



Software Security Goes Mobile

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CTO, Fortify Products

HP Enterprise Security

July 12, 2012



Motivation

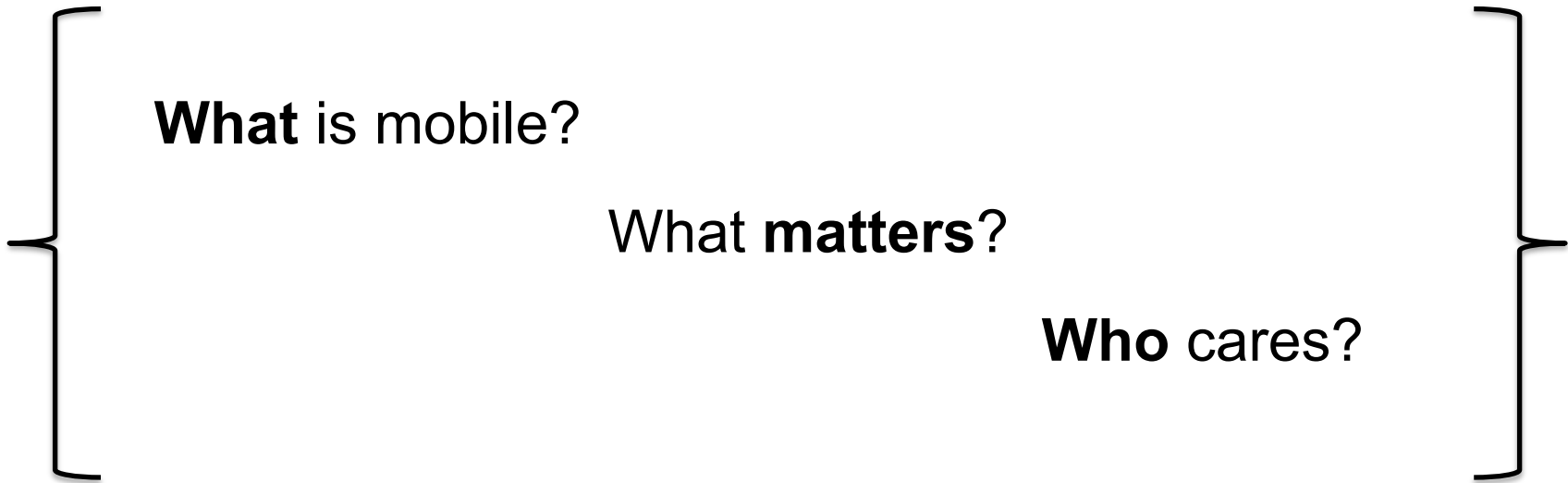


Redefining the phone and the computer

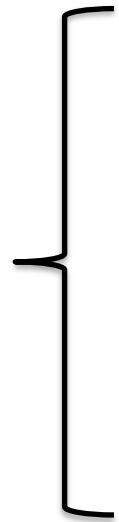
Money: Beyond ringtones and 99¢ games



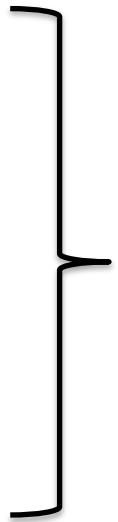
Landscape



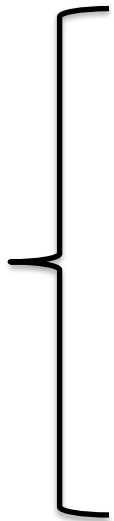
Mobile Threats



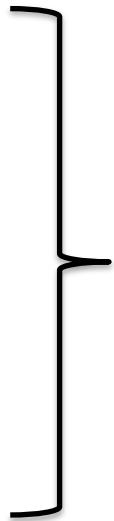
Seven ways to
hang yourself
with **Google Android**



Parting Thoughts



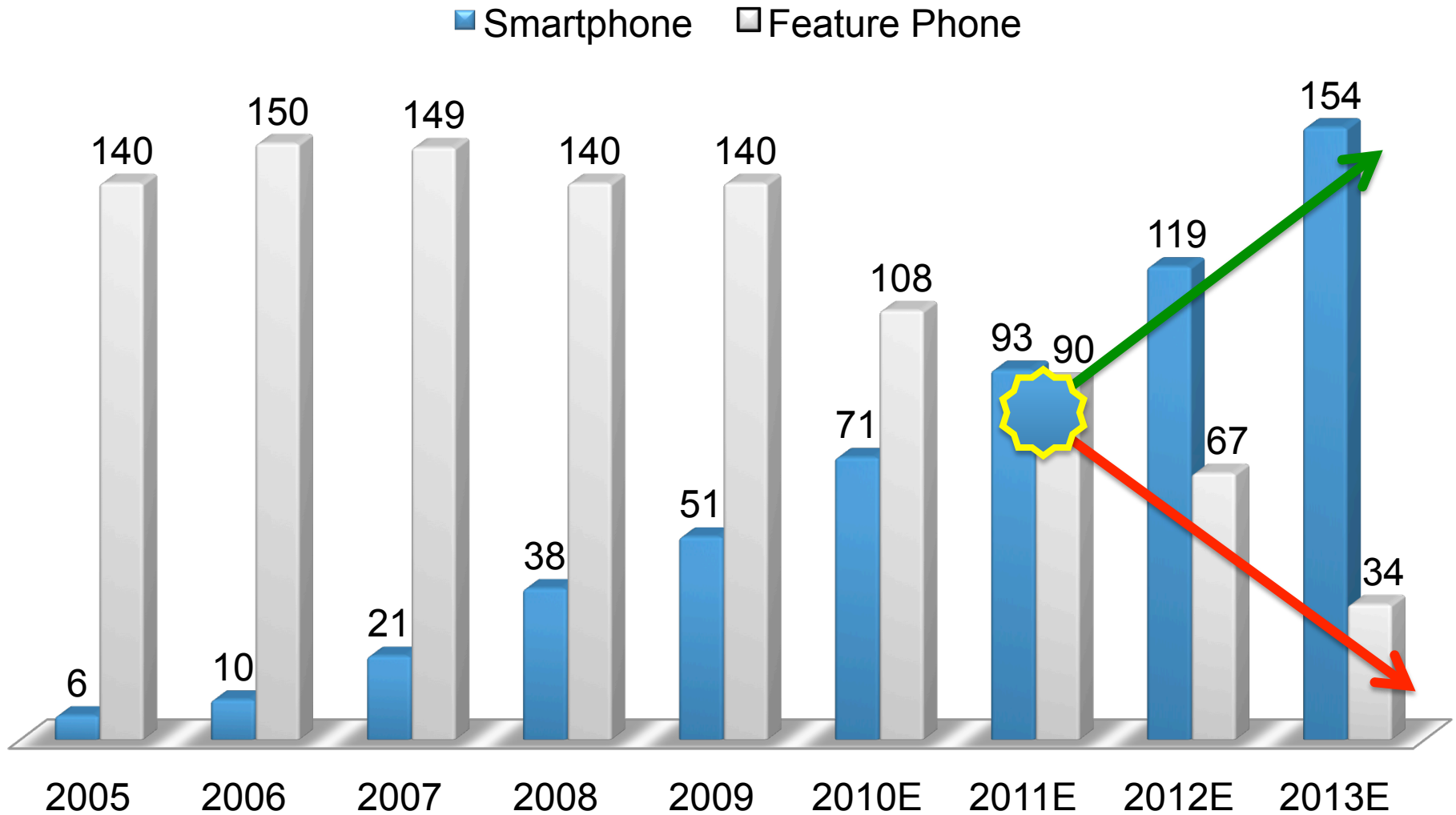
Questions you can ask
to begin **improving** your
mobile security today



Motivation



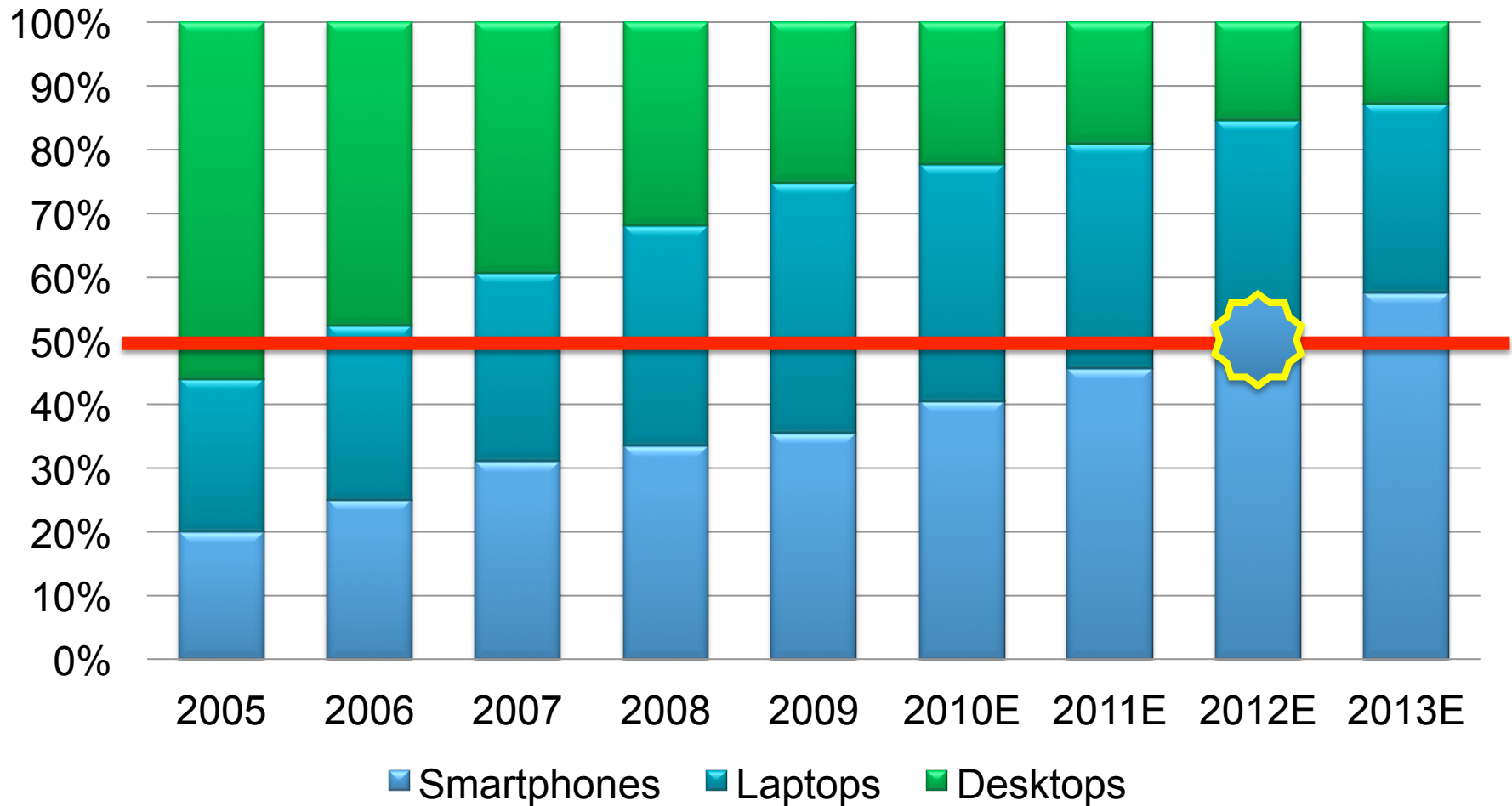
Smartphones > Feature Phones



Source: Morgan Stanley Research



Smartphones > PCs



Source: Morgan Stanley Research



Page View in the Rise



?



1/2



2



3 1/2



6 1/2

Source: Morgan Stanley Research



Smartphones Serve As Pocket PCs and Extend Desktop Experience

81%
Browsed the internet

Smartphone Activities Within Past Week
(Excluding Calls)

77%
Used a search engine

68%
Used an App

48%
Watch videos

Source: The Mobile Movement Study, Google/ Ipsos OTX MediaCT, Apr 2011

Base: Smartphone Users (5013).

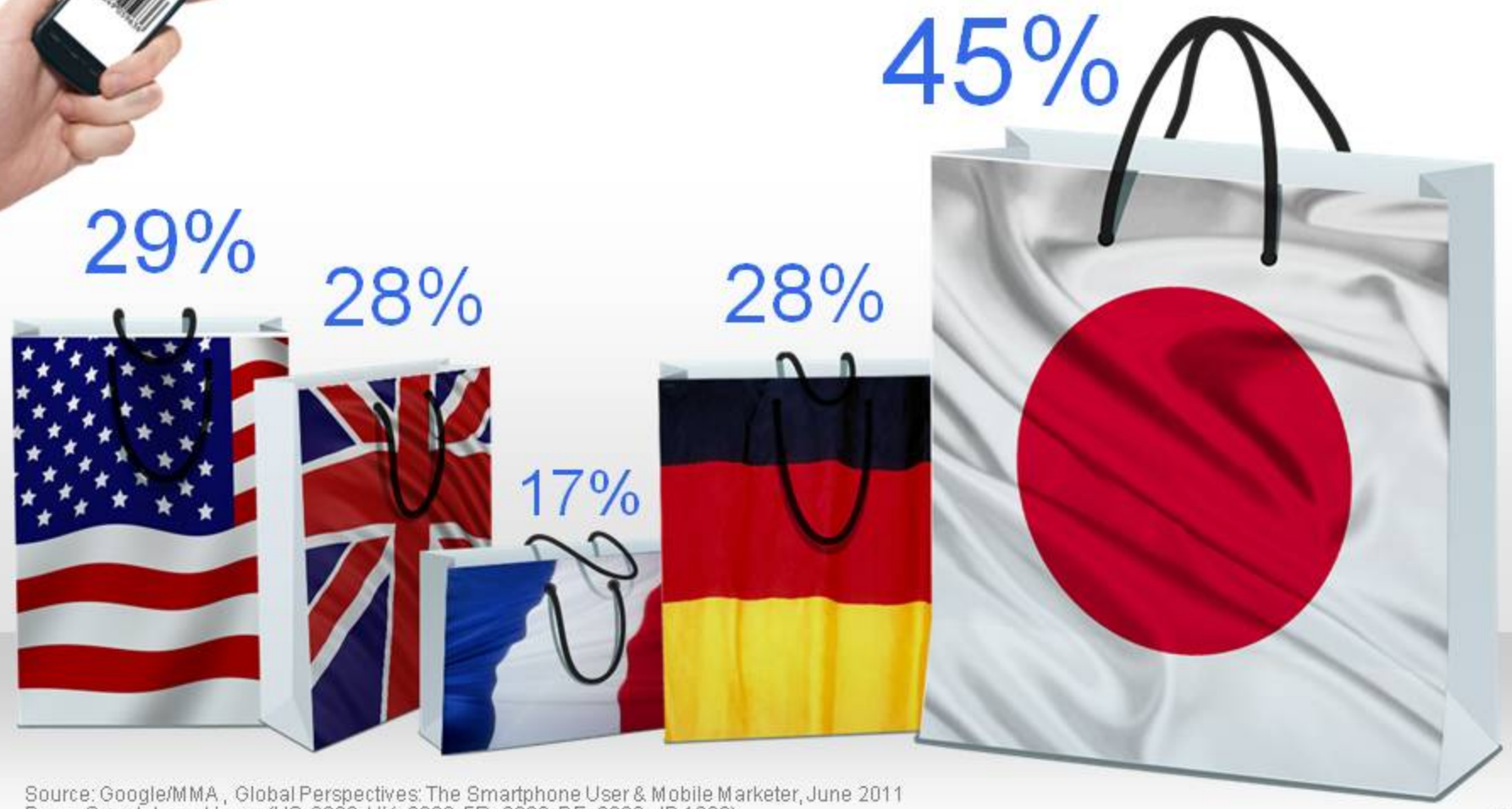
Q. Aside from making or receiving calls, which of the following activities, if any, have you done on your smartphone in the past week?

thinkmobile
with Google

Mobile is an Emerging Point of Purchase



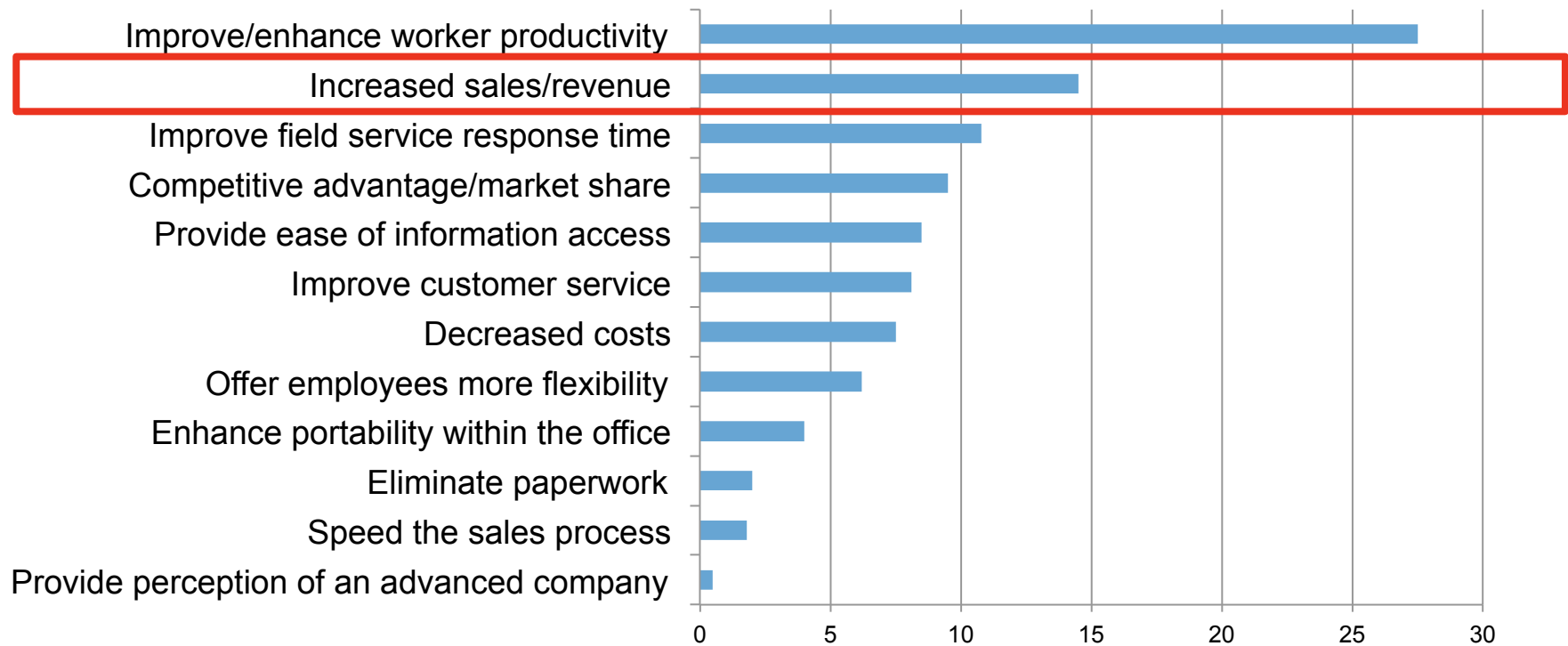
Have Purchased on Smartphone



Source: Google/MMA, Global Perspectives: The Smartphone User & Mobile Marketer, June 2011
Base: Smartphone Users (US: 6000; UK: 2000; FR: 2000; DE: 2000; JP:1000).
Q. Have you ever purchased a product or service over the Internet on your smartphone?

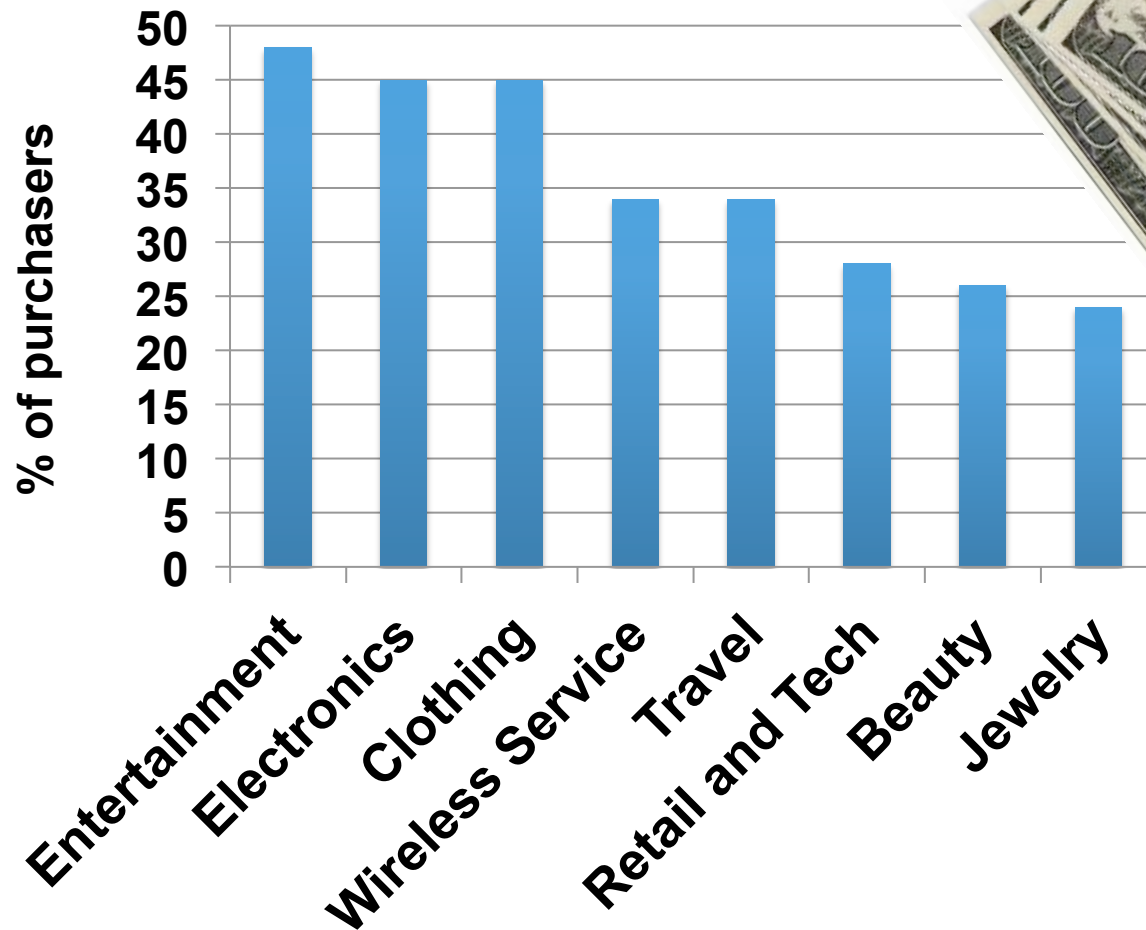
Mobile Opportunities

Please select the most important benefit that your organization ultimately expects to gain from current or future mobile solutions deployments (whether or not you are currently receiving those benefits)



N = 600, Source: IDC's Mobile Enterprise Software Survey (2011)

Mobile Purchasers



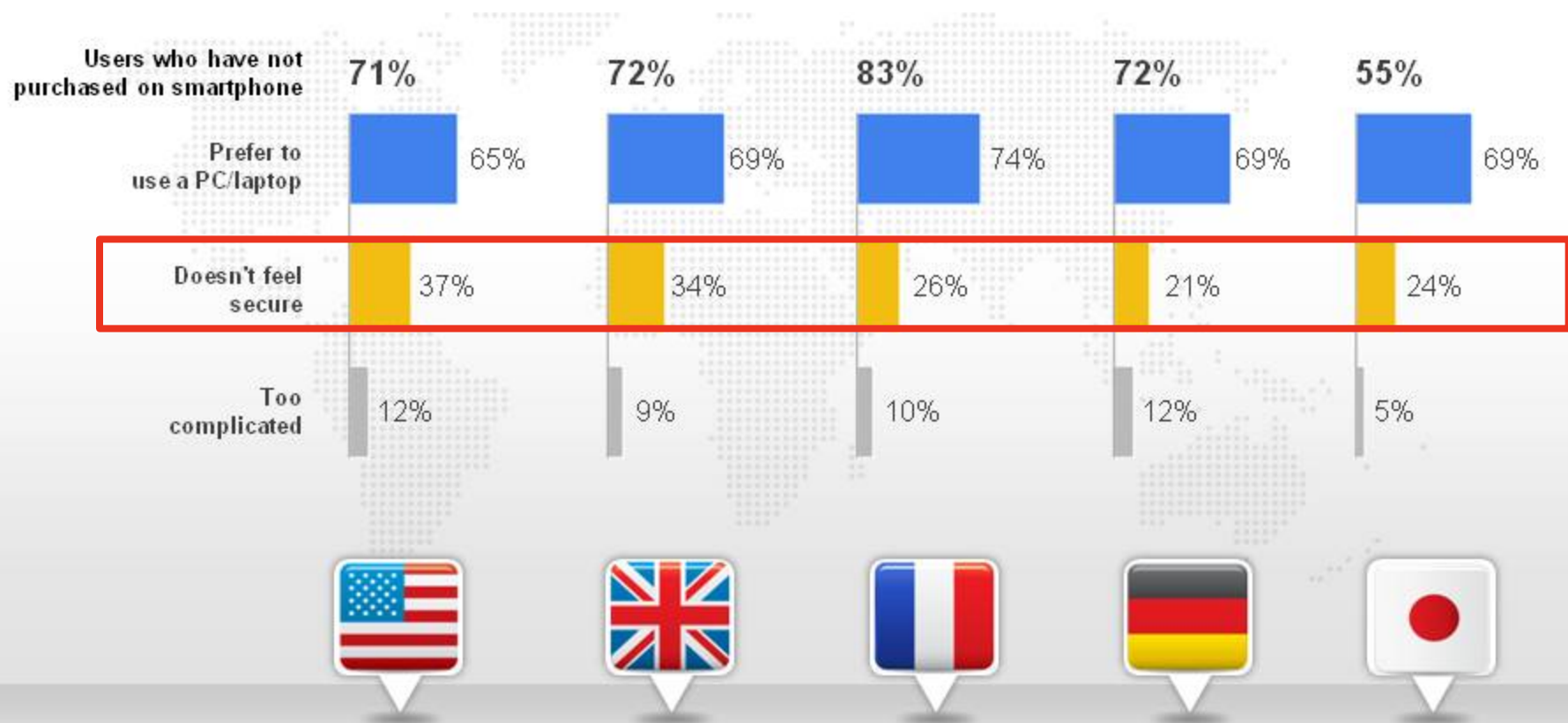
**\$300/year
per user**

Source: Google The Mobile Movement Study



Why Mobile Users Don't Buy

- Security is #2 reason to avoid purchases



Source: Google/MMA, Global Perspectives: The Smartphone User & Mobile Marketer, June 2011
Base: Smartphone Users (US: 6000; UK: 2000; FR: 2000; DE: 2000; JP: 1000).
Base: Smartphone Users Who Have Not Made a Purchase on Device (US: 4444; UK: 1559; FR: 1653; DE: 1442; JP: 554).
Q. Why have you not made a purchase using your smartphone?

Mobile Landscape



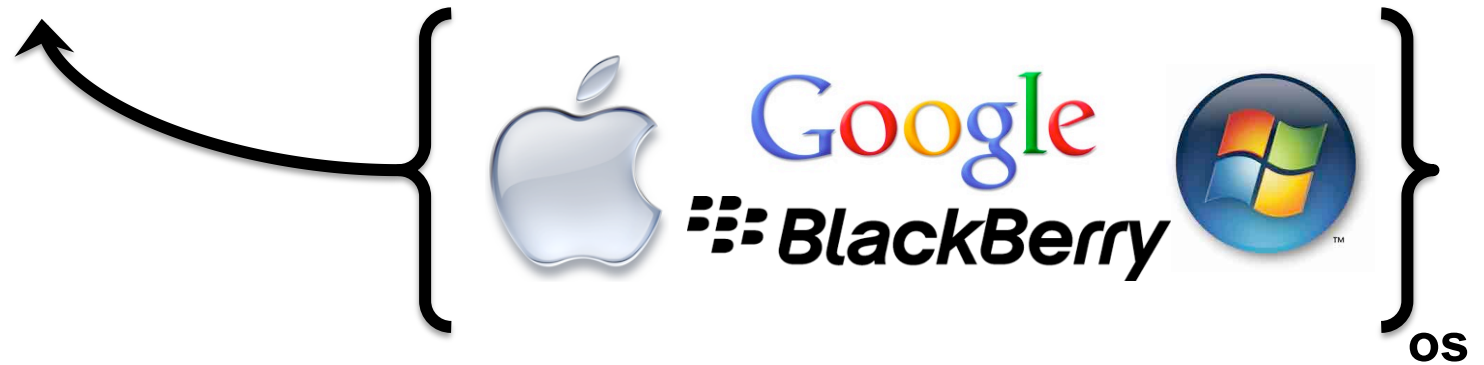
What is Mobile?



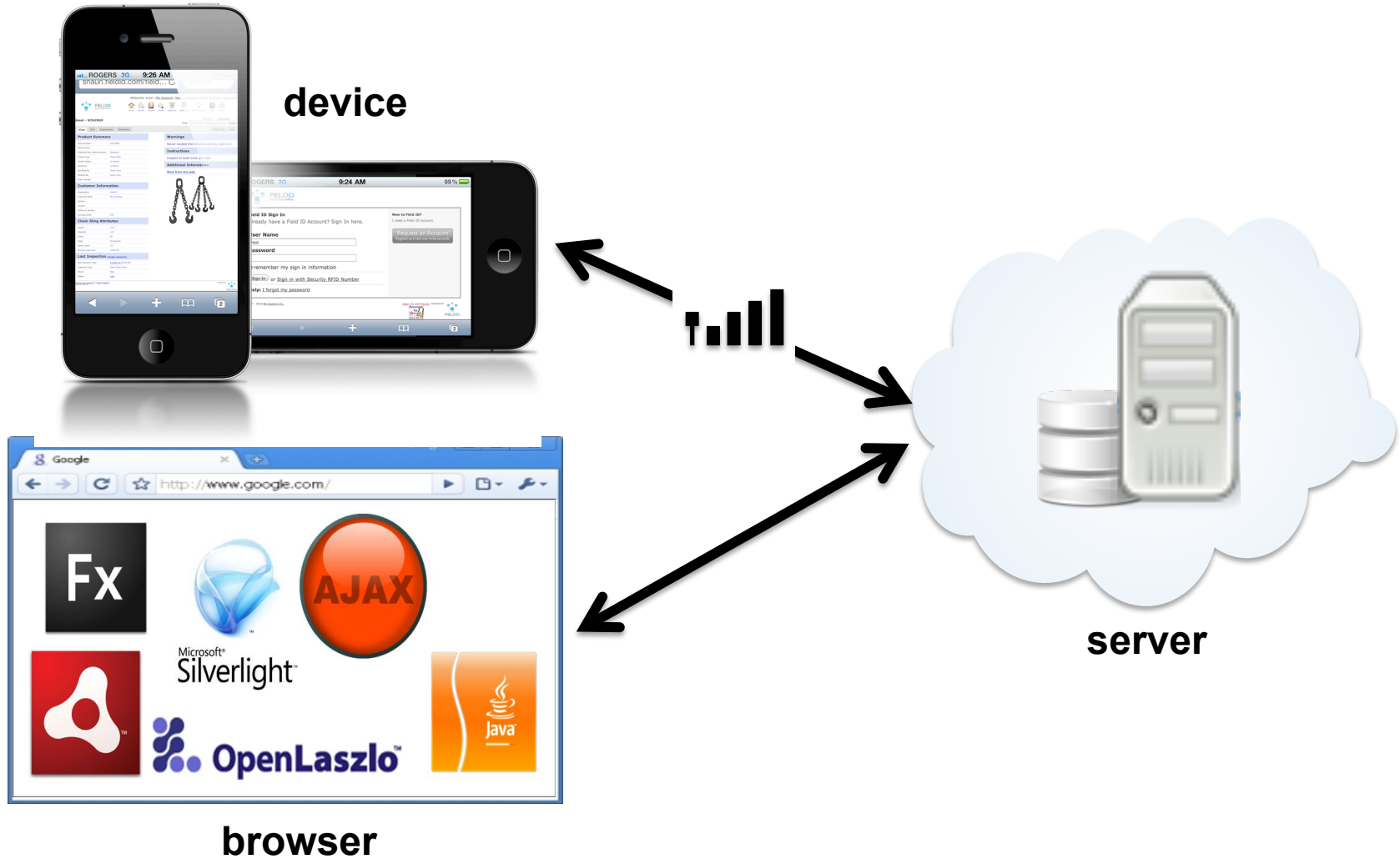
device



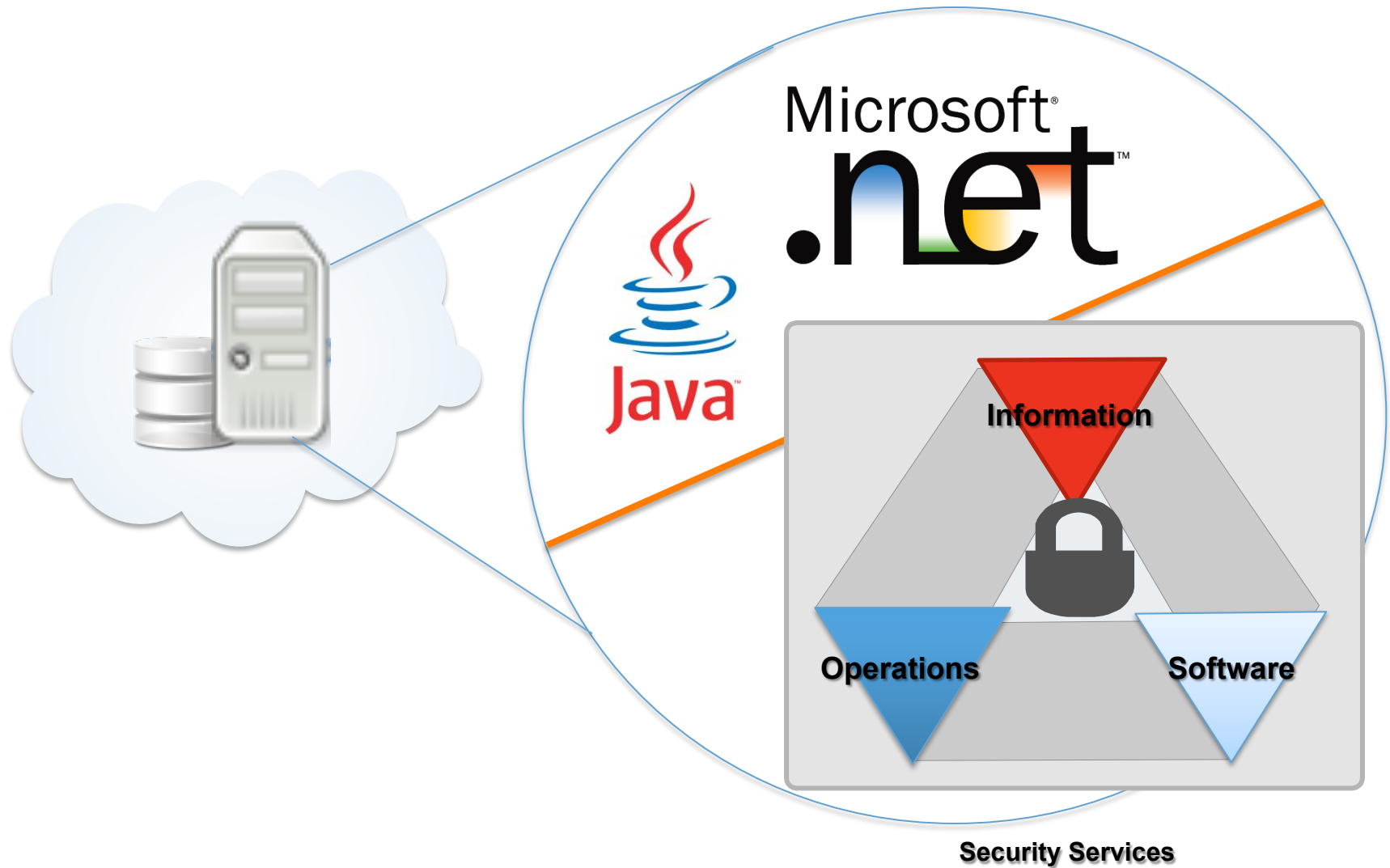
server



Familiar Model



Same Ol' Server



Client-Side Persistence



- Local data persistence
- Similar to HTML 5
- Invisible to users and always available

Mobile OS



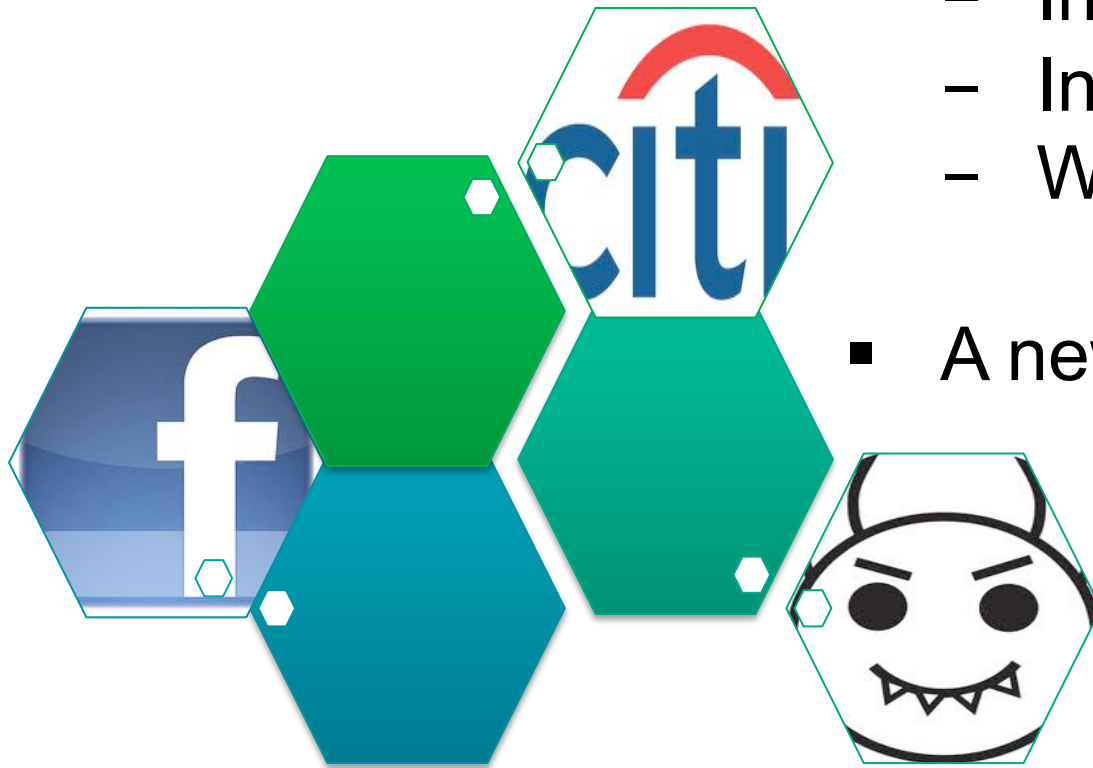
Google

 **BlackBerry**



- Benefit of hindsight
- Security features
 - Read-only stack
 - Data encryption
 - Permissions
- Confusing
 - Wait, permissions?

Can't We All Get Along?



- Formal communication
 - Inter-application
 - Intra-application
 - With the OS
- A new trust boundary

What Matters?

Old

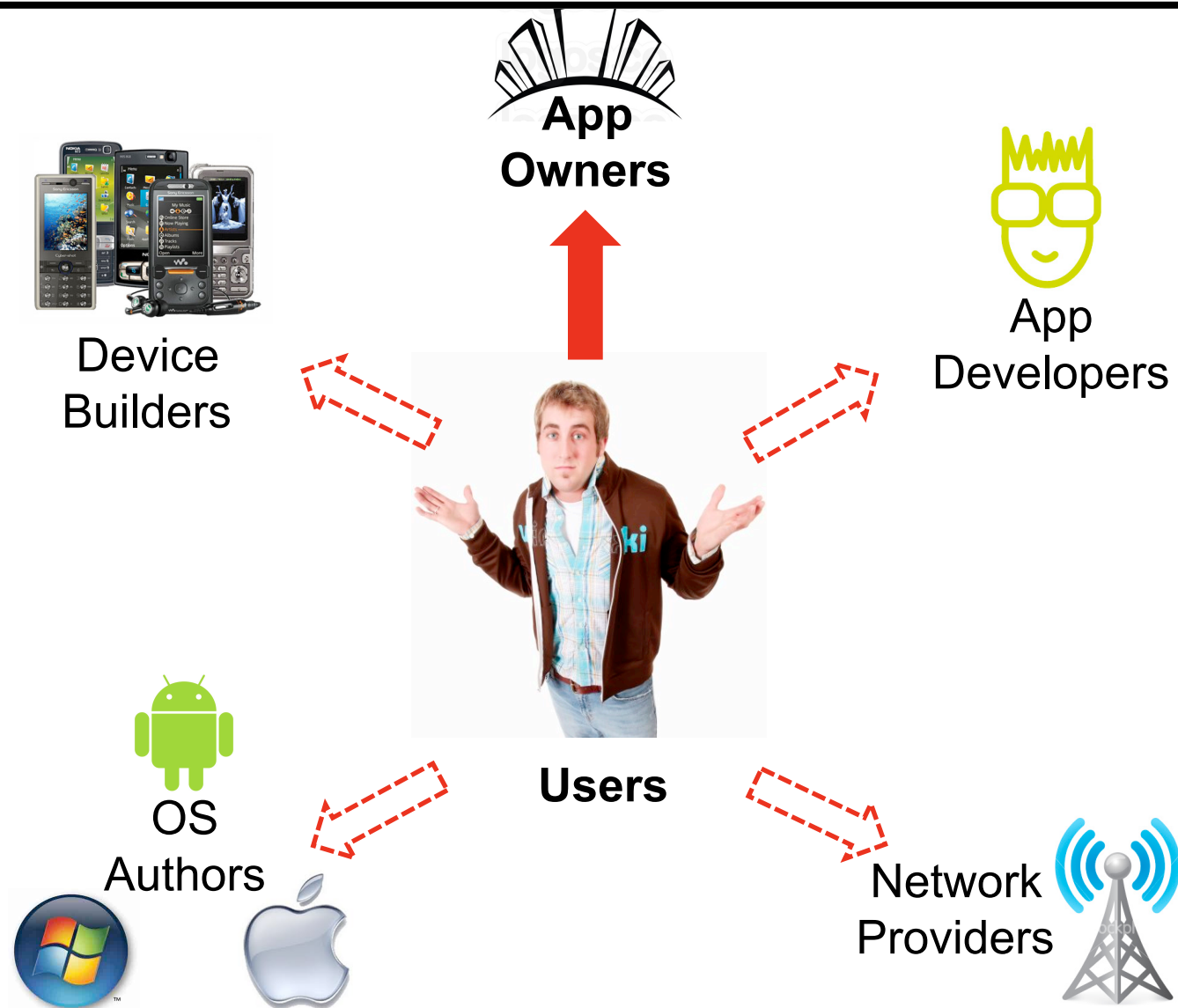
- Handling sensitive user and app data
- Environment and configuration
- Standbys like XSS and SQL injection

New

- Local storage (e.g. SD card)
- Communication (SMS, MMS, GPS)
- Security features (Privileges, crypto)



Who Cares?



Mobile Threats



Google Android Vulnerabilities

1 Intent Hijacking

2 Intent Spoofing

3 Sticky Broadcast Tampering

4 Insecure Storage

5 Insecure Network Communication

6 SQL Injection

7 Promiscuous Privileges



Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking

Intent Spoofing

Sticky
Broadcast
Tampering

Insecure
Storage

Insecure
Network
Communication

SQL Injection

Promiscuous
Privileges

Description: Malicious app intercepts an intent bound for another app to compromise data or alter behavior

Cause: Implicit intents (do not require strong permissions to receive)

Fix: **Explicit intents and receiver permissions**



Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking

Intent Spoofing

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Privileges

IMDb App

Showtime
Search



Implicit Intent
Action: *willUpdateShowtimes*

Results UI

Handles Actions:
willUpdateShowtimes,
showtimesNoLocationError

Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking

Intent Spoofing

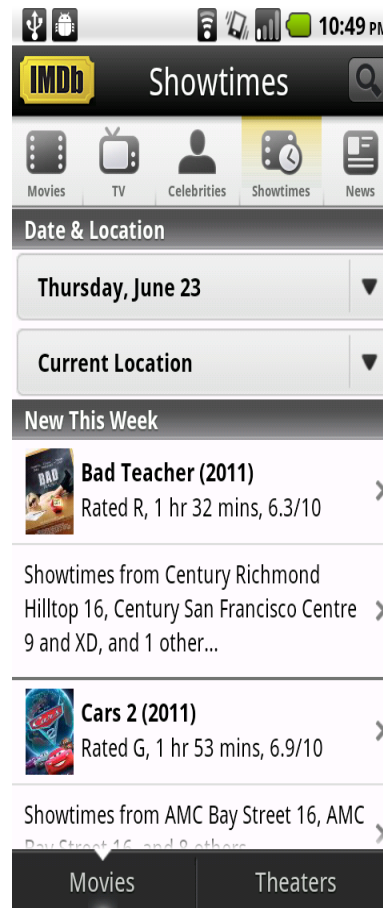
Sticky Broadcast Tampering

Insecure Storage

Insecure Network Communication

SQL Injection

Promiscuous Privileges



Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking

Intent Spoofing

Sticky Broadcast Tampering

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IMDb App

Showtime Search



Implicit Intent
Action: *willUpdateShowtimes*

Results UI

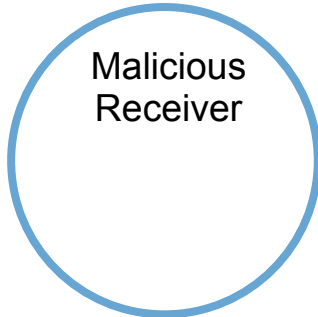


Handles Actions:
willUpdateShowtimes,
showtimesNoLocationError

Eavesdropping App



Malicious Receiver



Handles Actions:
willUpdateShowtimes,
showtimesNoLocationError



Google Android Vulnerabilities

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SQL Injection

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Privileges

Description: Malicious app spoofs a legitimate intent to inject data or alter behavior

Cause: Public components (necessary to receive implicit intents)

Fix: **Explicit intents and receiver permissions**
Sensitive operations in private components



Google Android Vulnerabilities

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Spoofing App



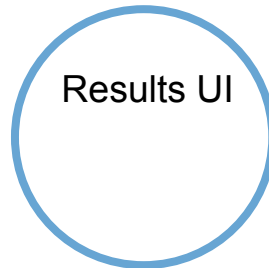
Action: *showtimesNoLocationError*



IMDb App



Showtime Search



Results UI

Handles Actions:
willUpdateShowtimes,
showtimesNoLocationError

Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking

Intent Spoofing

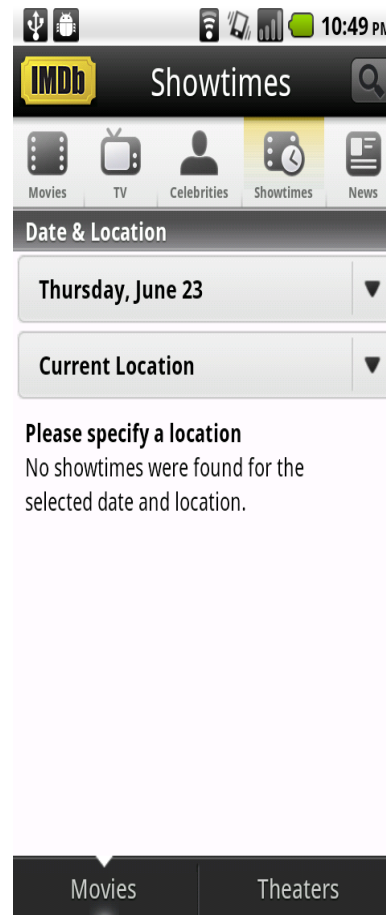
Sticky Broadcast Tampering

Insecure Storage

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Intent Hijacking

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Description: Persistent intents can be accessed and removed by malicious apps

Cause: BROADCAST_STICKY allows to full access to any sticky broadcasts

Fix: **Explicit, non-sticky broadcasts and receiver permissions**



Google Android Vulnerabilities

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Sticky Broadcasts (intents)

SB1



SB2



SB3



Malicious App

Requests
BROADCAST_STICKY
Permission



Victim App

Receiver
(expects SB2)

Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking

Intent Spoofing

Sticky
Broadcast
Tampering

**Insecure
Storage**

Insecure
Network
Communication

SQL Injection

Promiscuous
Privileges

Description: Local storage visible to attackers and can compromise sensitive data

Cause: Local files are world-readable and persist

Fix: Use SQLite or internal storage for private data

Encrypt the data (keep keys off the SD)



Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking

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Sticky
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Tampering

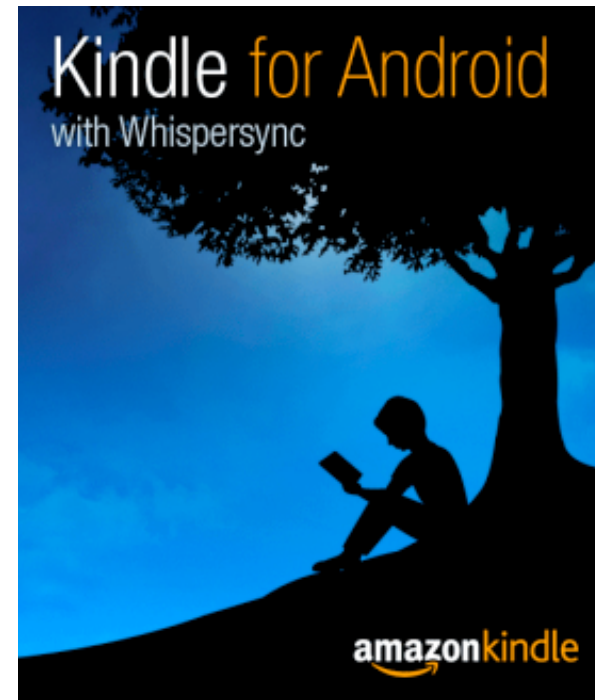
Insecure
Storage

Insecure
Network
Communication

SQL Injection

Promiscuous
Privileges

- Kindle app saves e-books (.mbp and .prc) in a folder on the SD card
 - Depending on DRM, accessible to other apps
 - Saves covers of books (privacy violation)
 - Folder is retained after uninstall of app



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Description: Unencrypted channels can be intercepted by attackers sniffing network

Cause: Non-HTTPS WebView connections

Fix: Send sensitive data only over encrypted channels



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Privileges



Twitter: Tweets are sent in the clear

```
Follow TCP Stream
Stream Content
POST /1/statuses/update.json?status=Somehow%20I%27m%20thirstier%20after%20juice%20social%
20hour.&lat=37.87547546&long=-122.25871363000002 HTTP/1.1
Accept-Encoding: gzip
Content-Length: 0
Host: api.twitter.com
Connection: Keep-Alive
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

<https://freedom-to-tinker.com/blog/dwallach/things-overheard-wifi-my-android-smartphone>



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Facebook: Despite 'fully encrypted' option on the Web, mobile app sends in the clear

```
Follow TCP Stream
Stream Content
[11584 bytes missing in capture file]file-ak-snc4
\41476_700075_8811_q.jpg", "cell":null, "other_phone":null, "contact_email":
ard\u0040gmail.com"},
{"uid":700719, "first_name": last_name": pic_square": "https://fbcdn-
profile-a.akamaihd.net/hprofile-ak-snc4
\41538_700719_ .jpg", "cell":null, "other_phone":null, "contact_email":
\u0040alum.mit.edu"},
```



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SQL Injection

Promiscuous
Privileges

Description: Malicious users alter or view (query string injection) database records

Cause: Untrusted data used to construct a SQL query or clause

Fix: Parameterized queries



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```
c = invoicesDB.query(  
    Uri.parse(invoices),  
    columns,  
    "productCategory = '" +  
        productCategory + "' and  
    customerId = '" + customerId + "'",  
    null, null, null,  
    "" + sortColumn + "",  
    null  
);
```



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productCategory = Fax Machines

customerID = 12345678

sortColumn = price

Select * from invoices

where productCategory = 'Fax Machines'

and customerID = '12345678'

order by 'price'



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```
productCategory = 'Fax Machines' or productCategory = \"
customerID = 12345678
sortColumn = \" order by 'price
```

```
select * from invoices
where productCategory = 'Fax Machines'
orproductCategory = " ;
and customerID = ' 12345678 ' order by "
order by 'price'
```



Google Android Vulnerabilities

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```
c = invoicesDB.query(  
    Uri.parse(invoices),  
    columns,  
    "productCategory = ? and customerID = ?",  
    {productCategory, customerID},  
    null,  
    null,  
    "sortColumn = ?",  
    sortColumn  
);
```



Google Android Vulnerabilities

Intent Hijacking

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SQL Injection

Promiscuous
Privileges

Description: Extra permissions permit privilege escalation and desensitizes users

Cause: Deputies,
Artifacts from testing,
Confusion (inaccurate/incomplete resources)

Fix: Identify unnecessary permissions



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User App

Does NOT need CAMERA permission

Wants Picture



Implicit Intent
Action:
IMAGE_CAPTURE

Camera App

Needs CAMERA permission

Takes
Picture

Handles Action:
IMAGE_CAPTURE



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■ Third hit on Google search

3 Answers

active

oldest

votes

▲ It broadcasts whenever you connect or disconnect from Wifi, in other words, Wifi State.

8

You can do it using the following intent-filters:

- android.net.wifi.WIFI_STATE_CHANGED

- action android:name="android.net.wifi.STATE_CHANGE

- android.net.wifi.suplicant.CONNECTION_CHANGE



Which needs the following permission:

- uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_WIFI_STATE"

Not true for android.net.wifi.STATE_CHANGE

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/2676044/broadcast-intent-when-network-state-has-changed>



Empirical Results: DEFCON '11

Vulnerability Type	% of Apps
1. Intent Hijacking	50%
2. Intent Spoofing	40%
3. Sticky Broadcast Tampering	6%
4. Insecure Storage	28%
5. Insecure Communication	N/A
6. SQL Injection	17%
7. Promiscuous Privileges	31%



Bonus: iGoat

- iGoat 1.0 documents 5 vulnerabilities
 - We find 15+
- iGoat 1.2 documents 7 vulnerabilities
 - We find 20+



iGoat
bahhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhhh

Parting Thoughts



What Questions to Ask?

- What do your apps do and for whom?
- What platform(s) do your apps support and how?
- Who develops your apps and where?
- Is there an existing SDL for other development?
- Do you rely on platform providers or app distributors for any security assurance?
- Are mobile apps prompting back-end changes?
- Are your apps appropriately permissioned?





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