

Bot or Not?

Mitigating Automated Threats to Web Applications

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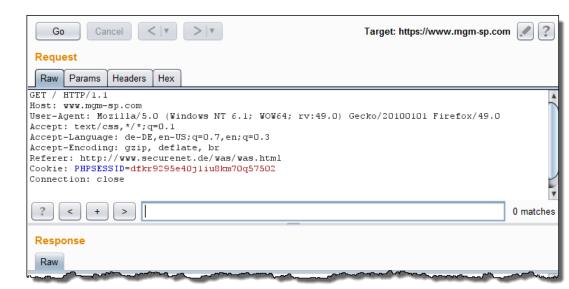
about: me

- IT Security Consultant @ mgm (Software House)
- me:= mgm security partners
 - security support for web development teams
 - seminars & trainings
 - security audits
 - security workshops
 - product & market analyses
 - penetration testing



Background: Automation in the Web

- web communication = requests + responses
- stateless HTTP allows uncontrolled repetitions of previous requests





Background: Automation in the Web

- practical
 - easily expandable
 - more robust / fail safe than stateful communication
 - business logic scalable & movable (see Angular, React, ...)
- problematic
 - (in-)secure workflows
 - control-flow integrity
 - automated actions



Threats by Automation

- registration
 - e.g. email accounts for spammers, newsletters, username enumeration
- login
 - e.g. password brute-forcing, user lock-out
- password reset
 - e.g. email flooding, username enumeration
- parameterized search queries
 - data harvesting



Detection

- depends on feature logic
- approaches
 - detect massive requests from same IP
 - requires threshold → evade by spreading
 - generate client fingerprint to identify source
 - no fingerprint → suspicious
 - spoofed fingerprints → sanity check
 - device cookies
 - require authentication (login) before granting access
 - protect registration & login



Countermeasures: Theory

- CAPTCHAs
- additional knowledge
- tarpit
- SMS TANs
- proof-of-work systems
- IP locks
- user locks



Countermeasures: Practice

Countermeasure	Practical Issues		
CAPTCHAs	annoying, bad usability, breakable		
additional knowledge	annoying		
tarpit	susceptible to DoS attacks, temporary user lockout		
SMS TANs	automated triggers		
proof-of-work systems	hard to scale		
IP locks	false positives / collateral damage if NAT		
user locks	massive user-lock out		



Countermeasures: Applicability

Functionality	Appropriate Detection	Applicable Anti-Automation	Unsuitable Approaches
Registration	Client IP, Client Fingerprint	CAPTCHA, Proof-of-Work, IP Locks	Additional Knowledge, Tarpit, SMS TAN, User Locks
Password Reset	Client IP, Client Fingerprint, Device Cookie	CAPTCHA, Additional Knowledge, SMS TAN, Proof-of-Work, IP Locks	Tarpit, User Locks
Login	Client IP, Client Fingerprint, Device Cookie	Additional Knowledge, Tarpit, SMS TAN, Proof-of-Work, IP Locks, User Locks	САРТСНА
Contact Form	Client IP, Client Fingerprint (Device Cookie, Authentication)	CAPTCHA, Proof-of-Work, IP Locks	Additional Knowledge, Tarpit, SMS TAN, User Locks
Newsletter Registration	Client IP, Client Fingerprint, Device Cookie (Authentication)	CAPTCHA, Proof-of-Work, IP Locks	Additional Knowledge, Tarpit, SMS TAN, User Locks
Parameterized Search Queries	Client IP, Client Fingerprint, Device Cookie, Authentication	Proof-of-Work, IP Locks	CAPTCHA, Additional Knowledge, Tarpit, SMS TAN, User Locks



Conclusion

- open issues
 - how to protect machine-2-machine APIs?
 - how to distinguish competitors from Google?
 - e.g. prevent automatic price analysis by competitors vs give Google crawler access to portfolio
- user acceptance still the biggest problem
- awareness during development processes often low