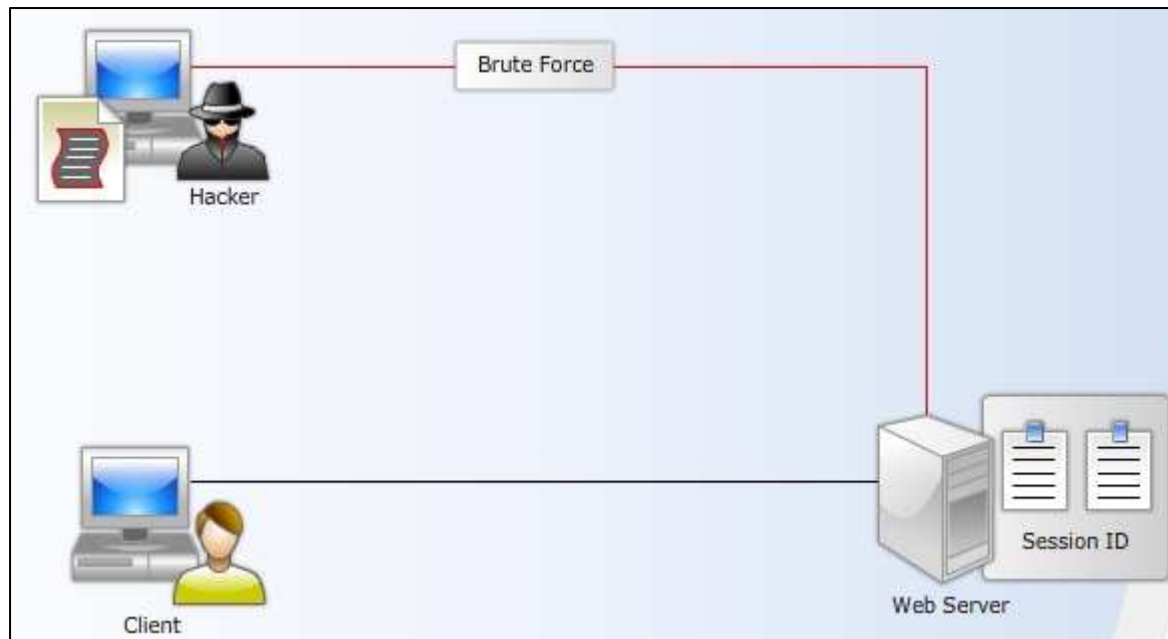
Interception - XSS

- Session ids can be obtained through XSS or other coding issues

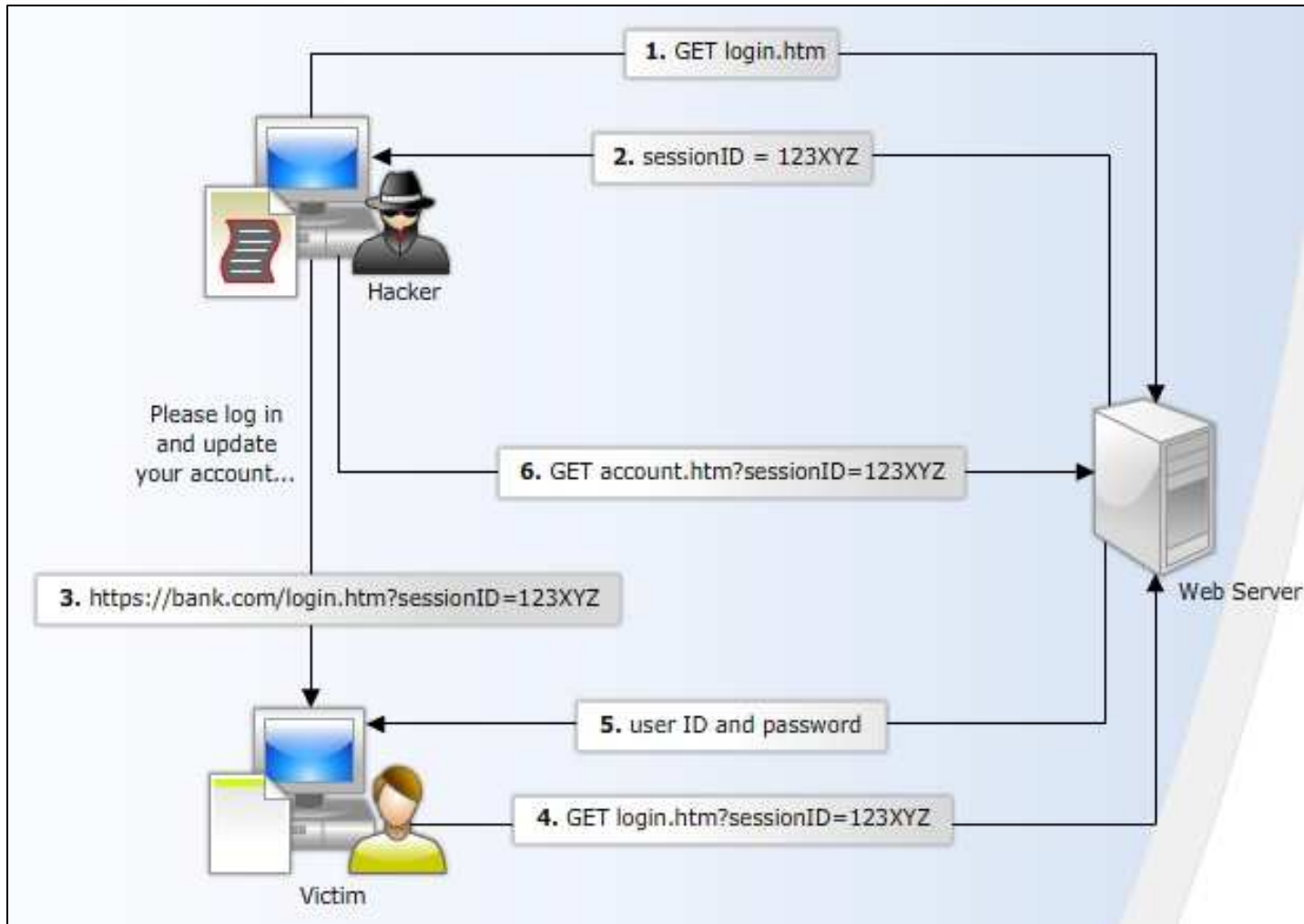


Prediction

- Sequential numbers
- Small character space
- Short session id



Session Fixation



Common Problems

- Persistent cookies
- HTTPOnly is not used
- Secure attribute not set
- XSS vulnerabilities
- Custom session id
- Improper session termination



Securing Sessions

Design and Coding Considerations for
Securing Sessions

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Design Considerations - What

- What will be stored in session objects?
 - ▶ Sensitive information
 - ▶ Compliance requirements
 - ▶ Encryption

Design Considerations - How

- How will session be maintained?
 - ▶ QueryString (URL Rewriting)
 - ▶ Hidden fields
 - ▶ Cookies

Design Considerations - Where

- Where will session data be stored?
 - ▶ Single server
 - In memory
 - ▶ Server farm
 - Cluster
 - Common repository such as DB or file system

Design Considerations – IP Binding

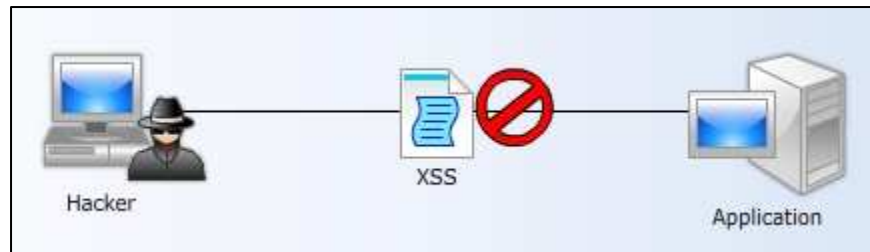
- Bind session to IP address
- Can be a problem if IP changes in the middle of a session

Design Considerations – Browser Fingerprinting

- Assign unique id to the client and track during session
- May not work where same image is used for all clients
- Can indicate an attack if fingerprint changes in the middle of a session

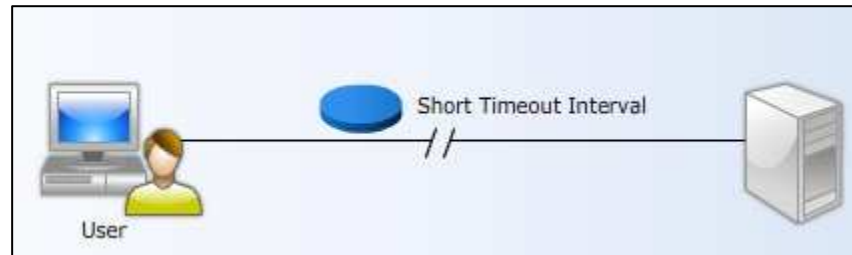
Coding Considerations – XSS and Others

- Protect against XSS and other vulnerabilities
- HTTPOnly attribute for cookies



Coding Considerations – Session Timeout

- Use short session timeouts



Coding Considerations - Logout

- Provide an explicit and prominent logout link

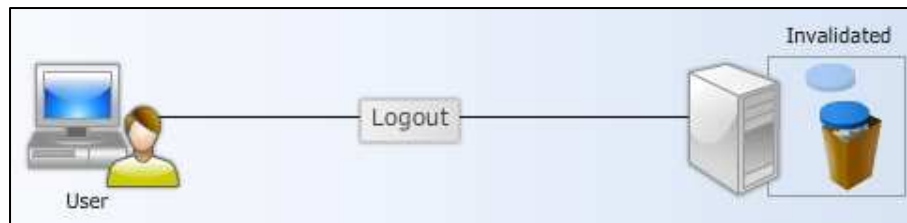


- Do not depend on session timeout

Coding Considerations – Session Termination

■ Terminate sessions properly

```
J2EE  
  
HttpSession session = request.getSession(true)  
...  
session.invalidate()  
  
-----  
.Net  
  
Session.Abandon()
```



■ Session state is different from session id

Coding Considerations – Session Id Reuse

- App Servers reuse ids in certain cases
 - ▶ Domain level cookie
 - ▶ Different app on same server

Coding Considerations – New Session Id

- Regenerate session id on login or privilege change

PHP

```
session_regenerate_id(TRUE);
```

The 'TRUE' parameter value will ensure that the old session data is deleted on the server.

.Net

```
Session.Abandon()
```

```
Response.Cookies.Add(new HttpCookie("ASP.NET_SessionId", ""));
```

The second line will ensure that a new session id is generated, instead of just the session state being cleared and session id reused.

J2EE

```
session.invalidate()
```

```
session.putValue("User",strUserId);
```

Coding Considerations – Custom Session Id

- Use high entropy session id
 - ▶ SecureRandom vs Math.Random

Summary

- WAKE UP!
- Test your (and Siva's) memory
 - ▶ List all the major points

Still Got Time?

- Multiple logins with same login id
- Impact of SSO Cookies
- Cross-Site Request Forgery issues