

GOING WHERE NO WAFS HAVE GONE BEFORE



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Agenda:

- WTF is a WAF?
- View from the Trenches
- Example Attacks and Mitigation Methods

WTF is a WAF?



Surely not another security technology?

- We already have:
 - Intrusion Prevention,
 - Firewalls,
 - Strong Authentication,
 - Patch Management
 - Vulnerability Scanning
 - VPN
 - Antivirus
 - DDoS mitigators
 - ...

Virtually every organisation has vulnerabilities

“8 out of 10 websites vulnerable to attack”

- *WhiteHat “security report”*

“97% of websites at immediate risk of being hacked due to vulnerabilities! 69% of vulnerabilities are client side-attacks”

- *Web Application Security Consortium*

“75 percent of hacks happen at the application.”

- *Gartner “Security at the Application Level”*

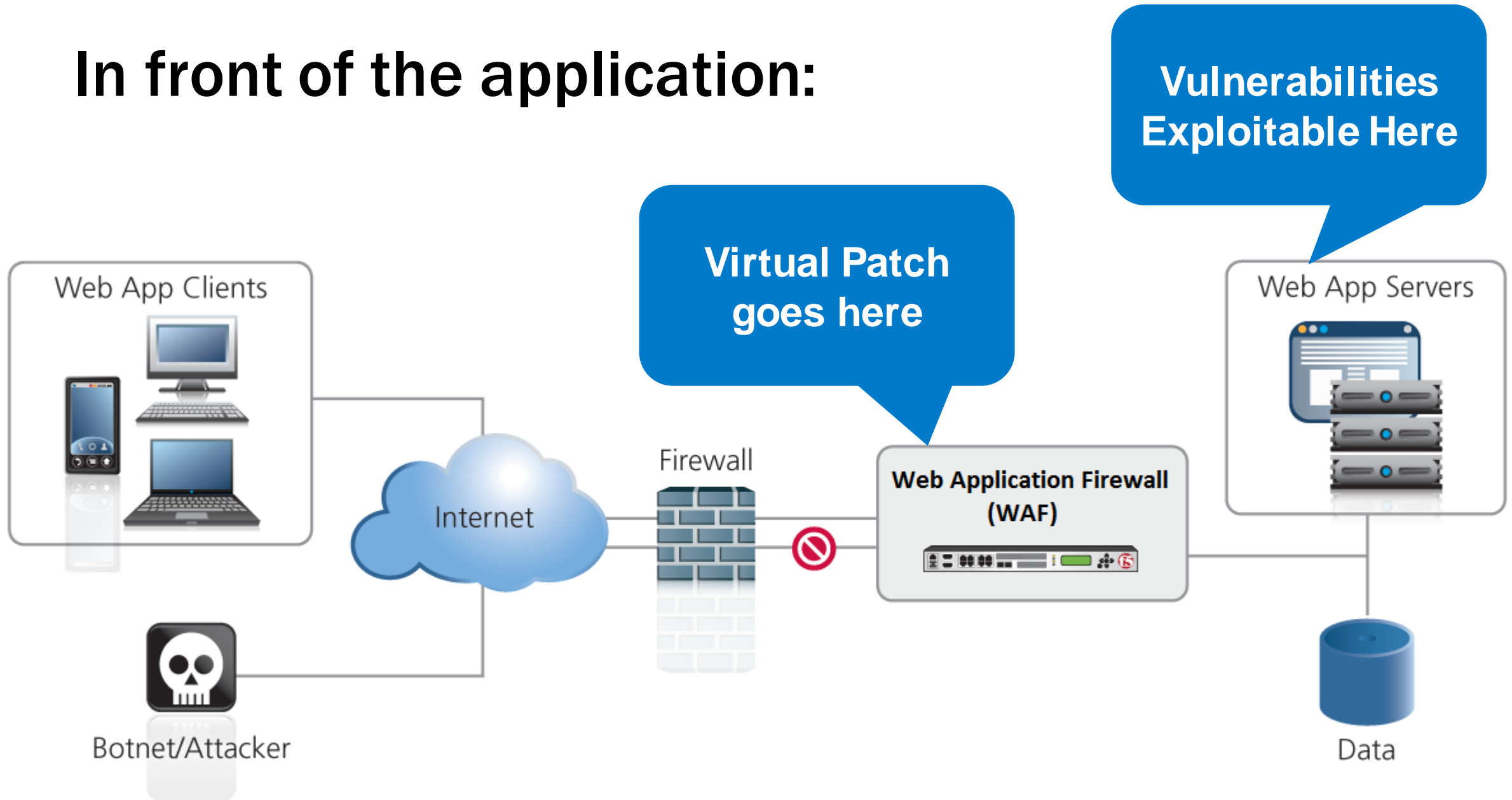
“64 percent of developers are not confident in their ability to write secure applications.”

- *Microsoft Developer Research*

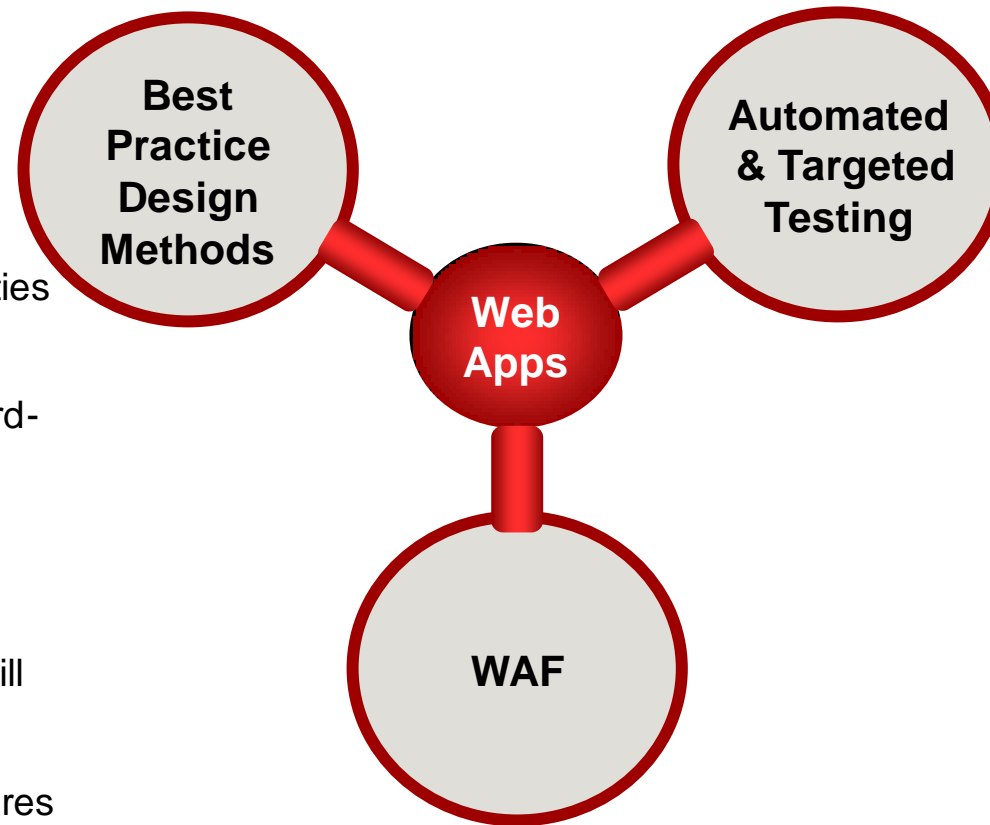
WAFs are a bit different

- They are ONLY for web applications and web services
- Securing vulnerable web applications is not easy for a product to deliver
- Impossible for a “jack of all protocols” security box

In front of the application:



Application Protection Strategy

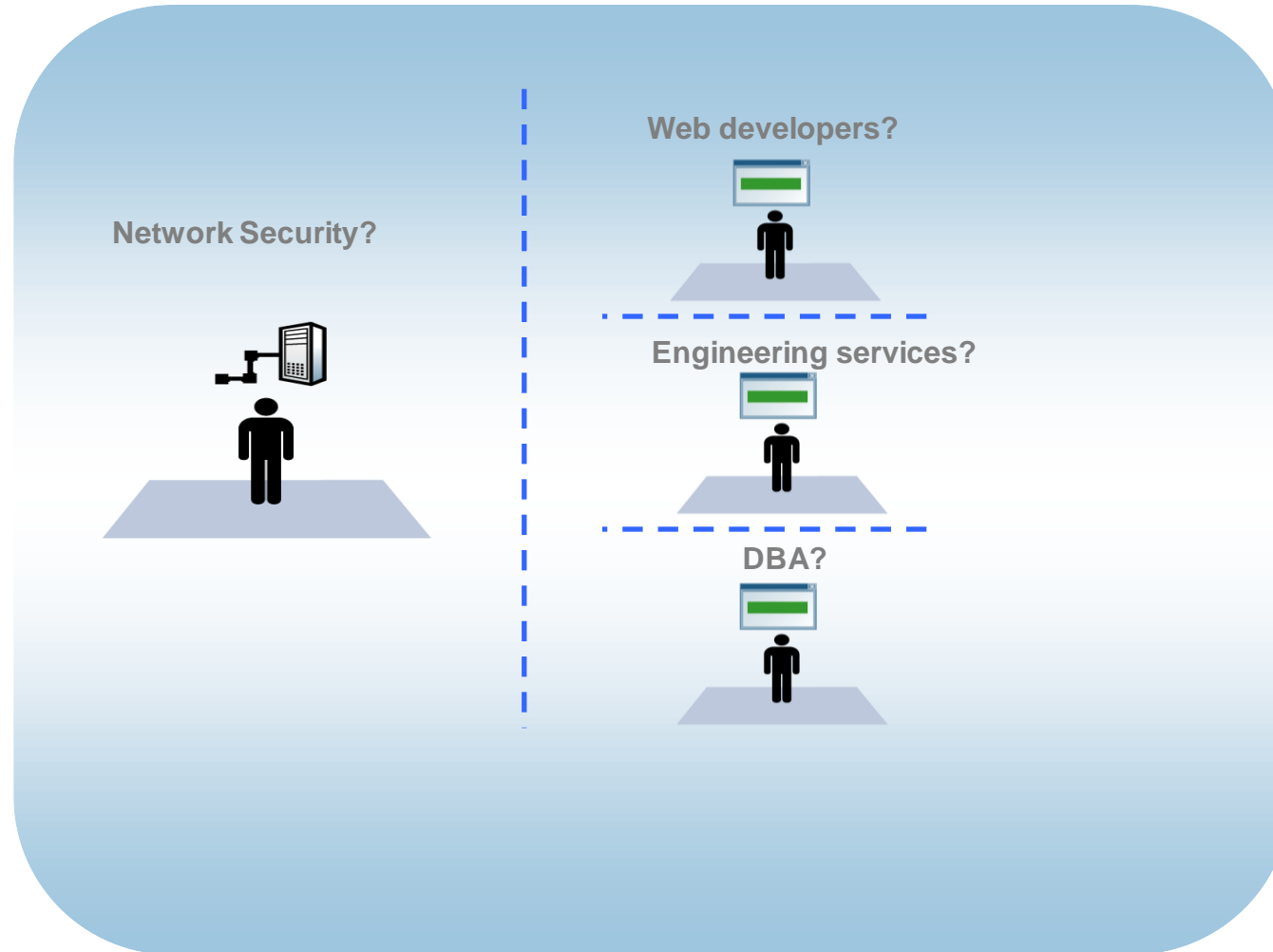


- Ideally there should be no vulnerabilities in the first place... However:
- Difficult to enforce; especially with third-party code
- Code changes may be a slow path to remediation, or impossible
- More secure coding requires more skill and time (cost)
- Some attack mitigation requires features developed within each application – expensive.

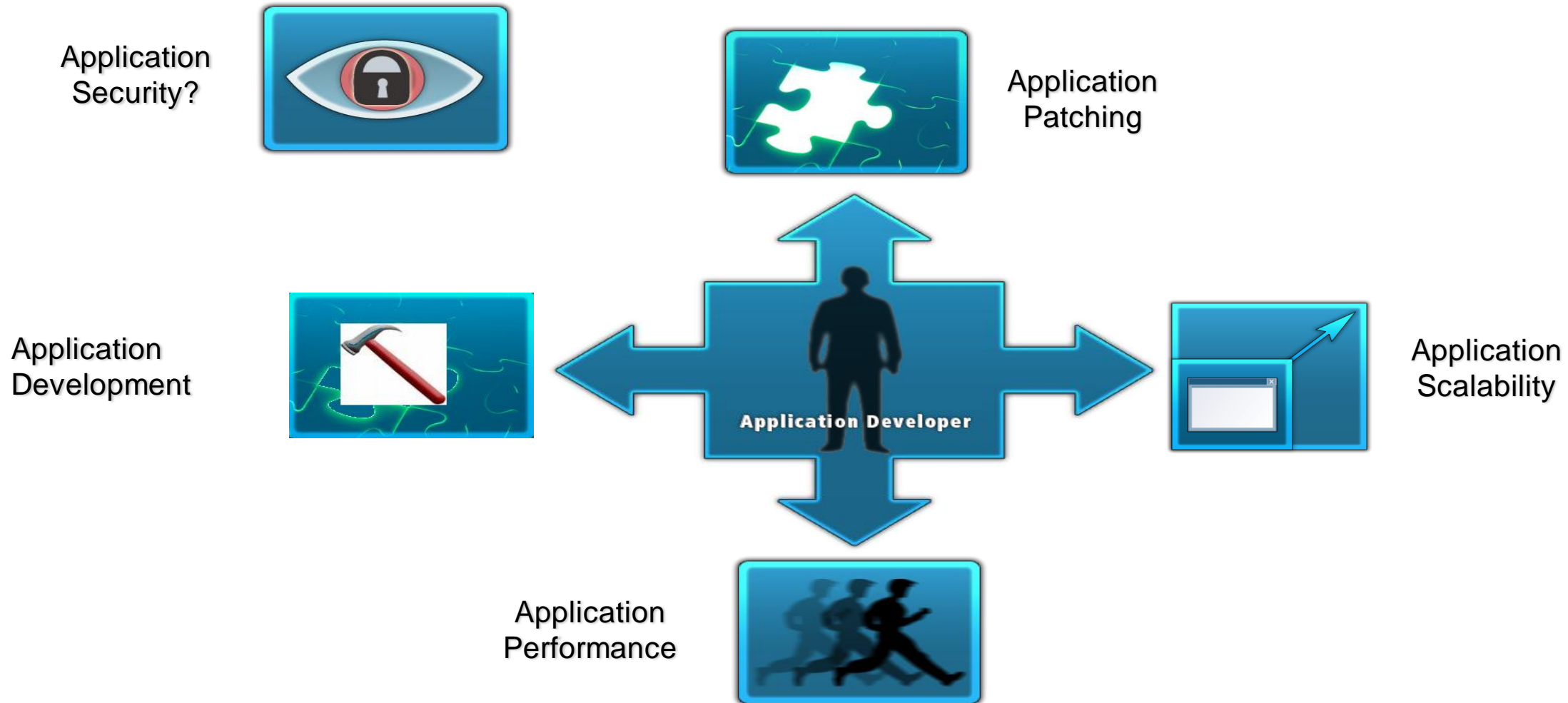
- ❖ Should be done regularly – ideally daily
- ❖ Scanning technology must be continually evolving
- ❖ Multiple tools gives greater coverage
- ❖ Operator skill the most important element
- ❖ Human penetration testing still required

- ❖ Toolkit to improve security – not silver bullet
- ❖ Provides remediation, protection, visibility
- ❖ Real-time 24 x 7 protection
- ❖ Management is important but need not be onerous
- ❖ Often the shortest path to remediation

Who is responsible for application security?



Developers are asked to do the impractical...



How long to resolve a vulnerability?

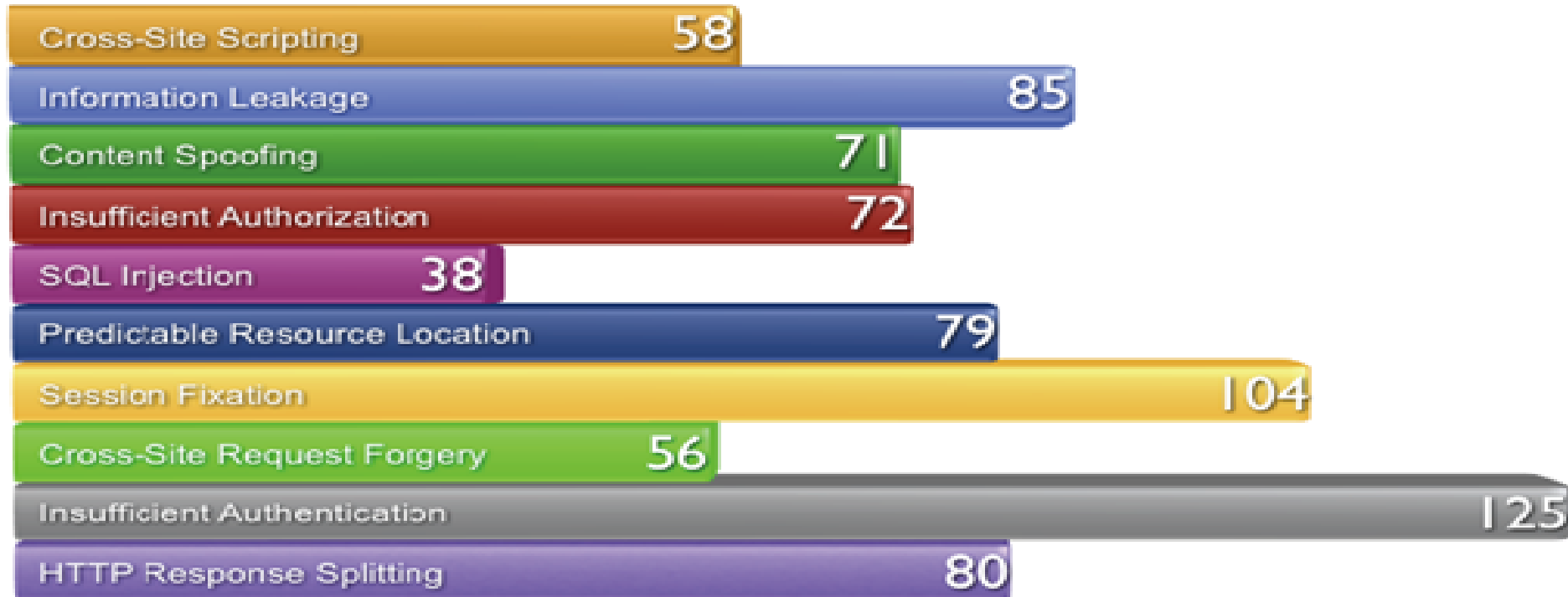


Figure 6. Average number of days for vulnerabilities to be resolved (sorted by class)


Challenges of traditional network solutions (FW, IPS)

- HTTP attacks are valid requests
- HTTP is stateless, application is stateful
- Web applications are unique
 - there are no IPS signatures for YOUR web application
- Good protection has to have session context and awareness
- Encrypted traffic facilitates attacks...
- Organizations are living in the dark
 - missing tools to expose/log/report HTTP attacks

Why Not Fix the Code?

Sometimes:

- End of Life applications may not warrant the investment
- Third Party Code may not be available to fix
- Developers have moved on, organisation lacks the resource
- Platform and system dependencies prevent code fix or patch
- Developers asked to focus on new strategic initiatives
 - Patching old apps is sunk cost
 - Building new apps is business growth



...From where I sit, we NEED WAFs to work, if nothing else but to provide development groups at least a few days of breathing room. I mean, consider the thousands of issues posted on sla.ckers.org, or XSSed.com... Is anyone really under the impression these will get fixed one at a time or anytime soon? And we're just talking about the XSS. What about the rest?

- Jeremiah Grossman



Pre-Conceived Perception

- No silver bullet
- Can always be bypassed by a skilled attacker
- No replacement for good code
- Only need one for PCI Compliance
 - Item 6.6 “Install a web-application firewall in front of public-facing web applications”

The Eye Opener

- Customer with very broken app (developed overseas)
 - Broken Auth
 - All data and feature restrictions on the client
 - All data validation on the client
- Advanced WAF able to “patch” all features

All of the Top 10?

- Injection: SQL, OS & LDAP Injection
- XSS (Cross-site Scripting)
- Broken Auth. & Session Management
- Direct Object Reference
- XSRF (Cross-site Request Forgery)
- Security Misconfiguration
- Poor Crypto
- Unrestricted URL access
- Insufficient Transport Layer Protection
- Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards

The Easy Bits

- Injection: SQL, OS & LDAP Injection
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SQL Injection



SQL Injection

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SITE HOSTED BY:

Search for Sessions

Enter a search term to find sessions that match:

```
a' union select NewID(),NewID(),NewID(), password, password, password, password, password, password, GetDate(), GetDate() from aspnet_Membership where UserId = '2C039BE3-627D-446F-BC21-5FD61789FFE7' --

a'; update aspnet_membership set Password='[YOUR PASSWORD]' where UserId = '[THEIR USERID]' --

'; exec sp_configure 'show advanced options', 1 --
'; reconfigure --
'; exec sp_configure 'xp_cmdshell', 1 --
'; reconfigure --
'; exec master..xp_cmdshell 'net user /add EvilHacker fluffyduck' --
'; exec master..xp_cmdshell 'net localgroup administrators EvilHacker /add' --
```

Search

Sort by: [Title](#) | [Time](#)

Security Evasion using Encoding:

Basic SQL Injection via URI parameter:

' or 1=1 or '

Encoded version:

%27%20%6f%72%20%31%3d%31%20%6f%
72%20%27

Evasion using Inline Comments:

```
/*comment*/ or/*comment*/ 1=1/*comment*/  
or/*comment*/ '
```

Encoding and Commenting together:

Encoded, commented version:

```
%27%2f%2a%63%6f%6d%6d%65%6e%74%2a%2f  
%20%6f%72%2f%2a%63%6f%6d%6d%65%6e%7  
4%2a%2f%20%31%3d%31%2f%2a%63%6f%6d%  
6d%65%6e%74%2a%2f%20%6f%72%2f%2a%63  
%6f%6d%6d%65%6e%74%2a%2f%20%27
```


Encoding and Commenting Together:

Request Details

GET /user_menu.php?nick=%27%2f%2a%63%6f%6d%6d%65%6e%74%2a%2f%2a%63%6f%6d%6d%65%6e%74%2a%2f%2a%63%6f%6d%6d%65%6e%74%

```
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows; U; Windows NT 6.1; en-US; rv:1.9.2.18) Gecko/20110614 Firefox/3.6.18  
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8  
Accept-Language: en-us,en;q=0.5  
Accept-Encoding: gzip,deflate  
Accept-Charset: ISO-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.7,*;q=0.7  
Keep-Alive: 115  
Connection: keep-alive  
Cookie: SESSION=1c12612c814ff21e037191cf60ed4fb0; TS50a4c8=4a6f8f60684b76baac5bd743d5ca737ddc1f801ce2a34e724e2ecbcc
```

Context Details for Attack Signature 200002147	
Details	Parameter
Detected Keywords	nick='/*comment*/ <u>/0x20</u> or/*comment*/ <u>/0x20</u> 1=1'/*comm ent*/ <u>/0x20</u> or/*comment*/ <u>/0x20'</u>

Source IP Address	Destination	Country	Time	Flags
		Detected Keywords	2011-07-26 07:19:10	-

Signature Matches on Decoded Request:

Attack signature detected violation details					
Signature Name	Signature ID	Learn	Alarm	Block	Details
SQL-INJ '/*' (SQL comment) (Parameter)	200002306	Yes	Yes	Yes	View details...
Comments (1)	200016000	Yes	Yes	Yes	View details...
SQL-INJ expressions like "or 1=1" (3)	200002147	Yes	Yes	Yes	View details...
SQL-INJ expressions like "' or 1 --"	200002419	Yes	Yes	Yes	View details...
SQL-INJ "' #' (SQL comment) (Parameter)	200002305	Yes	Yes	Yes	View details...
Context Details for Attack Signature 200002147					
Context	Parameter				
Parameter Level	Global				
Wildcard Parameter Name	*				
Actual Parameter Name	username				
Parameter Value	'/*'[0x20]or/*'[0x20]1234=1234/*'[0x20]#				
Detected Keywords	username='/*'[0x20] or/*'[0x20]1234=1234 /*'[0x20]#				

Not So Easy Bits...



Not so Easy Bits...

- Broken Auth. & Session Management
- Security Misconfiguration – Exposed Web Services
- And Business Logic Flaws...

Authorisation – Data Access

- All data is returned to the client app
- Client only shows restricted data if you're allowed to see it...

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
- <Items>
  - <Item>
    <OID>64</OID>
    <Name>andy</Name>
    <ImageURL>owasp.jpg</ImageURL>
    <Restricted>1</Restricted>
  </Item>
  - <Item>
    <OID>91</OID>
    <Name>tobias</Name>
    <ImageURL>owasp.jpeg</ImageURL>
    <Restricted>0</Restricted>
  </Item>
  - <Item>
    <OID>92</OID>
    <Name>testh</Name>
    <ImageURL>owasp.jpg</ImageURL>
    <Restricted>0</Restricted>
  </Item>
  - <Item>
    <OID>94</OID>
    <Name>chris</Name>
    <ImageURL>owasp.jpg</ImageURL>
    <Restricted>1</Restricted>
  </Item>
  - <Item>
    <OID>95</OID>
    <Name>Jason</Name>
    <ImageURL> </ImageURL>
    <Restricted>0</Restricted>
  </Item>
</Items>
```

Server Response Scrubbing

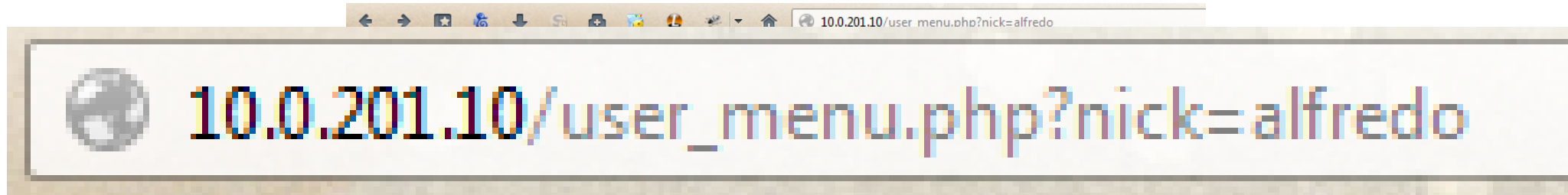
- Parse outgoing data set
- Match user identity and group with content
- Remove unauthorised Records from XML
- Return only authorised data

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
- <Items>
  - <Item>
    <OID>64</OID>
    <Name>andy</Name>
    <ImageURL>owasp.jpg</ImageURL>
    <Restricted>1</Restricted>
  </Item>
```

Broken Auth and Session Management



Log In as One User...



User's control panel

User: alfredo

Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
alfredo	1234	a@b.de	123434	street.10	Tel Aviv	101

If you are interested in obtaining a CD of this application, please contact your local F5 sales representative.
This web application is based on a modified version of phpauction (phpauction.org).
This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as

View Another User's Data:



10.0.201.10/user_menu.php?nick=charlie

User's control panel

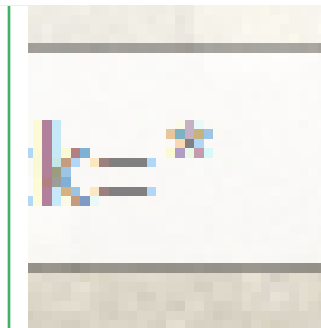
User: charlie

Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
Charlie Cano	1111111111111111	ccano@magnifire.com	1111111111	42 Madison Ave	New york	221

View Everyone's Data:



User's control panel						
User: *						
Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
Assaf Three	25803333333333	testme4@test.com	1234567	12 r st	NA	190
Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
Mark Shahaf	233232-54544-656565	testme4@test.com	1234567	12 r st	NA	190
Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
Shahaf Mark	3333-455454-65656	testme4@test.com	1234567	12 r st	NA	190
Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
Charlie Cano	1234567890	testme4@test.com	1234567	12 r st	NA	190
Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
Automated User One	1234-1234-1234-1234	testme4@test.com	1234567	12 r st	NA	190
Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
pasha	1234-4321-1234-4321	testme4@test.com	1234567	12 r st	NA	190
Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
bill	1234-4321-1234-4321	testme4@test.com	1234567	12 r st	NA	190
Name	Credit Card	Email	Tel	Address	City	Country
jim	1234-4321-1234-4321	testme4@test.com	1234567	12 r st	NA	190



Dynamic Parameter

- Server sends out parameters
 - Form fields, URI parameters in links, Cookies, etc
- WAF will parse and sign these in a cookie
- Inbound requests must present valid signature
 - Any value is OK, as long as it is YOUR value
 - Server must have supplied the parameter value within your session
 - Can't be changed on the client side

Blocking Response

The screenshot shows a web page for 'Hack-it-yourself auction'. The page has a green header with the title in a stylized font. Below the header is a green navigation bar with links: Home, Sell an item, Register now, Login, and Help. A search bar with a 'Go!' button and a browse dropdown with a 'Go!' button are located below the navigation bar. The date 'Apr.27 2009, 20:52:27' is displayed on the right. Below the search bar, it says '38 REGISTERED USERS 622 AUCTIONS'. The main content area has a white background and displays an 'Invalid Request' error message. The message states: 'Your request is invalid, and has been recorded for security purposes. Please try again or click below to contact security administrators.' Below this message is a link 'Click here to email security administrators' and a 'Back' link. At the bottom of the main content area, it says 'Log Reference: 9679521228968912488'. The footer is a green bar with the same navigation links as the header and the copyright text 'Copyright 2000-2002, PHPAUCTION.ORG'.

Hack-it-yourself auction

[Home](#) | [Sell an item](#) | [Register now](#) | [Login](#) | [Help](#)

Search Browse Apr.27 2009, 20:52:27

38 REGISTERED USERS 622 AUCTIONS

Invalid Request

Your request is invalid, and has been recorded for security purposes. Please try again or click below to contact security administrators.

[Click here to email security administrators](#)

[Back](#)

Log Reference: 9679521228968912488

[Home](#) | [Sell an item](#) | [Register now](#) | [Login](#) | [Help](#)

Copyright 2000-2002, PHPAUCTION.ORG

Exposed Web Services



Unauthorised Method Access

- App relies on Client side validation
- Back end methods all open

```
POST /items.asmx HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost
Content-Type: text/xml; charset=utf-8
Content-Length: length
SOAPAction: "http://tempuri.org/EditItem"

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<soap:Envelope xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  <soap:Body>
    <EditItem xmlns="http://tempuri.org/">
      <sOID>string</sOID>
      <sName>string</sName>
      <sImageURL>string</sImageURL>
      <sDescription>string</sDescription>
    </EditItem>
  </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

Authorisation for Method Access

- XML Firewalls provide this function
- Client Identity and Role may be used to disallow Method Access
- VLAN or IP address, ID, Device type, etc

Valid SOAP Methods	Method	Namespace	Enabled
	EditItem	http://tempuri.org/	<input type="checkbox"/>
	GetItems	http://tempuri.org/	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	GetItems2	http://tempuri.org/	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Business Logic Flaws



Advanced Mitigation

- Authentication and Authorisation Wrapper
 - Auth proxy
 - 2 factor
 - Certificate, Kerberos, Forms based, NTLM, etc
- Response Modification
 - EXIF tag XSS example
 - CSRF token example
- Enforcing Order of Events (“Flow”)
- Full request and response parsing and modification
 - Session awareness – with session principles
 - Programmable framework used to mitigate app-specific cases

Responsive Actions:

- Drop Request
- Log, Email, SNMP trap
- Respond with Blocking content
 - HTML – Security warning
 - Link to email administrators in case of issues
 - SOAP Fault for web services
 - Javascript injection for AJAX
 - Honeypot silent redirect
- Query the client a bit further
 - Browser or Robot?
 - Send back Javascript to test client before trusting session
- Your ideas here...?

Questions...





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