

Bad Cocktail

Spear Phishing + Application Hacks

OWASP Chicago

August 2008



VIDEO

LIVE



channel

MIKE WALKER
INTREPIDUS GROUP

LIVE

Desk

IGATORS CONCLUDE FIRE CAUSED WORLD

NAS 2,374.62



FAY FLOODS



NEW FOX POLLS



AGE RAGE

08.21.08

NATIONAL HEADLINES

**POLICE: BOMB SUSPECT
READY TO WAGE 'WAR'
CALIF.**

**AMERICA'S
ELECTION HQ**

**NEW WASHINGTON LAW
PITS SAME PARTY
CANDIDATES AGAINST
EACH OTHER**

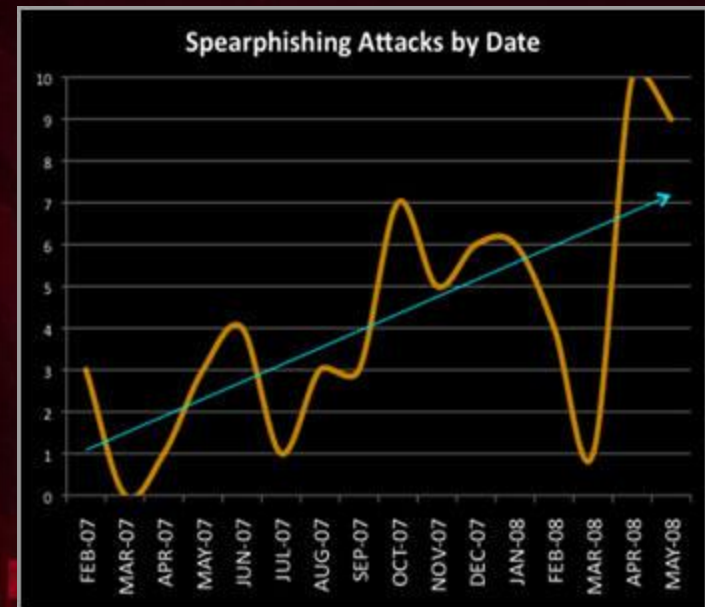
ENTERTAINMENT

**MAGAZINE: DAVID
BECKHAM HAS BEST A
IN HOLLYWOOD**

Panasonic

Spear Phishing Is A Problem

- > 15,000 corporate victims in 15 months
- Victim Losses have exceeded \$100,000
- Recent Victims
 - Salesforce.com
 - Critical infrastructure at large energy company



Sources: iDefense Labs, Washington Post

Why Does Spear Phishing Succeed?

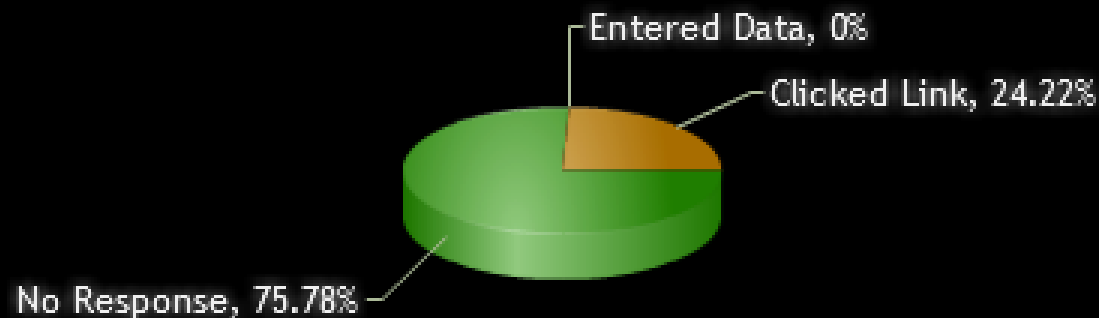
- People are “click happy”
- Phishing attacks have gotten more sophisticated – use of legitimate sites with application security flaws
- Reactive Anti-Phishing technologies aren't good enough....may never be!



People Are “Click Happy”

EMAIL RESPONSES

Scenario (6): [REDACTED]



How To Use Legitimate Sites

Take advantage of:

- Cross Site Scripting
- Insecure URL redirection
- Session Fixation
- Insecure ActiveX Controls



The XSS Phishing Mail

- More realistic phishing attack because it uses the actual site (often even over HTTPS)
- XSS Tricks
 - Expect HEX encoding of attack parameters
 - “<script>” = “%3C%73%63%72%69%70%74%3E”
 - Short attack parameter that links to a remote “.js” file for more javascript or an “iframe” tag that loads remote HTML form

XSS Emails in the Real World

- Charter One Bank (Citizens Financial Group)
— March 2005



<https://www.charterone.com/pf/?ygkt=%61%53%33%87%64%38%80%87%76%23%66%59%44%95%16%28%88%12%19%85%91%20...>

Cross Site Scripting Not Dead Yet

Citibank's critical cross-site scripting vulnerabilities

Written by Dimitris Pagkalos

Saturday, 16 August 2008

DaiMon and mox have discovered two critical XSS flaws on Citibank's website.

[read more...](#)

Justin.tv non-malicious cross-site scripting worm

Written by Dimitris Pagkalos

Tuesday, 8 July 2008

x2Fusion from TheDefaced.org security team, recently contacted us in regards to a serious XSS vulnerability on the popular lifecasting website Justin.tv.

[read more...](#)

ICANN and IANA domains hijacked by Turkish crackers

Written by Marcelo "Vympel" Almeida and Kevin Fernandez

Thursday, 26 June 2008

The ICANN and IANA websites were defaced earlier today by a Turkish group called "NetDevilz". ICANN is responsible for the global coordination of the Internet's system of unique identifiers. These include domain names, as well as the addresses used in a variety of Internet protocols.

[read more...](#)

HSBC web sites are open to critical XSS attacks. Warning to customers!

Written by Dimitris Pagkalos

Saturday, 21 June 2008

URL redirection

- Used to mask where the link is really taking you
- Often comes in one of two ways
 - 3rd party trust (known vendor, popular search site)
 - Or misconfiguration on your site



URL 3rd Party Redirection

- Because search engines never lie... right?
 - http://www.google.com/url?q=http://68.207.70.141/signin.ebay.com/Members_Log-in.htm
 - <http://world.altavista.com/urltrurl?url=http%3A%2F%2Fworld2altavista.com%2FSearch>
- Often used for tracking Ad clicks, many sites will have a way to redirect based off a URL sent in



Homegrown Redirection

- Be careful about how your own redirects are coded



Start by selecting your location

Choose your location



- <http://site.com/?location=us> may become <http://site.com/?location=http://evil.com>
- Again HEX encoding tricks can be used
 - “evil.com” = “%65%76%69%6C%2E%63%6F%6D”

Don't forget Flash

- Flash Objects can perform their own redirects.
- “eBay Flash-redirect scam”
 - Reported in Aug 2007
 - Attacker creates legitimate auction page but places malicious flash “SWF” file in description
 - When another eBay user views their page, they are redirected to a cloned malicious site which ask them to login



Would you notice a redirect?

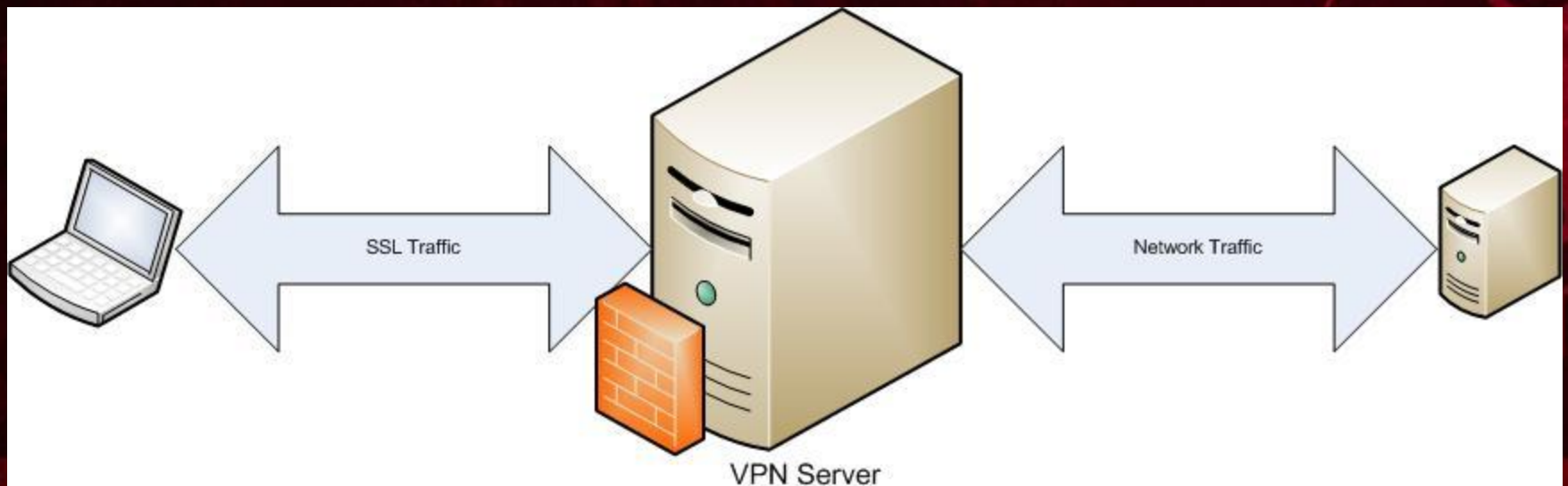
- Since you just clicked on a legitimate link, you may expect the page to reload



Insider Phishing Attack

- Some SSL VPNs can be used by an attacker to form believable “internal” phishing sites
- A legitimate link to the mail server maybe:

`https://sslvpn.yourcompany.com/cgi-bin/nph/http%3A%2F%2F192.168.151.100/exchange/`



Insider Phishing Attack

- If a phisher knows your SSL VPN page and vendor (support page? search email lists?) then linking back out to a site on the internet is often supported.

<https://sslvpn.yourcompany.com/cgi-bin/nph/http%3A%2F%2F71.126.144.212/exchange/>

- Think users know internal IP address from routable addresses?



Next Level: CSRF->DNS->Phish

- This attack as been described at “drive-by pharming” and seen in the wild in Jan 2008 targeting Mexican banking sites
- Complex Attack in 3 Steps
 - 1) Use a CSRF attack against home router to reconfigure DNS settings

`https://192.168.1.1/apply.cgi?submit_button=Submit&action=Apply&block_wan=1&block_loopbacks=0&
dns1=6.6.6.6`



Next Level: CSRF->DNS->Phish

- Complex Attack in 3 Steps (continued)
 - 2) Attacker hosts DNS server at “6.6.6.6” and returns malicious DNS responses for known banking sites.
 - 3) Malicious response point to fake cloned site. The URL matches the legitimate site, however DNS gave out the wrong IP address
- Attacker can just wait for victim to surf to their trusted site, or send an email with a real link

Drive-By Pharming

- Sneaky, but difficult to execute
 - Must trick users into visiting site hosting CSRF attack
 - Victim's router IP must be known, must be vulnerable to CSRF, often must be logged in
 - HTTPS request will trigger invalid certificate responses



A Report From The Trenches



 pinisme.com

Symptoms

- “I see a trade executed from my account ...10000 shares of a company I haven’t even heard about, were purchased on January 17 (2006) @ 2 pm from my account!” – a client of a well-established brokerage firm in NYC.
- 7 other clients of the same brokerage firm report the same issue – in January 2006.



Investigation

- Was the brokerage firm hacked?
- Was it the end user who was hacked?
- We had dates and times of the trade executions as a clue.



Investigation

- Our team began reviewing the brokerage firm's online trading application for clues
 - Network logs
 - Web server logs
 - Security mechanisms of the application
- We asked to duplicate the victim's hard drive and review it for indicators of compromise.



Web Server Logs

- Requested IIS logs for January 17, 2006 from all the (load balanced) servers.
- Combined the log files into one common repository = 1 GB
- Microsoft's Log Parser to the rescue



Microsoft LogParser

Parsed out all requests to execute.asp
using Microsoft Log Parser:

```
LogParser -o:csv "select * INTO  
execute.csv from *.log where  
cs-uri-stem like  
'/execute.asp%'"
```



Can You Find The Smoking Gun?

#Fields:time	c-ip	cs-method	cs-uri-stem	cs-uri-query	Status
1:03:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
1:04:35	172.16.54.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=3840943093874b3484c3839de9340494	200
1:08:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
1:10:19	172.16.87.231	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=298230e0393bc09849d839209883993	200
1:13:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
1:18:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
1:19:20	172.16.121.3	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=676db87873ab0393898de0398348c89	200
1:21:43	172.16.41.53	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=3840943093874b3484c3839de9340494	200
1:23:16	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
1:28:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
.
.



Next Step

Parsed out all requests with the suspicious sessionid

```
LogParser -o:csv "select * INTO  
    sessionid.csv from *.log where  
    cs-uri-query like  
    '%90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39'  
    "
```



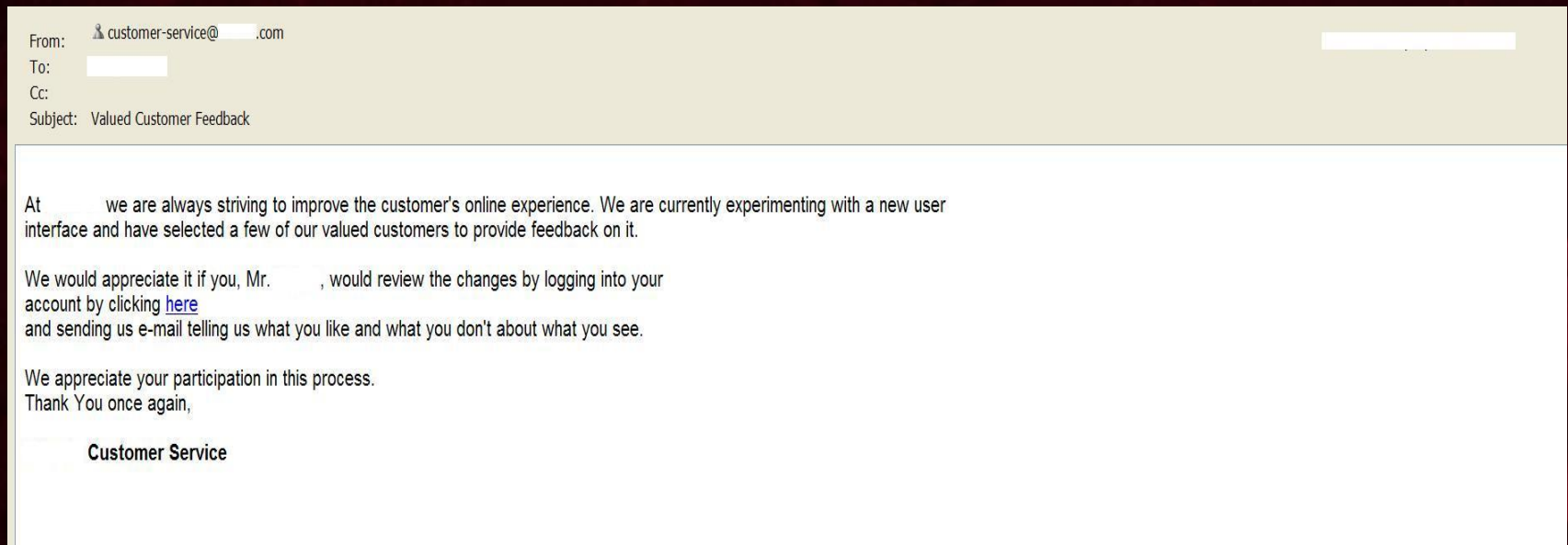
phishme.com

Can You Find The Smoking Gun?

#Fields:time	c-ip	cs-method	cs-uri-stem	cs-uri-query	Status
1:18:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
1:23:16	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
1:28:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
.
.
13:53:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
13:58:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
14:03:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
14:07:23	172.16.14.166	POST	/login.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
14:07:54	172.16.14.166	POST	/account.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
14:08:15	172.16.22.33	POST	/execute.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200
14:10:09	172.16.22.33	POST	/confirm.asp	sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39	200

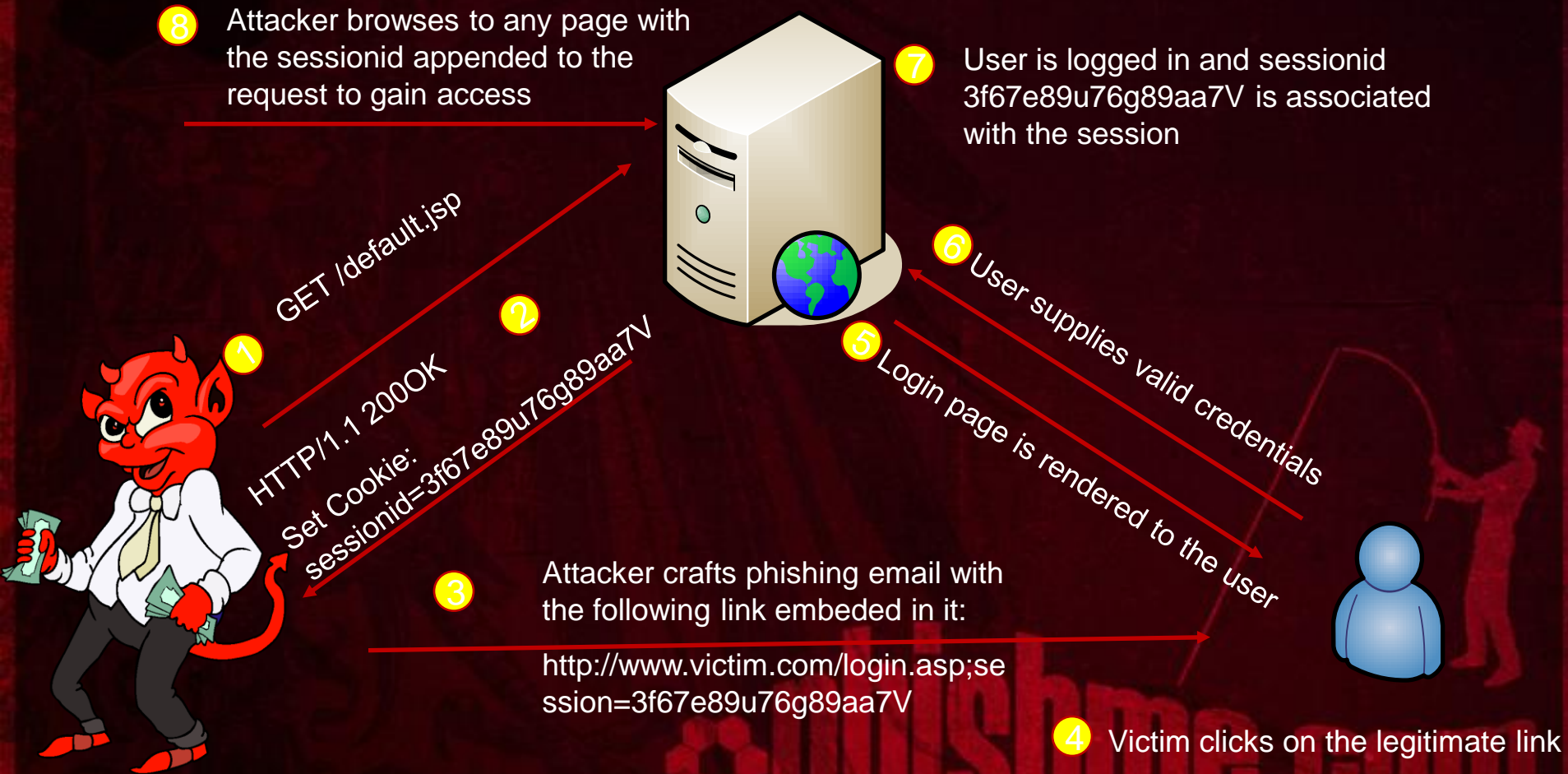
Phishing?

- No indications of key logging trojans, malware, viruses, etc. were found on the victim's computer.
- Look what we found in the archived .pst file:

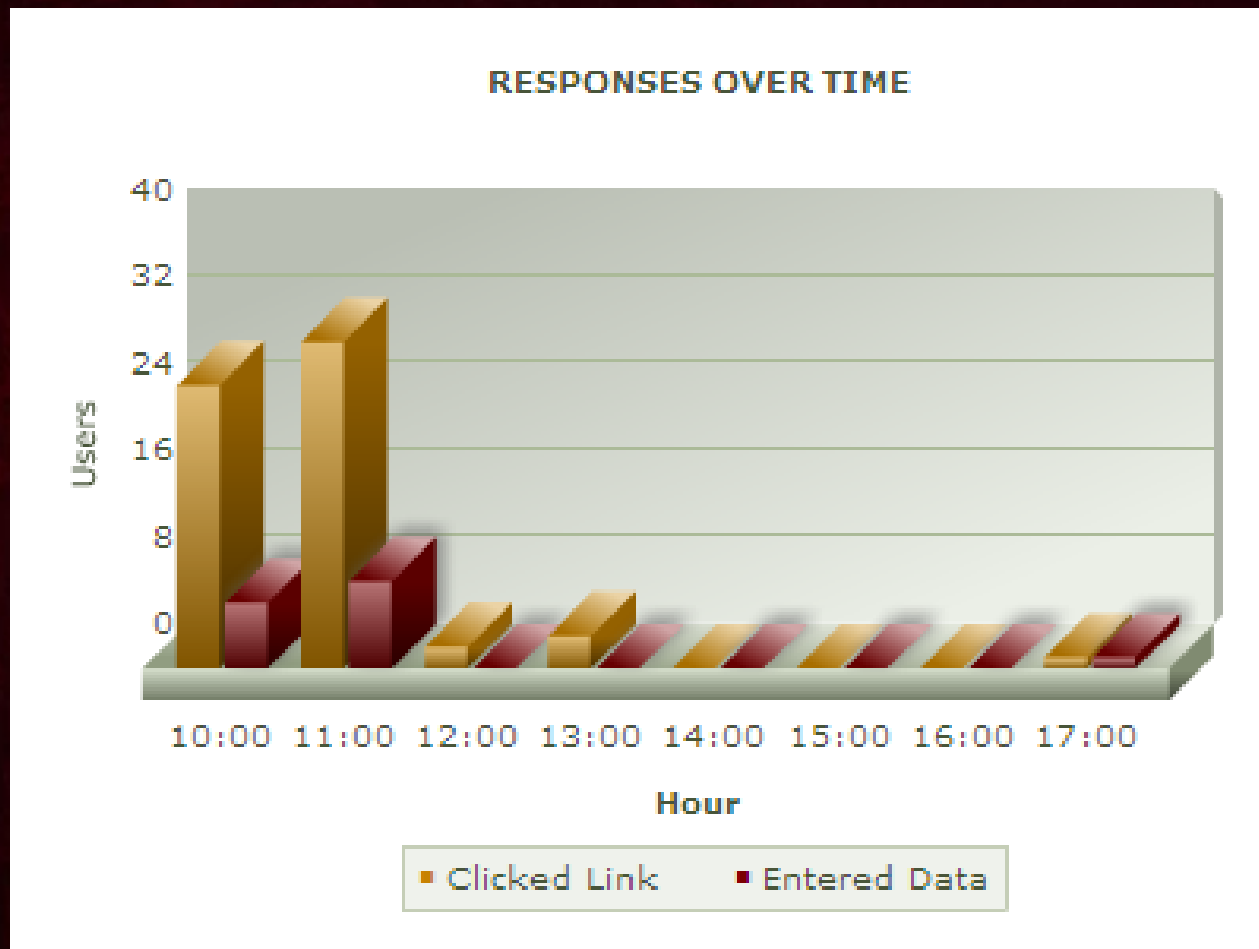


URL: <https://www.xyzbrokerage.com/login.asp?sessionid=90198e1525e4b03797f833ff4320af39>

Session Fixation



Why Reactive Technologies Fail...



Thank You



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