

Cucumber and friends

tools for security that matters



OWASP

The Open Web Application Security Project

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Overview

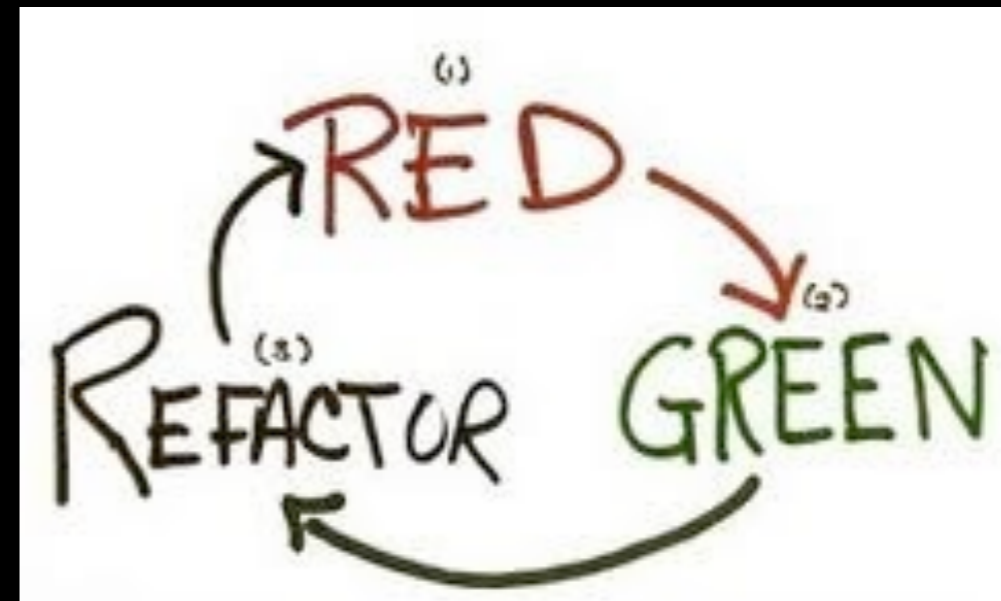
- Part 1: **Cucumber** & friends
 - Behavior Driven Development with **Cucumber**
 - Infrastructure as Code with Chef and Etch
 - Test Driven Infrastructure with Cucumber-Chef
- Part 2: **Security** that matters
 - Role management
 - Secure pages
 - Information Leakage
 - SSL setup
 - Complex interactions

Part I: **Cucumber** & friends

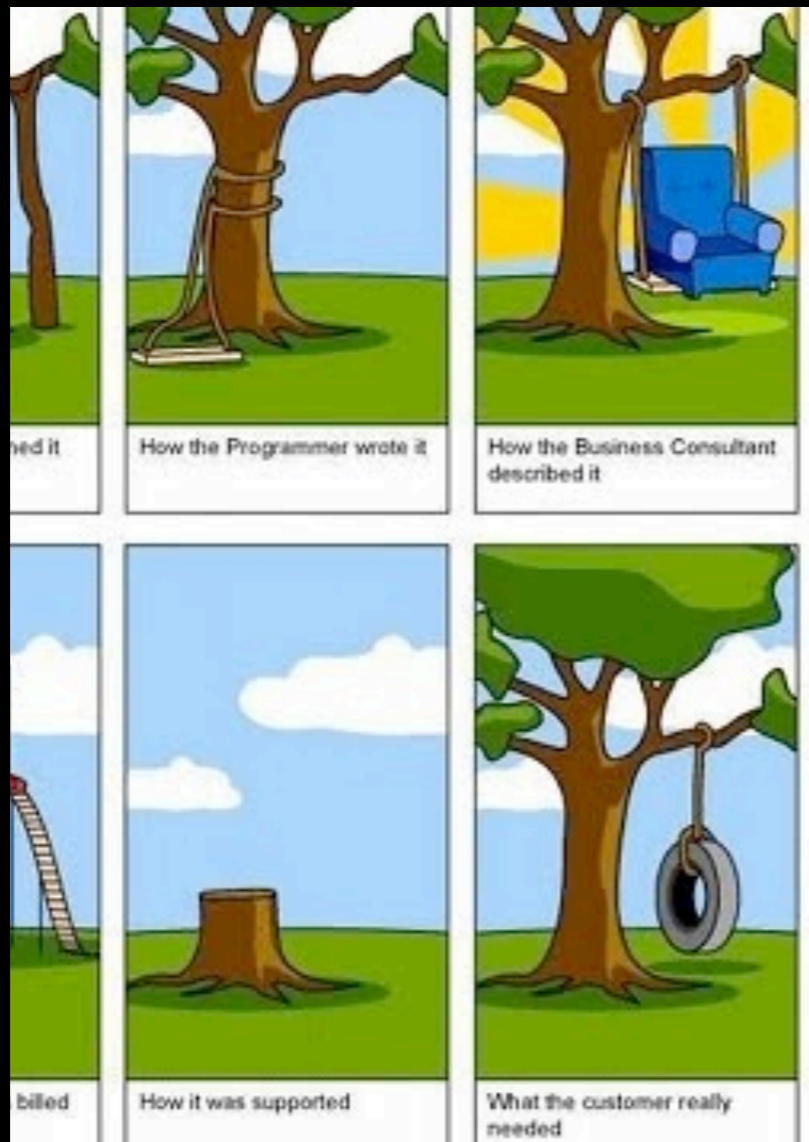
Test-Driven Development,
Behavior-Driven Development
& Beyond

Test Driven Development

- *Verification*
- Building software **right**
- **RSpec**



Behavior Driven Development



- *Validation*
- Building **right** software
- SMART User Stories
- **Cucumber**



How the customer explained it



How the Project Leader understood it



How the Analyst designed it



How the Programmer wrote it



How the Business Consultant described it



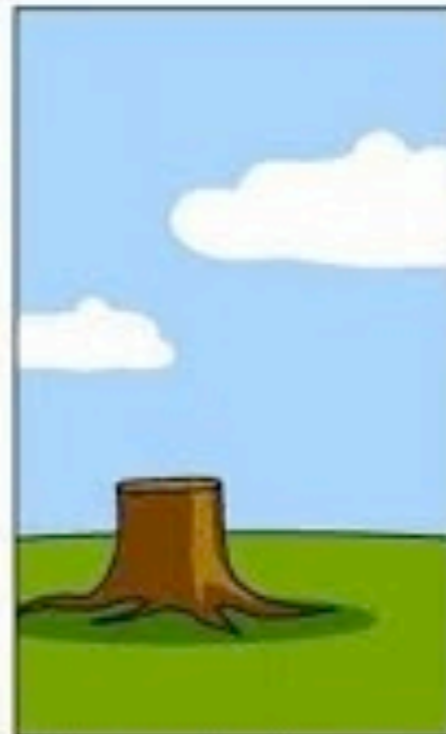
How the project was documented



What operations installed



How the customer was billed



How it was supported



What the customer really needed

Specification By Example By Example

features/profile.feature

Feature: Manage my profile

Scenario: Login

Given the user "Huey" exists

When he logs in

Then he should see "Welcome, Huey!"


```
$ cucumber features/profile.feature
```

Feature: Manage my profile

```
Scenario: Login # features/profile.feature:3
  Given the user "Huey" exists # features/profile.feature:4
  When he logs in # features/profile.feature:5
  Then he should see "Welcome, Huey!" # features/profile.feature:6
```

```
1 scenario (1 undefined)
3 steps (3 undefined)
0m0.008s
```

You can implement step definitions for undefined steps with these snippets:

```
Given /^the user "([^"]*)" exists$/ do |arg1|
  pending # express the regexp above with the code you wish you had
end
```

```
When /^he logs in$/ do
  pending # express the regexp above with the code you wish you had
end
```

```
Then /^he should see "([^"]*)"$/ do |arg1|
  pending # express the regexp above with the code you wish you had
end
```

Feature: Manage my profile

```
Scenario: Login # features/profile.feature:3
  Given the user "Huey" exists # features/profile.feature:4
  When he logs in # features/profile.feature:5
  Then he should see "Welcome, Huey!" # features/profile.feature:6
```

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You can implement step definitions for undefined steps with these snippets:

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When /^he logs in$/ do
  pending # express the regexp above with the code you wish you had
end
```

```
Then /^he should see "([^"]*)"$/ do |arg1|
  pending # express the regexp above with the code you wish you had
end
```



```
# Create a step definition for each undefined step
```

```
# features/step_definitions/profile_steps.rb
```

```
Given /^the user "([^"]*)" exists$/ do |name|
```

```
  @user = User.create!(:name => name)
```

```
end
```

```
When /^he logs in$/ do
```

```
  visit('/login')
```

```
  fill_in('User name', :with => @user.name)
```

```
  fill_in('Password', :with => @user.password)
```

```
  click_button('Log in')
```

```
end
```

```
...
```



Roses are red

Violets are blue

Cucumbers are green

```
Scenario: Login # features/profile.feature:3
  Given the user "Huey" exists # features/step_definitions/profile_step
s.rb:1
  When he logs in # features/step_definitions/profile_step
s.rb:5
  Then he should see "Welcome, Huey!" # features/step_definitions/profile_step
s.rb:9

1 scenario (1 passed)
3 steps (3 passed)
0m0.010s
```

Chef

Infrastructure as Code

DevOps

The Cloud!

Automation & Reuse

Etch, Puppet, etc.

```
# first define a Chef recipe for sudo
```

```
package "sudo" do  
  action :upgrade  
end
```

```
template "/etc/sudoers" do  
  source "sudoers.erb"  
  mode 0440  
  owner "root"  
  group "root"  
  variables(  
    :sudoers_groups => node['authorization']['sudo']['groups'],  
    :sudoers_users => node['authorization']['sudo']['users'],  
    :passwordless => node['authorization']['sudo']['passwordless']  
  )  
end
```

```
# then use the recipe whenever you need to manage sudo
```

```
"authorization" => {  
  "sudo" => {  
    "groups" => ["admin", "wheel", "sysadmin"],  
    "users" => ["jerry", "greg"],  
    "passwordless" => true  
  }  
}
```

how about configuring a firewall?

recipe omitted for the sake of brevity...

restrict port 13579 to 10.0.111.0/24 on eth0

`firewall_rule "myapplication" do` *# firewall_rule is defined in
the recipe*

`port 13579`

`source '10.0.111.0/24'`

`direction 'in'`

`interface 'eth0'`

`action :allow`

`end`

Cucumber-Chef



Test Driven Infrastructure
Verification

Setting the Infrastructure **right**

Specify the infrastructure with cucumber

features/server.feature

Scenario: Users can connect to server via ssh key

Given a newly bootstrapped server

When the technical users recipe is applied

Then a user should be able to ssh to the server

```
# create_server, run_chef, set_run_list are defined in Cucumber-  
Chef  
# features/step_definitions/server_steps.rb  
Given /^a newly bootstrapped server$/ do  
  create_server("teamserver", "192.168.20.20")  
end  
  
When /^the technical users recipe is applied$/ do  
  set_run_list('teamserver', 'recipe[users::techies]')  
  run_chef('teamserver')  
end  
  
...
```

Part II: *Security* that matters

Applications & Examples

Role management

Scenario: Require login to edit profile

Given I am not logged in

When I visit the "Edit Profile" page for "Huey"

Then I should see "You must login to access that page!"

Scenario: User cannot edit another user's profile

Given I am logged in as "Riley" with role: "Customer"

When I visit the "Edit Profile" page for "Huey"

Then I should see "You are not authorized!"

Scenario: Customer cannot access admin functions

Given I am logged in as "Riley" with role: "Customer"

When I visit the "Admin" page

Then I should see "You are not authorized!"

Secure pages

Scenario: Require SSL for admin page

Given I am logged in as "Grandpa" with role: "Admin"

When I visit the "Admin" page

Then the page should be secured with HTTPS

Scenario: Redirect HTTP requests to HTTPS

Given I am logged in as "Grandpa" with role: "Admin"

When I visit the "Admin" page using an HTTP link

Then I should be redirected to HTTPS

Information leakage

Scenario: Do not log credit card numbers

Given I make a purchase using my credit card

Then the log files should not contain my credit card number

Scenario: Do not show user's contact info to strangers

Given I am not logged in

When I view the profile for "Uncle Ruckus"

Then I should not see his email

And I should not see his phone number

SSL setup

Scenario: HTTPS web server

Given a newly bootstrapped server

When I install nginx

And I enable SSL on port 443

Then the server should respond to HTTPS requests

Complex interactions

Scenario: Request a new password

Given a user "Huey" with email "huey@example.com"

When he requests a new password

Then he should receive an email with a password reset link

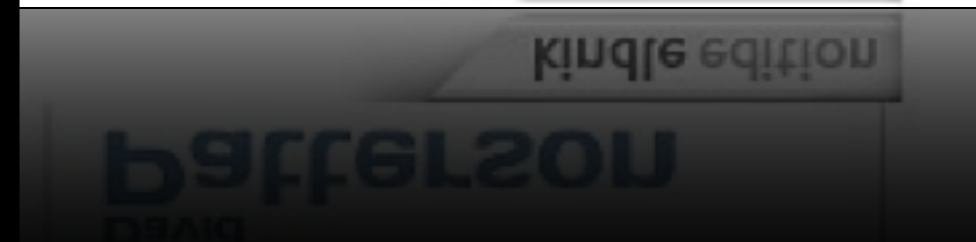
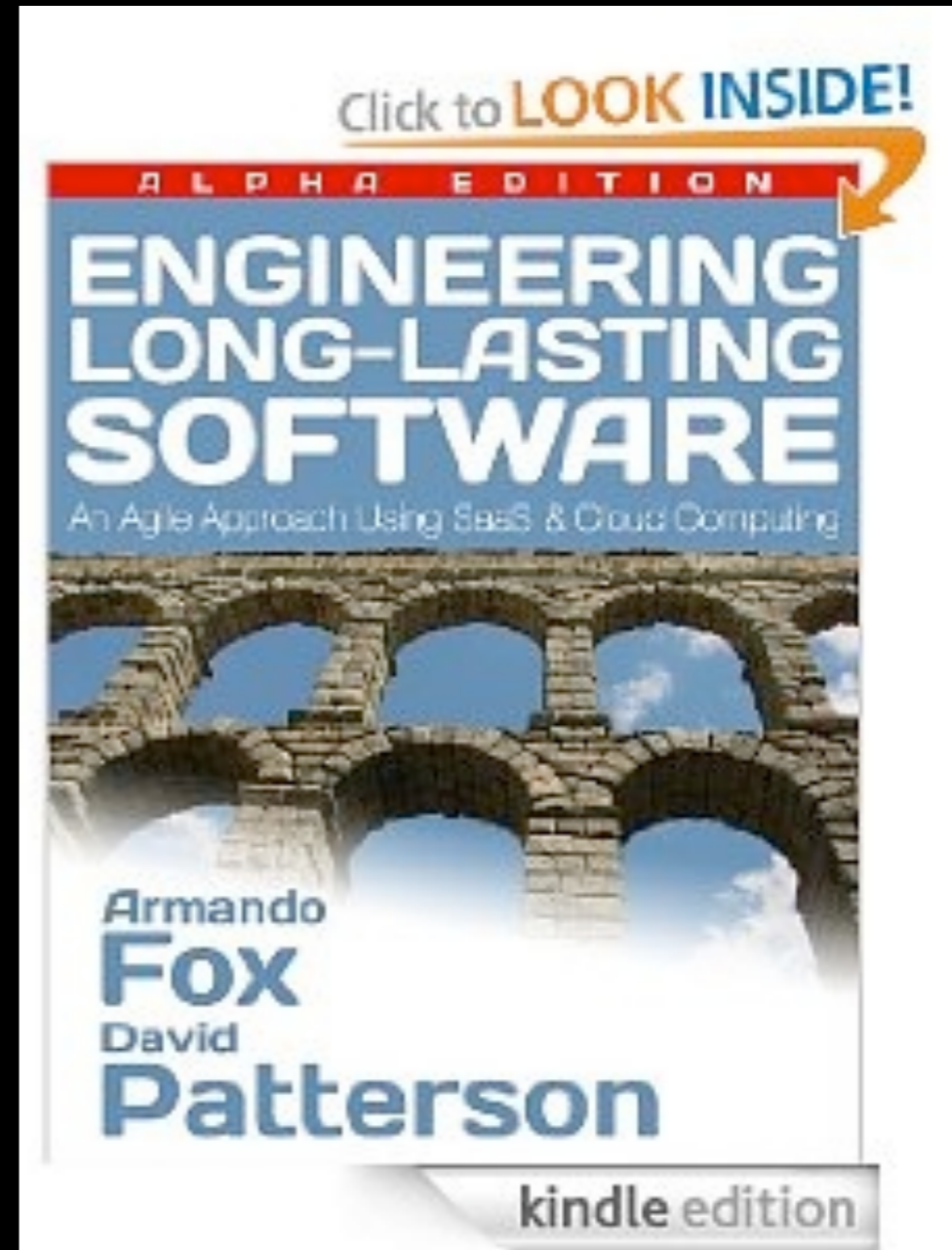
Scenario: Reset password

Given "Huey" has received an email with a password reset link

When he clicks the password reset link

Then his password should be reset

<http://saas-class.org>



<http://bit.ly/securitythatmatters>

